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Maxham & Wing

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Waterville Mail.

VOL. XXV. WATERVILLE, MAINE . . . . . FRIDAY, MARCH 29, 1872. NO. 40.

MISCELLANY.

WILT THOU LOVE HER STILL?

WILT thou love her still, when the sunny curls
That over her bosom flow,
Will be laced with the silver threads of age,
And her step falls sad and slow?
Wilt thou love her still when the Summer's smiles
On her lips no longer live?
"I will love her still,
With right good will!"
Thou wilt love her still? then our cherished one
To thy sheltering arms we give.

Wilt thou love her still, when her changeful eyes
Have grown dim with sorrow's rain?
When the bosom that beats against thine own,
Throbs slow with the weight of pain?
When her silvery laugh rings out no more,
And vanish her youthful charms?
"With free good will,
I will love her still!"
Thou wilt love her still? then our dearest one
We give to thy loving arms.

Remember no grief has she ever known,
Her spirit is light and free;
None other, with falterless step, has prest
Its innermost shades but *thee*!
Then wilt thou love her still, when the thoughts of youth
In their blushing bloom depart?
"Through good and ill,
I will love her still!"
Thou wilt love her still? then our darling take
To the joy of thy noble heart!

Remember, for *thee* does she smiling leave
The friends of her early days—
No longer to meet their approving looks,
Nor their fond, unfeigned praise.
Forgive her, then, if the tears fall fast,
And promise to love her well.
"I will love her still,
With right good will!"
Thou wilt love her still? then with peaceful trust
We our sobbing sorrows quell.

When her father is dead, and the emerald sod
Lies soft on her mother's breast;
When her brother's voice is no longer heard,
And her sister's hushed to rest—
Wilt thou love her still? for to *thee* she looks,
Her star on life's troubled sea!
"I will love her still,
Through good and ill!"
With marriage vow on her youthful lip,
Then, we give our child to thee!

REUBEN'S IDEAL.

Hillside farm was without a mistress. Why a man like Reuben Golding who, as the gossips declared, "might have his pick among the girls for twenty miles around," should live to the age of thirty-five without taking a wife, was a fact that sorely puzzled the people of Newton.

"It must be dreadful lonely for him in that big house," sighed all the good mothers of marriagable daughters.

"Reuben's a smart fellow; forehanded too. There ain't a better farm than his anywhere else in the county," chorused the practical, far-seeing papas.

"He has too high notions ever to marry any girl round here!" said other young farmers whose blooming brides had faded into weary, careworn housekeeps. And that Reuben Golding would go through the woods and bring home a crooked stick at last, was the unanimous verdict of the Newton portion of that class that rejoices in the happy appellation of "anxious and aimless."

Old Deacon Golding's heart had been set on his son's becoming a minister, and he had not spared money in trying to carry out this plan.

"Because I've cleared stun' from a farm all my life like my father before me, is no sign Reuben should do so," stoutly maintained the Deacon in defiance of his neighbors' expressed opinion that the only son should follow his father's calling and not allow the Hillside property to pass out of the Golding family.

But the idea of a profession was distasteful to Reuben, and after his father's death he abandoned his studies for the employment that seemed to offer the most healthful freedom, and found in the care of his farm not only active work for both mind and body, but also leisure for quiet thought and study. So far as material comforts were concerned, the superior housekeeping of Widow Jackson, who had lived at Hillside since the death of Reuben's mother, left him nothing further to desire; and for society, he had his only sister Alice. But after a few years, Alice married and went to her husband's home in a distant Western city.

"I s'pose the next thing we hear, Reuben, *you'll* be steppin' off," said the Widow Jackson, the morning after the weding, as she came to the front door to look at the stage drive away with the happy pair, and to throw an old shoe after the bride for good luck.

"Time enough yet!" was the laughing reply, and the young man lazily tipped back his chair on the cool vine-shaded porch, and watched the dancing shadows of the leaves upon the grass. "Independence forever, Mrs. Jackson!"

"Humph! you'll sing a different tune one of these days, or I'll miss my guess. I've heard people talk before now," and widow Jackson began a vigorous putting to rights of the scattered articles in the hall.

"Better begin the tune for me," called out Reuben.

"Would if I was twenty years younger," retorted the old lady rather tartly as she retreated into the kitchen.

"Time enough yet," seemed indeed to be Reuben's motto in the affair of matrimony, and as the years rolled on, he began to be regarded by his friends as a confirmed old bachelor.

Had he, then, "high notions," as his acquaintances affirmed?

"I shall never find her," was his inward thought. "This bright, earnest, sweet-faced woman, possessing qualities of mind and soul that make her a companion in the highest sense of the term. Having a noble ideal, is it not weak to accept a lower? Happiness at the expense of the soul's growth costs too much. I will plod on alone contentedly."

But the rare flower for which we search eagerly over and beyond our path, may all the while be blossoming under our feet, and this truth was Reuben about to realize.

What sudden influence had compelled him, we shall probably never know; but that he had some unusual purpose in mind this fair Sunday morning, was evident from the extra pains bestowed on his toilet, and the frequent ejaculations that escaped his lips.

"To go through life, clinging to an ideal is like trying to satisfy the longing for home with a photograph!" and Reuben concluded this oracular remark with a flourish of the brush as he smoothed his short locks of wavy dark hair. the little old-fashioned looking-glass reflected a cheerful, sensible face, with resolute, keen gray eyes. The face of a man who, as somebody remarks, "had always done his own thinking," and who had, consequently, a large share of what in New England is deemed better than learning—common sense.

It must have been a pleasant purpose that actuated his conduct for he smiled as he murmured: "Will it be selfish to try to win this fair young girl to brighten my home with her apple-blossom face?" The smile died away as the disturbing thought intruded itself. "Perhaps she will not care for the staid grave man, nearly twice her senior." But there was no drawing back from his quiet decision.

After Rueben had resolved to do a thing, it was not his nature to dilly-dally; so late that afternoon, when the swallows were twittering, and faint rose flushes in the sky marked the sun's going down, he harnessed the bay mare to his light buggy, and drove slowly down the mountain road.

"Du tell!" exclaimed Widow Jackson, peering from the dairy window. "What on earth is Reuben Goldin' ridin' off for? Got on his best clothes, too! There ain't no meetin' nor nothin' as I know on, leastways I didn't hear the parson give out any notice this mornin'. P'r'aps he did, though; I'm gittin' a little hard o' hearin' latterly."

Ah, Widow Jackson! the notice of the meeting for which Reuben is bound was given out when the world was new, and there are no ears so dull that they cannot hear it!

The sweet June air was fragrant with clover perfume, and musical with the gurgling melody of bobolinks.

As the farmer's eyes wandered over his broad, beautiful fields, rich with long, green, bristling spears of grass and grain, his heart swelled with honest pride. "Surely it was no bad fate to become mistress of Hillside."

A shout broke in upon his meditations.

"Hello, Reubin, goin' to the village?" and neighbor Cole, jogging slowly homeward with his wife, reined up his horse beside the bay mare.

Now, in order to reach his destination, Reuben was not necessarily obliged to pass through the village, but to avoid the shower of teasing questions sure to follow this confession, he answered carelessly, "Yes; is anything wanted?"

With that delighful inconsequence that distinguishes your Yankee questioner, neighbor Cole replied, "Oh, no! Only thought I'd inquire."

"Good evening, then," said Reuben, coolly, and on trotted the horse, glad as her master to be released.

"Wal, of all close-mouthed critters, Reub. Goldin' is the beateree!" and the discomfited old man whipped up his horses. "I'll bet what you dare, Judith, that he's bound for Jonathan Elder's! If Reub. was a dozen year younger, now, I should think he was after that Hetty Elder."

"Reubin allers set great store by Miss Elder," rejoined the good woman. "She and his mother were great friends, you know. He does go there a sight, but I guess it don't mean nothin'. As for Hetty, what anybody can admire in that pale little quaker is more'n I can tell," and Mrs. Cole was aware of a vague feeling of irritation, as if somehow her own ruddy-cheeked daughter had received a slight.

"No!" exclaimed her husband emphatically. "I don't believe she ever did a day's work in her life! If a girl can't make good bread and cook a biled dinner, she ain't worth much!"

Could Reuben have heard these remarks of the worthy couple, he would have pursued his way as serenely as he was doing, for well he knew that for possession of all sweet domestic, womanly virtues, one might look far and wide and find no one comparable to dear little Hetty Elder.

And when had she not known Reuben! As a child she had been petted by him, and later, as she grew to womanhood, had his thoughtful, brotherly kindness filled her whole life.

What wonder then, that he gradually became the most important person in her little world? He brought books to read to her, assisted her in her studies, interested himself in all her plans, "yet he treats me like a child still!" was Miss Hetty's indignant protest to herself. "However, he shall see!" but whether this was a threat or a promise on her part does not appear at this stage of our story.

Notwithstanding Reuben's frequent visits to the Elder farm-house, it now seemed to him that he arrived there for the first time, and a strange thrill came over him at the sight of Hetty sitting alone by the open window, her slender white-robed figure making a charming picture, framed by the drooping honeysuckles and the climbing roses.

As Reuben entered she threw aside the book whose leaves she had been idly turning, and rose to greet him.

"Father and mother have driven over to the village. They will be glad to see thee."

"And you, Hetty?"

"Oh, I am always glad!" and a faint blush accompanied her frank reply. "Thee is particularly welcome this evening Reuben, for I have something to tell thee. Sit down and wait until I get courage to begin."

Wonderingly, Reuben obeyed; and seeing her color come and go, and the little hands tremble, he said gently. "Take time, Hetty; and when you finish, I, too, have a story to tell."

Wishing to reassure her by not seeming to notice her evident agitation, he stooped down, and picking up the book that had fallen from her lap, glanced carelessly over its pages.

"What have you here? something new?"

The volume bore the unpretending title, "A Woman's Poems."

Reuben read on, listlessly at first, then with increasingly absorbing interest; while Hetty watched him eagerly. At last he exclaimed: "These show more than ordinary ability. The author, whoever she may be, is a true poet!"

In the deepening shadows of twilight, he could not see the bright glow on his companion's face at his words, nor her happy, proud expression. Laying the book on the table, he went over to Hetty's side. "I am growing impatient. If you are not yet ready to talk, will you listen to me?"

And now was Hetty's turn to be surprised. Too happy for speech, she bowed her head, and sat in mute delight and wonder at the unexpected avowal that fell upon her ears; and in his words, forgot her own recital.

When the moonbeams lighted up the low parlor, Jonathan Elder and his wife came in from their drive.

"I suppose," said Jonathan, as he shook hands with Reuben, "Hetty has been telling thee about her book of poems."

This, then, was Hetty's unspoken story. In a flash, the whole truth dawned upon Reuben. He looked quickly around, but she had vanished from the room.

"That is like thee, Pa," placidly reproved motherly Mrs. Elder. "Thee is always putting thy oar in the wrong place. The child will never forgive thee!"

"Thee may think strange, Reuben," she resumed, "not to have been told before; but Hetty is modest about her work, and above all, dreads thy criticism. I think she has a true gift!" concluded Mrs. Elder with a touch of genuine maternal pride.

"She has, indeed!" exclaimed Reuben, warmly. "But I must hear the story from her own lips:" and he hastened in pursuit of the fair runaway.

The flutter of a white dress guided him down the garden path. Reuben paused a few steps from the graceful form waiting to receive him.

"What hope is there, Hetty, for a man who passes half his lifetime in serene self-complacency, and suddenly awakens to a full consciousness of his blindness and stupidity?"

The answer that Hetty gave need not be told; that it was sweet and comforting cannot be doubted, since the next spring-time Hillside Farm had a mistress, and Reuben Golding realized his ideal.

LIFE'S BRIGHTEST HOUR.—Not long since I met a gentleman who is assessed for more than a million. Silver was in his hair, care was upon his brow, and he stooped beneath the burden of wealth. We were speaking of that period of life when we had realized the most perfect enjoyment, or rather, when we had found the happiness nearest to alloyed.

"I'll tell you," said the millionaire, "when was the happiest hour of my life. At the age of one and twenty I had saved up eight hundred dollars. I was earning five hundred dollars a year, and my father did not take it from me. At the age of twenty-two, I had secured a pretty cottage, just outside of the city. I was able to pay two-thirds of the value down, and also to furnish it respectably. I was married on Sunday—a Sunday in June—at my father's house. My wife had come to me poor in purse, but rich in the wealth of her womanhood. The Sabbath and the Sabbath night we passed beneath my father's roof, and on Monday morning I went to my work, leaving my mother and sister to help in preparing my home.

On Monday evening, when the labors of the day were done, I went not to the paternal shelter as in the past, but to my own house—*my own home.* The holy atmosphere of that hour seems to surround me even now in the memory. I opened the door of my cottage and entered. I laid my hat upon the little stand in the hall, and passed on to the kitchen—our kitchen and dining-room, were all one then. I pushed open the door, and was—in heaven! The table was set againt the wall, the evening meal was ready, prepared by the hands of her who had come to be my helpmeet in deed as well as in name, and by the table, with a throbbing, expectant look upon her lovely and loving face, stood my wife. I tried to speak, and I could not. I could only clasp the waiting angel to my bosom, thus showing to her the ecstatic burden of my heart.

The years have passed—long, long years—and worldly wealth has flowed in upon me, and I am honored and envied; but as true as heaven, I would give it all, every dollar, for the joy of the hour of that evening, the long, long ago!"

PRESIDENT LINCOLN'S DREAM.—In his account of the early measure, looking toward reconstruction, in the April Galaxy, ex-Secretary Welles tells this singular story which has heretofore been alluded to:

When I went to the Cabinet meeting on Friday, the 14th of April, General Grant, who had just arrived from Appomattox, was with the President, and one or two members were already there. Congratulations were interchanged, and earnest inquiry was made whether any information had been received from General Sherman. The Secretary of War came late to the meeting, and the telegraph office from which we obtained earliest news was in the War Department. General Grant who was invited to remain, said he was hourly expecting to hear from Sherman, and had a good deal of anxiety on the subject.

The President remarked that the news would come soon and come favorably, he had no doubt, for he had last night his usual dream which had preceded nearly every important event of the war. I inquired the particulars of this remarkable dream. He said it was in my department—it related to the water; that he seemed to be in a singular and indescribable vessel, but always the same, and that he was moving with great rapidity toward a dark and indefinite shore; that he had this singular dream preceding the firing on Sumpter, the battles of Bull Run, Antietam, Gettysburg, Stone River, Vicksburg, Willmington, etc., General Grant, remarked with some emphasis and asperity that Stone river was no victory—that a few such victories would have ruined the country, and he knew of no important results from it. The President said that perhaps he should not altogether agree with him, but whatever might be the facts, his singular dream preceded that fight. Victory did not always follow his dream, but the event and results were important. He had no doubt that a battle had taken place or was about being fought, and Johnston will be beaten, for I had this strange ercam again last night. It must relate to Sherman; my thoughts are in that direction, and I know of no other very important event which is likely just now to occur.

Great events did indeed follow. Within a few hours the good and gentle as well as the truly great man who narrated his dream was assassinated, and the murder which closed forever his earthly career affected for years, and perhaps forever, the welfare of his country.

The latest communication of the English government on the question of the Alabama claims is now on the way to this country, and will reach Washington next week. The London papers say it is very friendly in tone, but states explicitly that England cannot consent to submit the question of the admissibility of the claims for indirect damages to the Geneva arbitrators, but points out a way in which the question may be settled. There is little doubt of an amicable adjustment of the matters in dispute, sooner or latter. It is desirable on many accounts that they should be settled now, but we can better afford to wait than to yield important principles. It is not probable that we shall have to wait long to see England consenting to the terms we insist upon, with a distinct understanding that the claims for indirect damages will be regarded as merely nominal, except so far as losses to owners of American shipping are concerned.—[Boston Traveller.

There is a general disposition on the part of the public to regard accidents owing to broken rails as unavoidable. In point of fact, they are as strictly the result of bad management as are collisions. They are due first to the bad and cheap iron used in building railway tracks, and secondly to the want of thorough daily inspection of the road. Rails made of tough iron, and headed with steel, as a rule never would break, were they replaced after having been kept in service for a proper length of time. Iron rails, made of poor material, and kept in use so long as they present surface enough for the wheels of the train, are the sort of rails that break, and produce what railway companies call unavoidable accidents.—[Port. Advertiser.

COUNT ONE HUNDRED.—Have you a quick temper?

A quick temper and a warm heart often go together.

Perhaps, however, you are irritable. Irritability, in many cases, is the result of ill-health, especially of a deranged condition of the nervous system. Improve your health and you will improve your disposition.

Besides this, there are some very simple rules by the adoption of which you may control or prevent the manifestation of your irritability. One of these is, whenever you are greatly disturbed and excited, to *speak slow'y, and in a low voice.* As soon as you shall have controlled yourself, under circumstances of provocation, sufficiently to speak several words without raising your voice above its ordinary pitch, you will find that you have obtained a surprising mastery over your feelings also.

Another rule is, whenever you are very angry always count one hundred before speaking. This also is a good and efficacious remedy, if you only observe it; but the chances are one hundred to one that when you get very, very angry, you will disregard the rule one hundred times where you observe it once.

Two hundred and sixty of the most eminent medical men of London have signed a protest against the inconsiderate prescription of large quantities of alcoholic liquids by medical men as giving rise, in many instances, to the formation of intemperate habits. They declare that though alcohol is important in certain diseases, "no medical practitioner should prescribe it without a sense of grave responsibility." They lay down the principle that it should always be prescribed with as much care as any powerful drug, and that the directions for the use should be so framed as not to be interpreted as a sanction for excess or necessity for the continuance of its use when the occasion is past.

ULTRAMONTANE.—The term Ultramontane is much used in books and newspapers, and but little understood. It is one of those words which, from representing a locality, has come to represent a religious belief and a political party. Ultramontane literally means beyond the mountains. When used as a political term, it refers to Italy and the political and religious tenets of the Roman Church. Ultramontanism is a belief in the unbounded supremacy of the Pope and the union of the Church with the State. Representatives of these principles, in whatever nation of Europe they are found, are called Ultramontanes. In Spain, in Germany, in France, and in Austria, the Ultramontane party is still a strong element in the direction of public affairs. The party is the remnant of the followers of the old despotic power of the Pope, which placed its foot on the necks of kings and robbed them of their purple at will.

Dunn, the boy convict, who murdered his keeper on Randall's Island, tells a sad story of cruelties inflicted on him by the keeper. He says that on the slightest pretence the keeper would lock him up on bread and water, and several times he was whipped until he thought the flesh was going to fall off. When asked if he was sorry for killing the keeper, the reply was, "No, sir. I am glad I have given all of the keepers a lesson. They won't beat another boy as they did me. I would just as soon hang as not. A man has to die once, anyhow."

When men of education and taste, generalizing their ideas of propriety and beauty, and applying the same rules of judging and of acting to the supreme that they now apply to the subordinate affairs of men; when they shall look upon the well-ordering of society as they now look upon an improved machine or a well-executed work of art, or even upon a skilful scenic exhibition of what never existed, then will all the means by which intemperance is diffused or countenanced become the disgust and scorn of mankind. The spreader of pestilential diseases will be esteemed a more tolerable member of the community than the manufacturer or vender of alcoholic drinks.

Intemperance squanders an enormous portion of the resources of this country. The capital spent in the preliminary operations of producing the materials, and of manufacturing, purchasing, and vending intoxicating drinks, has exceeded the whole civil list expenditures of all our governments, State and national. After having cost so much for production and distribution, its consumption generates a class of persons whose support and punishment equal the amount of the primary outlay. And the value of productive labor annihilated, and the aggregate of losses occasioned by this consumption, take from the available resources of the community a third sum, probably not inferior in magnitude to each of the others.—[Horace Mann.

THE treaty between Brazil and Paraguay, which so alarms the other South American republics, provides for the cession to the former of all territory comprehended within the margin of the river Apa, for the recognition on the part of Paraguay of the war debts of Brazil of $360,000,000. Brazil guarantees to protect Paraguay against all foreign or domestic attack, and will maintain in Paraguay for ten years a permanent military force.

Objection has been made that the Maine law invades natural rights. In a state of nature men have the power to do wrong, but neither in a state of nature nor in society can a man have a *right* to do *wrong.*—[Horace Mann.

A croupy youth in a neighboring town, who strongly objected to taking his medicine, was induced to make a hearty meal of buckwheat cakes and maple syrup, but the latter proved to be hive syrup of squills. The boy said he thought that something ailed the molasses the minute his father told him he could eat all he wanted to.

"WILL you have some trichinæ spiralis?" is the way in which hospitable Clevelanders proffer their ham.

OUR OWN.

If I had known in the morning
How wearily all the day
The words unkind would trouble my mind
That I said when you went away,
I had been more careful, darling,
Nor given you needless pain;
But we vex our own with look and tone
We might never take back again.

For though in the quiet evening
You may give me the kiss of peace,
Yet it well might be that never for me,
The pain of the heart should cease!
How many go forth at morning
Who never come home at night!
And hearts have broken for harsh words spoken,
That sorrow can no'er set right.

We have careful thought for the stranger,
And smiles for the sometime guest;
But oft for our own the bitter tone,
Though we love our own the best.
Ah! lips with the curve impatient,
Ah! brow with the shade of scorn,
'Twere a cruel fate, were the night too late
To undo the work of morn!

—*Selected.*

OUR TABLE.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE for April has sixteen articles, ten of which are illustrated with 75 engravings. "Porte Crayon" begins another series of sketches of southern life. Among the attractive features promised for the following numbers are a series of illustrated papers on California by Charles Nordhoff, to be commenced in the May number; a new serial story by Miss Thackery, to begin in the same number; and a series of papers on the Republican Movement in Europe, from the pen of Don Emilio Castelar the eminent Spanish statesman, to be commenced in the June number. The following are the contents:

The City of the Little Monk, (Second Paper:) A Monument; The Mountains, Illustrated by Porte Crayon; Naval Architecture, Past and Present, (Second Paper;) The Story of Tammany, I. How it was made a Political Power; The Bread-Crumb Artist; The Social Palace at Guise; Does he Love Me; A Good Investment; Aunt's New House; William Wilberforce; The Answer, From the German of Geibel; The Golden Lion of Granpere, by Anthony Trollope; Little Martin Craghan, by Zadel Barnes Buddington; Music, Emotion and Morals; The last of the De Lanneys; Editor's Easy Chair; Editor's Literary Record; Editor's Scientific Record; Editor's Historical Record; Editor's Drawer.

Published by Harper Brothers, New York, at $4 00 a year.

ECLECTIC MAGAZINE.—The April number of the Eclectic is embellishsd with a finely engraved portrait of Charles Sumner, which, as the publisher announces, initiates a series of the more eminent men in American public life. The portrait of Mr. Sumner is a very handsome one, and the series will impart exceptional value to the current volumes of the magazine. The leading article of the April number is a suggestive essay on "The Later English Poets," including Swinburne, Rossetti, and Morris. The remainder of the contents are highly varied and interesting, and embrace "Wanderings in Japan;" "Brougham and some of his Contemporaries;" "Dickens in Relation to Criticism;" "Notes on East Greenland;" "George Sand;" "Practical Hints on the Art of Decoration;" "Recollections of Mendelssohn and his Friends;" "John Bright;" "Serpent Charming in Cairo;" "The Kriegsspiel, or Prussian Game of War;" "A Conversation," by Arthur Helps; and "An Old Himalayan Town." The Remarkable story of "The Strange Adventures of a Phaeton," by William Black, is continued, and the Editorial departments are full as usual. The article on Dickens is the most satisfactory we have ever seen.

Published by E. R. Pelton, 108 Fulton Street, New-York. Terms, $5.00 a year; two copies, $9.00. Single number, 45 cents.

A few weeks since the ILLUSTRATED CHRISTIAN WEEKLY of New York, gave a sketch and plans of a cottage which could be well built for $1,000. So much interest has been excited in all parts of the country by its publication, and so many letters of inquiry have been received, asking for further information, that the publishers in their issue of March 30, give a bill of items showing the cost of everything in detail which enters into the construction of the above-mentioned cottage. In the same number we find some very interesting reminiscences at a wedding, relating to the commencement of a mission to Japan forty-five years ago. The illustrations in this number are well executed—those upon the Catacombs at Rome being especially beautiful. A portrait is given of Rev. W. M. Taylor, the new pastor of the Broadway Tabernacle, New York, recently from England. An editorial on 'Pastoral Visiting," takes strong grounds against Rev. Henry Ward Beecher's theory that the necessity for these visits does not now exist.

OLIVER OPTIC'S MAGAZINE FOR APRIL, contains a continuation of Oliver Optic's "Sea and Sail or, or The Tramps of a Traveller," a fresh instalment of Elijah Kellogg's "College Scrapes," the head of "The Whispering Pine." More of Mrs. Cheney's charming "Sally Williams. A remarkably funny mechanical story by Charles Barnard entitled "The Runaway Doll." Another of Geo. M. Baker's Humorous Dialogues for Girls. Poems by "Geraldine," Alice M. Adams, G. H. Barnes and Mary A. Prescott. Papers on Gardening, Precious Stones, Poet's Homes, Athenian Games. Stories by Aunt Fanny, Vere de Vere, Richard Mead Bache and others The several departments of Oratory, Pigeon Hole Papers, Editorial and Letter Bag, are filled with valuable material. The illustrations are numerous and excellent.

Published by Lee & Shepard Boston, at $2.50 per annum.

IN THE PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL for April, we find an abundance of that which is pleasant to read and good to remember. For instance sketches and portraits of W. H. Aspinwall, the eminent merchant; Robert S. Candlish, D. D., successor of Dr. Chalmers of Edinburgh; the Engineers of the Mt. Cenis Tunnel; besides admirable articles on Right and Wrong Views of Life; Respiration and its apparatus: Inebriate Asylums; History of Photography in America; Homes of Famous Americans; Rocky Mountain Scenery; "Stitch in Time," or the Alabama Question; Early English Education, etc.; finely illustrated. Price only 30 cts, or $3 a year. S. R. Wells, New york.

CHEAP MUSIC.—PETERS' MUSICAL MONTHLY is certainly the cheapest musical publication in the world, and we have yet to hear a single person say any thing against its varied and charming selections of Vocal and Instrumental Music. The publisher manages to keep clear of the vile, trashy stuff with which the country is flooded, and by giving judicious selections from the best masters, has made Peters' Musical Monthly a welcome visitor to thousands of musical families who have heretofore been unable to cultivate their musical tastes on account of the high price of music. The April number, price 30 cents, contains ten pieces of music. The publisher offers a trial trip—January, February, March, and April numbers—for $1. Address, J. L. Peters, 599 Broadway, New-York.

THE STUDENT AND SCHOOLMATE.—"Slow and Sure," an instructive story by Horatio Alger, Jr., is continued in the April number; we have number two of the "Know Something Club;" and the "Stone Hammers" are busy upon the "Pebbles on the Beach." There are other interesting and instructive articles, a Declamation, a Dialogue, a piece of Music, etc.

Published by Joseph H. Allen, Boston, at $1.50 a year.

SOME individuals and some newspapers seem to have a horror of that "inconsistency" that owns up to a mistake. Not so Bismarck. Taunted in the German Parliament, the other day, by an Ultramontanist with contradicting his own position twenty-three years ago, he pithily replied that one learns something in twenty-three years, especially when they include the prime of life, and that he, at least, was not infallible.

AN exchange gives these hints on cleaning paint: Use but little water at a time; keep it warm and clean by changing often. A flannel cloth is better than cotton. Be careful of soap. Put but little in the water; add soap to the cloth when needed. A sharp piece of soft wood is indispensable for the corners; the point will become like a paint brush. A saucer of sifted ashes, used where paint is badly smoked or fly-specks are thick, is better than soap; wipe last with a clean wet towel.

MR. J. T. TROWBRIDGE, the well known author, the editor of Our Young Folks, recently received a large silver medal from the Humane Society, of Massachusetts, for saving a young girl from death by drowning.

Waterville Mail.

EPH. MAXHAM, | DAN'L R. WIGG,
EDITORS.

[For the Waterville Mail.]

Curing and Feeding Corn Fodder.

As almost every one knows how to raise corn fodder, I will say but little about it, only suggest that it be planted in drills about eighteen inches apart and a good deal of seed used. I think it well to plant in pretty good season as it will be fit to cut earlier to feed green if wanted; besides coming off earlier it can be more easily and thoroughly cured for winter use. I would recommend cutting it (if southern corn) about the time the silk begins to appear. Then there is less woody substance, and if cured properly, and fed properly, nearly the whole will be eaten. In curing it the opinions are various. Our deceased friend, Sears, of Winthrop, thought best to mow it down and pack it in the barn about six inches thick. Another Winthrop farmer, Mr. Carr, thinks it best to cut it up with a corn cutter and bind it in small bundles, a few hours after it is cut; then stand it up by the fence a short time, when it is to be carried into the barn and unbound and spread about an inch thick with a layer of straw.

Now both may be good methods, though neither suits me. I cut mine for winter use and in a few hours bind it in small bundles near the top with flags, and stand about ten bundles in a shock and bind them with another flag. If properly shocked it will stand well for a long time; and when got in I stand it on an open floor on the beams over the barn floor. Don't trust boys to stand it up; but an experienced man will stand a scaffold full so that it will stand perpendicularly all winter, if necessary, and be entirely bright and free from mould. If planted late, as large a growth is frequently obtained; but there is more difficulty in curing it.

After curing in this way I have usually fed it in the barn, giving it to the cattle whole, and letting them feed through a rack. Sometimes I have fed nothing else for a week or more; but as soon as there is a perceptible desire for other food a change is made. In this way but very little is wasted. Before I fed meal I attempted to cut the fodder; but found it was not eaten so well as whole. If cut it should be steamed and meal mixed with it.

I noticed Dr. Boutelle's way of preparing corn fodder for his cattle this winter, by which not a particle is wasted. With a large stock, where the whole time of a man is required in taking care of it, there can be no doubt it is as good a process as can be adopted; but with a small stock of three or four cattle, as Yankees say "it wont pay." Some farmers not having a steam apparatus have cut their corn fodder into a half hogshead and after mixing meal, turned on one or more pails full of hot water and then covered it and in that way let it steam. I have fed wheat straw in that way with good success.

Cattle want a change of diet to keep them healthy just as much as human beings. In summer (if the pasture is large) there is a variety of food in the different kind of grasses and weeds; but in winter man must by his ingenuity make a variety. My pasture is small with few kinds of grasses and the animals need a change just about the same as in winter. Sometimes I save some corn fodder till midsummer which they will eat more greedily than the nicest clover. I have also at that season occasionally given them a foddering of dry barley straw, which was eaten with a relish; but if the pasture is good they wont eat straw oftener than once in two or three weeks. An idle horse will thrive on corn fodder with a few potatoes, and milch cows will increase in quantity and quality.

KEITH.

JOHN BURNS OF GETTYSBURG.—The death of John Burns, the yeoman of Gettysburg, who was grievously wounded during the progress of the great battle fought within the limits of that sleepy Pennsylvania town, has called out almost numberless statements with respect to the part really taken by the patriotic old gentleman on that memorable occasion. These statements differ so essentially as almost to suggest the idea that John Burns, whom a popular poet, with the usual precision (?) of his class, and in utter disregard of others has designated '*the* hero of Gettysburg,' is a myth with about the same claim to the honors thereof as the alleged original of Whittier's 'Barbara Freitchie.' This, however, would be unjust to the memory of the brave old man, who has apparently been more unfortunate in his eulogists and biographers than he was on the 'field of his fame;' for their exaggerations and distortions have served to bedim the credit really his due. The real facts show that John Burns of Gettysburgh—at a time when some of his neighbors were flying from their homes in a panic, and others remained to toady to the rebel invaders and disavow all participation in the war for the Union, content to eat any amount of rebel dirt to save their property, while still others improved the chance to turn an honest penny by charging the thirsty, dusty and foot-weary Union troops so much per glass for the water from their wells—volunteered as a guide for the Union troops, and that having in this capacity come under fire with the infantry supports to Buford's cavalry attack, seized a musket and commenced fighting on his own hook. In a few minutes he received two wounds and fell. Soon after the Union forces were forced back, and comprehending that if taken prisoner as a bushwhacker his fate would be sealed, Mr. Burns crawled away from his musket, and when found by the rebel advance, told a pitiful tale of having got caught between the fire of the two hostile armies. The rebels believed his story, and a rebel surgeon dressed his wounds. From this groundwork, which is really the best eulogy that could be pronounced on John Burns, have been constructed romances so wild and improbable as to cast discredit on the whole. Even Bret Harte, in his inimitable verses, has falsified the moral. He writes;

So raged the battle. You know the rest;
How the rebels, beaten and backward pressed,
Broke at the final charge and ran.
At which John Burns—a practical man—
Shouldered his rifle, unbent his brows,
And then went back to his bees and cows.

Here John Burns is sketched as a central figure at the culminating moment, the supreme turning point in the gigantic struggle on the third day of the battle, when in point of fact he was at that moment sorely wounded and a prisoner, quite incapable of shouldering a musket or of enjoying the spectacle presented by his 'little busy bees,' or his 'lowing kine,' although it is possible he might have been able to 'unbend his brows.'

A new article has been added to the constitution of Switzerland, prohibiting the revival of the order of Jesuits and the societies connected with it, forbidding all action in the church or schools to their members, and prohibiting the establishment or reestablishment of monasteries and convents.

A. B. Farwell, of Augusta, has improved so far that he is now residing at home, and there are some signs of decided amendment in him.

Waterville Mail.

EPH. MAXHAM, | DAN'L R. WING,
EDITORS.

WATERVILLE... MAR. 29. 1872.

AGENTS FOR THE MAIL.

The following parties are authorized to receive advertisements and subscriptions for the MAIL and will do so at the same rates required at this office :—

S. M. PETTENGILL & Co, No. 10 State St., Boston, and 37 Park Row, New York.
S. R. NILES, No. 1 Scollays Building Boston
GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., No. 40 Park Row, New York.
T. C. EVANS, 106 Washington St., Boston.

☞ Advertisers abroad are referred to the Agents named above.

ALL LETTERS AND COMMUNICATIONS relating to either the business or editorial departments of the paper should be addressed to 'MAXHAM & WING OF WATERVILLE MAIL OFFICE.

☞ A NEW ERA in the temperance reform seems to be breaking bonds that have long defied the legal efforts of so many earnest men. Those who remember the wonderful "Washingtonian movement' in this department of public morals will at once recognize, in the effort lately developed in Gardiner, and promptly seconded in Augusta, the same principles and the same machinery that worked such wonders all over the world forty years ago. After years of what seemed almost miraculous success, the "Washingtonians" lost their distinctive features and were merged in the great mass of temperance men and women who are now laboring under the obvious error of too exclusive reliance upon legal measures for curing the world of drunkennesss. For a few years past there has been a growing demand for more strenuous moral efforts in the cause, till even those who have been foremost in legal enactments have become convinced of the absolute necessity of some marked change in the character of temperance work. No matter, however, by whom prompted or for what reasons; a few weeks ago this reformatory spirit took tangible form in the city of Gardiner, where a large number of men led off in the organization of a "Reform Club" on the Washingtonian basis. On Thursday evening of last week a large meeting at Meonian Hall, Augusta, organized a similar club; on which occasion they were visited by three hundred members of the Gardiner club. On the following evening the reformatory spirit moved the waters in Hallowell, where a club was organized that fortwith grew to two hundred members. Here too the inspiration of the Gardiner club manifested itself in a large delegation. The old Washingtonian missionary spirit is seen in these visits. So it was with John Hawkins and his dozen associates, who, when they had saved themselves, rushed to the rescue of others, and the work went from city to city, and from hamlet to hamlet, till the whole civilized world was leavened with it. May it not be so now? The cities of the Kennebec have moved the ball; Lewiston and Portland want it; Bangor calls for it through her press; Waterville and a score of her sister villages feel their need of it;—and why may it not roll over our whole state, and go forth from her borders to bless the world? Nobody prefers legal suasion to moral,—only let the work be done. The great moral impulse has long been moving in the hearts of the children, and its signs have been seen in their fingers, as they wrote "found wanting" on the walls of their homes. Fathers and mothers have looked and listened with swelling hearts, as they saw the promise of youth and the strength of manhood everywhere taking the infection of a vice that knows no mercy. "Are we gaining any?" has been the anxious inquiry of those who have tugged at the wheel through sunshine and storm; and from a great multitude that no man could number the complaining answer has been "No!" as they pointed to the evidences of multiplying ruin on all sides. It has seemed to such laborers that the very stones must in time cry out. Possibly the cry has reached heaven. Those who have long claimed to know a better way have become willing to walk in it. Let the God-speed of the toiling and weary few cheer them on. Bring them to Waterville—send them to Bangor—to Lewiston—to Portland—to all the needy places. If they hesitate, tell them Augusta has been reached, and there is hope for all.

FIRE IN ROCKLAND.—Berry's Block, in Rockland, was burned on Saturday night, involving a loss of $12,000, nearly covered by insurance. Kimball & Berry's Block, was also partially destroyed, the loss being partially covered by an insurance of $6000. The occupants of three blocks—including Telegraph office, Lime Rock Bank, Express office, Masonic Lodge rooms, stores, &c.—were damaged, some making a total loss save insurance.

BRIGHAM YOUNG and his fellow prisoners, under indictment for murder, have been removed to Camp Douglas, under guard of the military—the occasion being a ball and supper at the prison, by friends of the prisoners, with music, wine, &c.,

A COLORED chaplain opened the State Assembly of New York with prayer on Monday—and still the earth continues to revolve upon its axis about once in twenty-four hours.

☞ Twenty-five years ago, in the spring of 1847, some of the young folks on "Pious Hill" were talking of the weather on the evening of the 29th of April. A sunny day and a fair sight of bare ground encouraged them, and with the approval of the three young ladies present, arrangements were made for a May-walk on the morning of the approaching first day of May. The last April sun went down with a smile, and when "the big doctor" and his lady friend "Hat." parted at 10 o'clock near what is now the corner of Elm and Center-sts., the morning walk was the last thing spoken of. So all night it was the first thing dreamed of by at least a dozen and a half of the socially elect of that imaginary "hill" and its vicinity. Just twenty-five years ago young folks dreamed very much as they do now. Those who first looked out of the window next morning were the first to discover that the snow was half a foot deep and still falling. Blustering furiously, and piling in deep and heavy drifts, it settled the question of the May-walk before breakfast. At the "General's" table that morning "the big doctor" said very hard things about Down East; and after breakfast the writer of this paragraph mailed to Boston a graphic report of his first May-Day in Kennebec. It is now five weeks to May-Day 1872, and the bare thought of a repetition of what has been, makes our teeth chatter.

DISTRICT NO. 1.—At the school meeting on Tuesday evening, C. H. Redington was chosen Moderator, H. B. White Clerk, Joseph Percival Agent, and M. Lyford, J. O. Skinner, and Joseph Percival Classifying Committee. The District voted to raise, by assessment, $1,500 to pay its debts, and authorized the Agent to draw the money now in the treasury. It was voted to have five full days of school in a week, Saturday to be a holiday. The Classifying Committee were directed to settle with the building committee of the new school house.

FAST DAY in Maine, by appointment of Gov. Perham, will occur on the 18th of April this year, and he recommends that we abstain from our ordinary secular avocations; assemble in our places of public worship; render unto God, our Heavenly Father, the tribute of contrite and grateful hearts; confess and forsake our sins, and devoutly supplicate Him to graciously remember us in the multitude of His tender mercies, and grant us wisdom and strength that we may, individually, attain to a more perfect life, and our country to a higher christian civilization.

WHEN the inhabitants of China assembled this year for their annual town meeting they found, by the figures submitted, that they were in debt about $14,000 more than they had supposed; whereupon they chose a committee of investigation, and adjourned one week. This committee discovered errors in the figuring which brought the debt down nearly to what it had been supposed to be. The following officers were then chosen :—

Moderator, A. H. Abbott, (rep.;) Clerk, W. W. Washburn, (rep.;) Selectmen and Assessors, A. H. Chadwick, (dem.,) J. S. Hamilton, Caleb Jones; Auditor, I. Hamilton; Treasurer, A. Taylor, (dem.;) Supervisor, I. A. Brown; Constable and Collector, John O. Page, (rep.) Voted to pay John O. Page, one and one-half per cent. for collecting.

J. R. OSGOOD & Co., the Boston publishers, have commenced an action against E. C. Allen & Co., of Augusta, for infringing upon the copyright title of their youth's publication, "Our Young Folks." There is a world of difference between the two publications.

PRESERVED B. MILLS, Esq. of Bangor, known as Doctor Mills, died in that city last week at the age of 70 years. He leaves a wife—sister of Hon. A. W. Paine of Bangor and daughter of Frederick Paine, Esq., of Winslow—and two sons by a former wife.

WE have repeatedly noticed the progress of Swedish emigration in Aroostook county. We We take the following from the Sunrise :

"Evidences of the thrift, industry and enterprise of the people of New Sweden are apparent every day. Tuesday, three or four two and four horse teams passed this village loaded with steam engines and machinery for that town which less than two years ago was an unbroken forest. Two large and powerful engines, one of which is here and the other on the road with all the machinery for sawing lumber, are on the way to New Sweden. The mills are to be located about five miles apart, and the known industry, perseverence and skill of these immigrants insure success. The first school in New Sweden, taught by the Lutheran clergyman, closed last week and was a perfect success. Seventy scholars were in attendance, who have made great progress in learning the English language. Nothing in the immigration line ever equaled the success of this Swedish immigration. The money it has cost the State is nothing in value compared with the results attained. The Swedish immigration scheme is a grand success! We hope it will go on until there is no unoccupied land in Maine."

MR. WM. SMALL, of Minot, was found dead in the woods, lying on a sled, on Monday. Supposed to be the result of apoplexy.

AN extra sheet, containing the laws published during the late session of the Legislature, will be found in our paper this week.

EARLY.—Our enterprising marketman, Mr. P. DeRocher, already has rhubarb for sale of his own growing. Some of the stalks are 18 or 20 inches in length and of good thickness.

GIRLS who are foolish enough to eat arsenic to beautify their complexion, are soon found white in death.

GEN. GEO. L. BEAL, of Norway has been appointed Pension Agent for Western Maine.

THE snow storm on Saturday night was quite severe in the eastern part of the State, nearly two feet falling in some places, badly blocking the roads.

DONATION.—The Rev. A. S. Ladd, of the Methodist Church of this village, being about to close his labors with this people, (his last Sabbath being April 7th, next) his friends propose to give him a substantial token of their regards for his labors in this place and vicinity. The ladies of the Social Circle of that Society will be at their vestry on Wednesday evening next, April 3d, to receive his friends, and *all* such, whether of his congregation or otherwise, who have a word of good cheer or anything more substantial for him, are cordially invited to be present. This will be their "good bye" sociable of the year. This donation is not to make up his salary; that will be paid by the Society.

A LATE number of the Bangor Whig in a notice of the recent change in the management of the Portland *Press*, pays the retiring editor the following well deserved compliment :—

The retirment of Mr. Gifford, which is partially induced by ill health, affords a fitting opportunity for a kindly reference to his varied accomplishments, his brilliancy as a writer and his almost fanatical devotion to the principles he espoused. The Republican party, the cause of education and the rights of the people found a ready championship at his hands.—While remembering our single controversy with that paper when under his direction, our strictures would be aimed at errors of hasty impulse rather than of intention, and we shall sincerely regret the loss of his fearless and trenchant advocacy of what he believed to be the right.

FIRE.—A shingle, lath and saw mill belonging to Daniel W. Stevens, at Wing's Mills, Mt. Vernon, was destroyed by fire on Sunday morning last. Loss $7,000; insured for $3,500, at the agency of L. T. Boothby, Waterville. Mr. Stevens had a large contract with the M. C. Railroad for lumber, and the incidental loss is severe.

HON. WM. WHITING, L. L. D., a leading lawyer of Boston, is to be the orator before the literary societies of Colby University at the next Commencement. Mr. Whiting was the legal advisor of President Lincoln during the late war, and is the author of a book on the "War Powers of the President," which has had a large sale.

WHEN will people learn not to fool with guns and pistols, by pointing them at others in sport? A few days ago, Mr. Photo Clark, of Otis, Mass., shot his sister, Mrs. Ellen Turner, in this way. Her little girl had her arms around her mother's neck at the time, and was so seriously injured that one arm will have to be amputated.—Clark is overwhelmed with grief at the shocking results of his carelessness.

☞ TAKE special care of your fires, in these rainless days, when the cry of fire would sound worse than the rumbling voice of an earthquake. No doubt the Supervisor and the chief engineer of the fire department have arranged all possible safeguards; but what can be done without water? A large fire would quickly exhaust all supplies but the river. So we say again, take care of your fires—everybody.

THE Mexican revolutionists have been severely punished, and it really seems as though Juarez was once more master of the situation.

DR. FREEMAN HALL, who removed recently from Biddeford to Momence, Ill., froze to death about two weeks ago while returning after visiting a patient.

Did he go west to escape the cold Maine winter?

Later.—A late letter from the obstinate fellow spoils the whole story by denying the report of his death.

☞ That knife?—no; but our notice last week took the attention of the boy's parents, in whose hands he is better off than in ours. He does not call at the office now,—but we shall see him sometime.

AMONG the Maine cattle sold at Brighton this week, was one pair fattened by A. J. Libby, of West Waterville, weighing 5300 lbs.; two pairs 4-yr.-olds, fattened by Wm. P. Blake, of the same place, which were very handsome, one pair being twins, the whole weight of which was 4200 lbs. a pair. Mr. Tiffany, of Sidney, also had a pair. There was but little change in prices from the previous week, but trade was not quite so lively.

SENATOR SUMNER was summoned before the arms investigation committee of the U. S. Senate, and at first refused to testify, pleading his senatorial privileges and complaining that the committee was not constituted of the friends of the investigation. Upon being formally notified, however, he did appear and testified under protest but declining to answer many of the questions. Very little of importance was elicited during the examination, but in the course of it Sumner and Hamlin rubbed pretty closely together in a rasping way, as follows :—

Mr. Hamlin—Would you deem it the duty of a patriotic Senator to inquire of a foreign legation as to questions which would tend to put his Government in the wrong with other Governments who have made no complaint?

Mr. Sumner—That is an abstract question, but on this point I am obliged to say no such question here arose.

Mr. Hamlin—Answer my question.

Mr. Sumner—I answer in my own way.

Mr. Hamlin—I put a general question.

Mr. Sumner—I consider it a question not applicable to this case.

THE PROPOSED CHANGE OF TRACK at this place, on the Maine Central Railroad, will be made as soon as the condition of the ground will admit. A portion of the material for the culverts along the route is already on the grounds.

CONNECTICUT ELECTION next Monday, and both parties affect to be confident of success.

GEN. ROBERT ANDERSON'S funeral will take place in New York next Wednesday. He died some months ago.

☞ A CARD.

THE undersigned tender their most hearty thanks to the neighbors and friends who have conferred so many favors in consideration of the late destruction of their home by fire. They have received many valuable presents, both of money and other things equally needful. These kindnesses will never be forgotten, but will be treasured as the proofs of those qualities which help us to obey the injunction to "love one another."

DAVID C. ELLIS.
WINSLOW, March 27, 1872. DEZIAH H. ELLIS.

THERE is a prospect that a broad gauge railroad will be chartered through New Jersey, and thus the old monopoly broken up.

MAD DOGS abound in Brooklyn, N. Y., and several have been killed.

DON'T make a fool of yourself by trying to fool other people next Monday.

A NEW sculptor appears in Maine. Mr. John Griffiths, of the firm of Sheridan & Griffiths, Portland, has executed a statuette of the late Mr. Jonathan Morgan, which is pronounced a true work of art.

WE are again under obligation to Hon. J. G. Blaine for valuable public documents.

EGREGIOUS!—Somebody charges that the people of Gardiner don't turn out to meeting; to which the Home Journal responds "no murder for a year." Morrill belongs to the heathen denomination.

SHORT PHRASES ARE BEST.—The strongest impression is generally the briefest and barest. Take the old ballads of any people, and you will find few adjectives. The singer says: "He laughed; she wept." Perhaps the poet of a more civilized age might say: He laughed in scorn; she turned away and shed tears of disappointment." But now-a days the ambitious young writer must produce something like this: "A hard, fiendish laugh, scornful and pitiless, forced its passage through his throat, through the lips that curled in mockery of her appeal; she covered her despairing face, and a gust of whirlwind of sorrowing agony burst forth in her irresistible tears!"

FRANCE.—The Constitutional again asserts that negotiations are proceeding between France and Germany looking to a speedy liberation of the French territory from the presence of German troops, and that Emperor William's government is favorably inclined towards some arrangement by which this result can be obtained. The German government is said to be willing to order the evacuation of that portion of France now occupied by its troops, upon the immediate payment of 500,000,000 francs of the war indemnity, and the remaining two and a half millions of francs in yearly instalments. A special from Paris to the Standard, says that if the negotiations for the withdrawal of German troops from French territory proves successful the national assembly will be dissolved.

SAD DEATH OF A MAINE MAN IN MINNESOTA.—A correspondent writing us from Moorhead, Minn., gives particulars of the death of Mr. Clement McCausland, formerly of Newport in this State, where he has a mother and sister still living, by being lost on the prairies of Minnesota in one of the severe storms of February last. McCausland was Deputy U. S. Marshal at Moorhead, and left that place on the 5th of February with four prisoners for Pembina. When they had reached Grand Forks on the Red River, and were about to encamp for the night, two of the prisoners made their escape, one keeping in the timber and the other taking to the open prairie. While in pursuit of the latter, McCausland was overtaken by a terrible snow storm which lasted several days, and the unfortunate man lost his way, wandering some twenty miles on the broad prairie and burrowing frequently in the snow to keep from freezing. In one of these places his dead body was found by friends, who had started in search of him as soon as the report of his being lost reached Moorhead. The remains of Mr. McCausland were brought to that place for burial.—[Maine Farmer.

THE LIMITS OF CARICATURE.—Is the wit defensible which pillories such upright and able men as Schurz and Sumner along with Tweed and Connolly? Is there no difference in the cases? Are simple vagaries of political opinion to be confounded in the popular appreciation with gross delinquencies and shameless crimes? Mr. Sumner does not like the President; Mr. Schurz suspects the purity of the Administration; but surely these are not grounds for passionate invective against them, and much less for ribald defamation. Mr. Sumner may have faults, but is not, therefore, a truculent and bloodthirsty conspirator; and Mr. Schurz may be very cunning of fence without being a Mephistopheles or an Iago. Most of the nation admire Mr. Sumner as a man of lofty virtues and dignified character, and that admiration would seem to us, even if we did not share it, entitled to respect. Nearly all our German fellow-citizens, and many who are not Germans, are proud of the genius and eloquence of Carl Schurz, and it is an insult to a generous and commendable feeling to represent him as you would a Till Eulenspiegel or the head of a nut-cracker. Our American fund of reverence is not so large that we may safely dispense with it altogether, and trust to irreverence, mockery and contempt.—[Evening Post.

AT the breakfast table, Skowhegan Hotel, Wednesday morning, Judge Kent took occasion to touch up Mr. Baker, counsel for Skowhegan, upon a statement which he made in his argument at Norridgewock, "that he was the Aaron to stay up the hands of Stewart, their Moses to lead the people from Norridgewock to Skowhegan, the land of promise, flowing with milk and honey." The Judge asked Baker to pass the milk. The pitcher was passed, but there was an absence of the lacteal fluid. "How is this?" said the judge to Baker, "you promised us milk and honey. Where is the milk?"

It is expected after this that the milk and honey will be forthcoming according to promise.—[Somerset Reporter.

Dr. Dollinger, in a recent lecture on Martin Luther, drew a striking comparison between the religious agitation of the present day and that which preceded the Reformation. Before that event Pope Leo X held an Œcumenical Council—the fifth of the Lateran—and the result of that council was an assertion of the Papal power which destroyed all thought of reform in the Church. German bishops then, as now, accepted the situation, and treated all priests who objected to the new dogma as heretics. Dr. Dollinger thinks that a reformation was thus made a necessity of the German people, and, while praising Luther as the greatest of his country's benefactors, he thinks that "had there been no Luther the Reformation would have taken place."

OVERGROWN HOGS.—There is not one single advantage to be claimed in favor of big hogs. There never was a monster hog which did not make the man who raised him, pay for every pound he weighed. They do not furnish an ounce of meat gratis, but charge full price for every attom of their carcass. When slaughtered, it takes a long time to get one cool to the marrow in the bone, and then when the hams are put in to salt, it is troublesome to finish them to the centre. Four hundred pounds live weight is as large as hogs should be, in order to make good bacon. Beyond this size there is a loss somewhere. Either the feeder, butcher or consumer, is cheated, and as a general thing everyone who has anything to do with the big hog will find if he observes closely that they are not so profitable as the smooth, nice hogs of only 350 pounds weight. A small head with little, upright ears, and legs and ears delicate to perfection, are marks which indicate the greatest amount of food consumed; and will always draw more readily the attention of the butcher.

A CENTRAL AMERICAN UNION.—The compact of the Central American Union, composed of the States of Costa Rica, Honduras, Guatemala and Salvador, signed on the 17th of February, contains an engagement to preserve intact the integrity of the Central American territory, provides that other than a Republican form of government shall never be established; that disputes between members be settled by the mediation of others; that rebellion in either country is treason against all; that the duration of the Presidential term in all the republic be uniform without immediate re-election; that no one can be a slave within the Central American territory and a Central American becoming the owner of slaves in another country loses his nationality and protection of the laws; that citizens of either republic acquire the rights of citizenship in all others by a mere expression of his wish before any Government authority, and that the right of asylum is recognized for emigrants or political exiles from any part of the world. The construction of telegraph and national highways, the establishment of mail steamers and the excavation of an inter-oceanic canal through Nicaragua and the National Congress which meets May 17th at La Union in Salvador are provided for, and the death penalty for political crimes is abolished. Nicaragua has not signed the compact but is expected to do so.

IN a recent lecture Mr. Thomas Hughes gave an account of some of his American experiences, of which we find some notice in the *Tribune*. Among other things he was enabled to compare a bridge across the Mississippi with the one built by Stephenson across the St. Lawrence. "Lucky for you that you have little snow in this part of the country," said Mr. Hughes to the engineer. "Stephenson was obliged to roof in his bridge." We have just as much snow here," replied the engineer, "but *we let our snow fall through the bridge and require no roofing*"—at which practical wisdom Mr. Hughes felt abashed for himself and the great Stephenson.

Both Houses of Congress have amended the tariff bill by placing tea and coffee on the free list, which is good news. These articles have been enormously high, and in nothing would a reduction in taxation be more sensibly felt than in these two articles of prime necessity.

THE brightest minds are most subject to the diabolical seducements of intemperance. Who, in the circle of his own acquaintance, does not remember some shining intellect, some bright orb of mind, rising in splendor, and rapidly ascending to a refulgent day, but suddenly shrouded in everlasting night?—[Horace Mann.

DO NOT PRUNE IN MARCH.—The sap is now thin, and will flow out or bleed, as it is called, and greatly injure the tree. Postpone this work until the middle of June, or until after the leaves have fallen in Autumn.—[N. E. Farmer.

LOWELL, March 28.—All the respectable saloons and bars were not opened this morning for the sale of liquor, beer or cider, acting in compliance with the notice received from the city marshal. Nothing can be obtained, except by "ways that are dark." A dry set are the groups assembled around places, discussing the matter. There are 500 licensed liquor sellers in Lowell, and probably as many unlicensed, and it will be sold only in low, sly places for the present. Joseph Hartley, on Middle street, was complained of by State constables for keeping a liquor nuisance (second offence), and sentenced to pay a fine of fifty dollars and three months in the House of Correction. Appealed.

Mr. James Driscoll of Calais, in attempting to get on board of the cars while in motion at Milltown last week, missed his step and fell beneath the wheels, and was so badly crushed that he lived but a short time after. He was seventy years old.

THE Vassalboro' Manufacturing Company want the Kennebec & Wiscasset Railroad (narrow gauge) to extend to their works in North Vassalboro', and are willing to aid in the enterprise.

A young woman named Emma R. Couch has been arrested in New York for attempting to extort money from Rev. Dr. Carter, threatening to publicly charge him with having seduced her, if he did not pay over. The Dr. had the moral courage to refuse, and Emma will get into jail. The Tribune says that many persons allow themselves to be blackmailed in this manner, rather than incur the unpleasantness of having a wanton charge them with improper conduct.

A dispatch from New York states that Rev. Dr. Thomas W. Upham, late Professor of Moral Philosophy in Bowdoin College, is speechless and in a critical condition from paralysis at his residence in that city.

The means of accumulating noise for the Boston jubilee are rapidly multiplying under the efforts of Yankee ingenuity. The Shakers of Harvard and Shirley, in Massachusetts, have asked for a place in the vast assembly of singers, proposing to sing their own peculiar songs. But the most astounding proposition of all comes from Professor Tourjee. It is necessary, of course, to open the festival with prayer, and he proposes that one hundred clergymen be invited to repeat the Lord's Prayer in Unison! It is easy to make a good thing a nuisance, and such nonsense as this is likely to do the business for the Boston jubilee.—[New York Observer.

A WISCONSIN farmer has discovered a new method of husking corn, which, in point of ease and speed, beats the steam husking machine. He spreads his dry shocks out in thin layers, and *sets them on fire*. The husks, blades and stalks burn up and leave the corn roasted, ready for feeding. The grain, after the process, becomes what he calls "black corn." So we should think.

Rev. Dr. John Hall, in an article on the religious press, says:

Its conductors are the greatest preachers; their congregations are enormous; their discourses touch every variety of topic, and in every variety of way; they are not fettered by the fear of seeming personal nor restrained by regard to a class. They can strike right and left, where if a minister did the same thing from the pulpit, all eyes would turn to the pew of the transgressor. If they do their work well, they are great public benefactors. They require uncommon tact, energy, and patience, and they deserve the cordial co-operation of their brethren. Their responsibility is immense, and they may well say, "Brethren pray for us." To sink into mere gossip-mongers is degradation. To do justice to the truth, to the church, and to the reader, and to put the world in such a light that God's hand shall be seen in it daily, is one of the loftiest functions man can perform. His success is no vulgar trade triumph. It is the enlightenment of multitudes, the strengthening of the greatest interests in the world, the elevation of an entire community.

SHERIFF MILLAY, of Bowdoinham, states that he is almost daily in receipt of letters from Simms, Bartlett and Maguire, the Bowdoinham Bank robbers, or their friends in New York, containing propositions for their deliverance. They want a pardon from the Governor, and to secure it they are willing to refund one half of their booty, or $40,000. The bank losers are seriously entertaining the proposition, and it is not unlikely that a petition before long will be presented to Gov. Perham with this object in view. The proposition of the robbers is: Maguire will give satisfactory bonds to the amount of $10,000 for the privilege of going to New York in the custody of an officer. Within a specified time he will produce $40,000 which will be paid over on the condition that the trio shall not only be released from prison but not be held on another indictment hanging over them for feloniously and burglariously entering the house of Mr. Butterfield, the cashier, and for assaulting him with dangerous weapons. It will be remembered that Mr. Butterfield's death, two years or more after the robbery, was in all probability occasioned by the shock his nervous system received when he was so roughly handled by the robbers. Up to his decease his sleep was repeatedly disturbed by attacks of nightmare, in which he imagined himself in the clutches of the robbers. Nor is Mrs. Butterfield, his widow, free from mental discomposure in consequence of that tragic night, when she was confronted by the robbers. She lives in the same house visited by the robbers, a white two story building with green blinds, located a stone's throw from the railroad depot, and which is frequently pointed out to passengers of passing trains.—[Argus.

CLEAR AS MUD.—Edward W. Cox, a London lawyer, one of the committee appointed by the London Dialectical Society to investigate the phenomena generally known as "spiritual manifestations," has published a book in which his conclusions are embodied. He has arrived at the opinion, after careful experimenting, that the phenomena are not the work of spirits, but, as others have suggested, of a certain atmosphere or influence, which may be identical with the vital principle, and is called, for want of a better name, psychic force. It comes in rapidly moving and constantly rising and falling waves. The things moved by it, with few exceptions, quiver. If a table be struck, the sound apparently comes, not from the surface, but from the fibrous center of the wood. The force seems to diffuse itself over the whole body to which it is applied, and operators, not by pressure like muscular force, but by diffusion and inflation. The bodies moved are not jerked up or down, but through an influence diffused through the whole substance. Mr. Cox confesses that the material of the force is entirely unknown, though he conjectures that it is antagonistic to gravitation, or at least exempt from its effects.

In Farmington last week, a French woman was found in a poor shanty formerly used as a pest house, lying upon the bed with scarcely clothing enough to cover her nakedness, with a babe three days old in her arms, and dying from exposure. Medical assistance was summoned, and everything done to relieve her that was possible, but it was too late. She lingered one day longer in great agony when death came to her relief. The child still lives.

A Nashua fisherman, who recently visited the bayous of Winnepiseogee in search of pickerel, hired a high-priced assistant to show him the grounds, cut holes, etc. On the return trip, after three days of bad luck, the high-priced assistant remarked: "Wall, Mr. —, I didn't think how you'd ketch many. You see the fact is, I seined 'em all last fall."

BRONCHITIS.—This is an irritation or inflammation of the bronchial tubes which carry the air we breathe into the lungs. It arises from a cold settled in the throat, from Catarrh extending to these parts, from scrofulous affections, and from severe use of the voice. The irritation from this latter cause commences in the *larynx* and *glottis*, which are the organs of the voice, and, extending downwards, produces hoarseness, coughing, and spitting mucous matter, sometimes mixed with blood. It is in the cure of severe and obstinate cases of this disease that Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has achieved unparalleled success, and won the loudest praise from all who have used it. It is sold by all respectable Druggists. 584.

Insurance.

ENTIRE SAFETY.

L. T. BOOTHBY, Insurance Agent, begs leave to present the following statement of the Insurance Companies represented by him, to the public, after paying all Liabilities by the Chicago Fire.

Liverpool & London & Globe Ins. Co.
Assets, (Gold) $18,000,000.

North British and Mercantile Ins. Co.
London, Assets, (Gold), $11,000,000.

Home, New York.
Asset, $4,000,000.

Andes, Cincinnati.
Assets, $1,201,000.

Phœnix Fire Insurance Co.
Of Hartford, Assets, $1,098,831 27

Springfield Fire and M. Ins. Co.
Assets, $1,055,105 75.

Union, of Bangor
Assets, $430,000.

Bay State Insurance Co.
Of Worcester, Assets, $300,000.

We shall give our best services to the protection of our patrons, and trust we shall receive their continued confidence.

Oct. 13th, 1871 L. T. BOOTHBY.

Waterville Mail.

AN INDEPENDENT FAMILY NEWSPAPER, DEVOTED TO THE SUPPORT OF THE UNION.

Published on Friday by

MAXHAM & WING,

Editors and Proprietors

At Phenix Block..... Main-Street, Waterville.

EPH. MAXHAM. DAN'L R. WING.

TERMS.

TWO DOLLARS A YEAR, IN ADVANCE.

SINGLE COPIES FIVE CENTS.

☞ No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publishers.

PRICES OF ADVERTISING IN THE MAIL.

For one square, (one inch on the column) 3 weeks,	$1.50
one square, three months,	3.50
one square, six months,	6.00
one square, one year,	10.00
For one-fourth column, three months,	12.00
one-fourth column, six months,	20.00
one fourth, one year,	35.00
For one-half column, three months,	20.00
one-half column, six months,	35.00
one-half column, one year,	65.00
For one column, three months,	35.00
one column, six months,	65.00
one column, one year,	125.00

Special notices, 25 per cent. higher; Reading matter notices 15 cents a line

POST OFFICE NOTICE—WATERVILLE.

DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

Western Mail leaves daily at	11.05 A. M	Closes at	10 45 A. M
Augusta " " "	11 "	"	10 45 "
Eastern " " "	4 20 P. M	"	4 10 P. M.
Skowhegan " "	4.25 "	"	4 10 "
Norridgewock, &c. "	4.30 "	"	4 25 "

Office Hours—from 7 A. M to 8 P. M.

C. R. MCFADDEN, P. M.

Wholesale Prices Current.

	Waterville	Boston	Bangor.
Apples, bbl.	$4 00@ 5 00	4 50@ 5 00	4 00@ 5 00
dried, lb.	10@ 12	10@ 15	11@ 12
Beans, bushel,	2 50@ 3 00	2 00@ 3 00	3 00@3 75
Butter,	25@ 32	25@ 35	25@ 30
Cheese,	12@ 15	10@ 14	12@ 15
Corn	00@ 00	76@ 80	88@ 92
Oats	56@ 62	55@ 62	60@ 65
Potatoes	00@ 35	58@ 60	35@ 40
Eggs	25@ 28	30@ 32	22@ 23
Round Hog	7@ 8	6@ 7	7@ 8

THE MARKETS, HERE AND THERE.

☞ Good hay is sold for $28 in Bangor, and about the same in Augusta. In Portland and Boston it is a little above this. In Kennebec and Somerset hay holds out better, with the help of grain and cheap potatoes, than was expected in December, and farmers generally report that there is "enough to go round." This prevents any panic in prices, which everywhere tend downward—a very little. At Waterville enough may be had below $30.

Butter—good lump—bears about 30 cts., and choice lots a little more. Cheaper qualities are reported plenty in all N. England markets, and selling from 20 to 25 cts. This need not suggest doubt that the nice fresh June butter will bring good prices. It will have to be eaten near home.

Beans, yellow-eye, best, are worth $3.50 in Boston, and as much in Bangor. Best pea beans $3.

Wool reports small sales but no reduction of prices—indeed a slight advance on some qualities. Best Maine wool brought 95 cts. Pelts bring $2 to $4.

Grains of all kinds remain without much change. Obstructions of transportation between Chicago and the east have kept large quantities back, thus no doubt holding prices a little higher than they would have stood with a clear track.

IMMEDIATELY.—If every family knew the value of Miss Sawyer's Salve they would immediately purchase a box and never be without it. If your Druggist is out of this Salve and neglects to keep supplied, send seventy-five cents as directed in another column, and say you saw the advertisement in this paper. Not among the least of the invaluable properties of MISS SAWYER'S SALVE are its beneficial effects on the hair. Rubbed on the scalp in five or six different parts it promotes the growth of the hair, prevents its turning gray, and, on bald spots, it produces a new growth of hair. No lady should be without this invaluable article as an indispensable cosmetic for the toilet. It eradicates dandruff and disease from the head, and blotches and pimples from the face. 33tf

DEAD MEN TELL NO TALES: if they did, anathemas against the depleting lancet, the drastic purge, and the terrible salivants of the materia medica, would arise from every graveyard. The motto of modern medical science is "*Preserve and Regulate, not destroy,*" and no remedy of our day is so entirely in harmony with this philanthropiologic as DR. WALKER'S VEGETABLE VINEGAR BITTERS. In this powerful, yet harmless restorative, dyspepsia, billious complaints, and all diseases of the stomach, liver, bowels and nerves, encounter an irresistible antidote. 4w37.

THE HORSE AND HIS RIDER.—It was a happy day for the Horse and his rider when the Mustang Liniment was introduced as a cure for the external diseases and injuries of both. In the stable, the barn and the household this wonderful emollient is equally useful. If a horse is spavined, or foundered, or harness-galled, or afflicted with any other of the many superficial ills that equine flesh is heir to, the Liniment effects a speedy cure, and it is equally efficacious when applied to draught oxen or cows suffering from outward swellings, strains, or hurts of any description. As an application for bruises, cuts, burns, rheumatism, stiff joints, sprains, neuralgia, earache and toothache, it takes precedence for all other topical remedies, and is therefore an article of prime necessity in families.

Governor Perham has nominated E. M. Stilwell, esq. of Bangor, and Henry O. Stanley, esq., of Dixfield, as Fish Commissioners for the State.

A fire at Wing's Mills, Mt. Vernon, on Sunday, destroyed the saw mill, shingle mill, dam, &c., the property of Daniel M. Stevens. Loss between $5000 and $6000.

There is a universal expression of confidence in the virtue of the remedy known as Weeks' Magic Compound. The certainty and rapidity of its action upon diseases of the throat and lungs is remarkable.

I HAVE used Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites freely in my practice, both in diseases of the Chest, as Consumption and Bronchitis, &c., and in infantile diseases of the *primæ viæ*, or Stomach and Bowels, with eminent success, considering it superior to any similar preparation yet offered to the public.

CHANDLER CRANE, M. D., Halifax, N. S.

When Christians grow cold and neglectful of their own duties, they grow censorious toward each other. As love declines, the critical temper increases. All along the eaves of a cold church hang the sharp, piercing icicles of criticism and censoriousness.—[Rev. T. L. Cuyler.

California proposes to furnish the United States with all the figs it wants, in a year or two.

If you want to talk heavy science say "protoxyd of hydrogen," instead of "ice." It sounds bigger, and not one man in a thousand will know what you mean.

The Bible war has been renewed in the schools at Hunter's Point.

Charles Clement, a native of Belgrade Mills in this State, was accidently shot at Fort Scott, Kansas, on the 28th of last month.

There are probably not more than five hundred Christian Jews in the whole United States.

Genius unexerted is no more genius than a bushel of acorns is a forest of oaks.—Beecher.

The difficulty in life is the same as the difficulty in grammar—to know when to make the exceptions to the rule.—[Arthur Helps.

FIRE IN UNITY.—The house in Unity owned by Deputy Sheriff E. E. Hall was totally destroyed by fire on Monday night. Loss not stated; insured for $700.

The New York druggists sell enough opium to keep 10,000 habitual opium-eaters supplied. The habit is said to be increasing among Americans.

A Philadelphia ink-fiend has written "Lalicca, the Rejected of the Shawnees or the Hag of the Rocky Glen"

Horace Greeley lectures at Matawan to-night on "Wit." We are glad of it. We never did like those Matawaners.—[Newark Courier.

The lottery advertised at the East for the benefit of the Charity Hospital in San Francisco is a fraud. There is no such institution or lottery there.

Flattery—soft soap with "lye."

DISORDER and anarchy prevail throughout the Mexico Republic. Persons and property are outraged whenever the government troops are absent. Levies continue and the army increases, and despotic acts are committed by the authorities in many localities. Agriculture and industry are ruined.

On Friday the fifteenth inst. at midnight, the house of Mr. Green, of South Brooksville, was completely destroyed by fire,—the family, consisting of Mr. Green, wife, and their five children, (the wife and children in their night clothes) barely escaping from the house. Mr. Green was awakened by the crackling of the flames and the smell of smoke. Very little was saved from the house, but the barn was saved and afforded the sufferers a shelter, and otherwise they must have perished from the cold.

Intimate friends of Tweed and Sweeney say that these worthies have lost all their political ambition, and, like Jeff. Davis in the last ditch, earnestly desire to be let alone. Neither make any secret of their whereabouts. They are about town, but quiet and unobtrusive.

Relief Lodge of Masons, of Belgrade, have purchased a lot at Belgrade depot, and are making preparations to erect a building the present season two stories in height, containing a town hall on the ground floor and a hall for Masonic purposes above.

Mr. E. E. Wade, Principal of the Normal Department of the Maine Central Institute, died at Pittsfield at nine o'clock on Tuesday morning. He was a native of Foxcroft, and was a graduate of Bates College in the class of '70. He had been sick about two weeks with fever and congestion of the lungs.

The Aroostook Steamboat Company organized at Presqe Isle, have obtained a charter with the exclusive right to run steamers from Aroostook Falls to any distance up the stream for twenty-five years. This is an important move for the towns of Fort Fairfield, Caribou, Maysville, Presque Isle, Washburn, Mapleton, Castle Hill, Dalton and Masardis.

At Bangor the storm of Saturday night was the heaviest of the season. It lasted twelve hours, during which time some fifteen inches of snow fell. The roads are very badly blocked.

The correspondent of the Pall Mall Gazette relates the proceedings in the suit of the United States against Armand, the ship builder of Bordeaux, in 1868, to recover damages for depredations committed by the ram Stonewall, which escaped from Bordeaux. The case having been decided in favor of the defendant by a Tribunal of the Seine, Mr. Washburn has now carried the appeal to the Court of Cassation.

John W. Perkins, Esq., a leading merchant of Lewiston, and a Representative in the last Legislature from Auburn, died on Monday of congestion of the lungs.

The directors of the Maine Central Railroad Company have appointed Messrs. A. P. Morrill, Abner Coburn and George L. Ward a committee to make a searching investigation into the expenditures of the road for the purpose of making every possible retrenchment.

PITTSBURG, Pa., March 27.—Three passengers in a sleeping car from New York were robbed while en route here yesterday. The thieves obtained over a thousand dollars worth of watches, jewelry and money.

The biggest humbug unearthed lately, is that of the "Geneva Watch Company." Lots of these watches have been sold in this vicinity. They are an imitation of the Waltham Ellery movement. The cases are merely plated with silver.—[Lewiston Journal.

A large ærolite, weighing some hundred pounds or more fell a few days since on the prairie, about a hundred miles west of Atchison, presenting all the peculiarities of these singular visitors to our earth. The favorite theory is, that these meteoric stones, composed of silex, magnesia, sulphur, iron, nickel and some traces of chrome, are thrown off from the moon by volcanic action, and being projected beyond the sphere of the planet's attraction, may be brought within the influence of the earth, and thus draw towards it.

The Pennsylvania Legislature has repealed the charters of two of the infamous Medical Colleges which were such a disgrace to Philadelphia.

London is to day the largest city in the world. Rome, in its palmiest days, numbered in population only 1,200,000; the present population of Pekin is estimated at 2,000,000 that of London is over 3,000,000.

Reports from Brooklyn, Jersey City and other adjacent localities, as well as other health officials, show that the small pox is raging with unabated violence. In Hoboken, also the disease threatens to assume the form of an epidemic.

Mr. J. Bovee Dods, who died in Brooklyn, Friday, was once a Universalist preacher in this State, and was settled at Kenduskeag. He wrote some works in defence of Universalism but afterwards left that denomination and published works attacking his former position. He afterwards became interested in mesmerism and kindred topics, and was deposed from the ministry.

The boy Dunn, who recently stabbed his keeper in the house of refuge at Randall's Island, has been found guilty by the coroner's jury and committed for trial.

The stockholders of the Somerset & Kennebec and Portland & Kennebec Railroads, have voted to accept the Maine Central loan act passed at the last session of the Legislature and to join the Maine Central road, in a joint mortgage. The Leeds & Farmington and Androscoggin Railroads are yet to accept the provisions of the act.

ILLINOIS has a new medical law, which requires that all prescriptions shall be in English, and that all patent medicine men shall record with the county clerk, under oath, the ingredients of their compounds, in a book to be kept for the purpose, open for examination. This is a good enactment, and one which our legislators might well adopt.

REPORTS from the Indian Territory show that white "squatters" are trespassing and unlawfully taking possession of large tracks of land. They are in such force as to openly declare the Government will not presume to interfere with them after May 1st, by which time still greater numbers are expected. The report to Congress will probably receive prompt action.

NOTICES.

Twenty-eight Years' Practice

The treatment of Diseases incident to Females has placed DR. DOW at the head of all physicans making such practice a specialty and enables him to guarantee a speedy and permanent cure in the WORST CASES OF SUPPRESSION and all other Menstrual Derangements from whatever cause. All letters for advice must contain $1. Office, No. 9, Endicott street Boston.

N. B.—Board furnished to those desiring to remain under treatment.

Boston, July, 1871. sply2

Ayer's Hair Vigor.

FOR RESTORING GRAY HAIR TO ITS NATURAL VITALITY AND COLOR.

Advancing years, sickness, care, disappointment, and hereditary predisposition, all turn the hair gray: either of them disposes it to fall off prematurely, and either effect is unsightly and unpleasant to behold. DR. AYER'S consummate skill has produced an antidote for these deformities, which has won gratitude for him from multitudes of women and men. His HAIR VIGOR sometimes reproduces lost hair; and always restores to faded and gray hair its natural color, with the gloss and freshness of youth. The comparatively few bald and gray heads, that we now see, are those who have not yet discovered the rifues of AYER'S HAIR VIGOR for renewing the hair. The fresh and youthful hair we see on older heads is often the product of his art. If you are disfigured, or made old, austere and ugly, by gray hair, restore its youthful color, and with it your features to their original softness and agreeable expression.

As an elegant dressing for beautifying the Hair, it has no superior.

PREPARED BY

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Practical and Analytical Chemists,

AND SOLD ALL ROUND THE WORLD. 1y32eow

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

A medicine that cures is a real public blessing. AYER'S SARSAPARILLA makes positive cure of a series of complaints, which are always afflicting and too often fatal. It purifies the blood, purges out the lurking humors in the system, which undermine health and settle into troublesome disorders. Eruptions of the skin are the appearance on the surface of humors that should be expelled from the blood. Internal derangements are the determination of these same humors to some internal organ, or organs, whose action they derange and whose substance they disease and destroy.—AYER'S SARSAPARILLA expels these humors from the blood. When they are gone, the disorders they produce disappear, such as Ulceration of the Liver, Stomach Kidneys, Lungs, Eruptions and Eruptive Diseases of the Skin, St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Tumors, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Ulcers and Sores, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Pain in the Bones, Side and Head, Female Weakness, Sterility, Leucorrhœa arising from internal ulceration and uterine disease, Dropsy, Dyspepsia, Emaciation, and General Debility. With their departure health returns. 32

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE. 1y32 3ww

Born.

In this village, March 12th, to the wife of Mr. George Stackpole, a daughter.

Marriages.

In this village, Wednesday evening, by Rev. Mr. Hill, Mr. A. L. Douglass and Miss Jennie E. Field, daughter of Mrs. Mary J. Field.

In Skowhegan, March 20th, by Rev. Wm. Nutting, Mr. Theophilus Gilman, and Miss Lillian Garland, both of S.

Deaths.

In this village, March 23, Blanche F. Hill, daughetr of Mr. James P. Hill, aged 5 years, 11 months.

In Clinton, March 20th, of congestion of the lungs, after a brief illness, Col. Moses Starbird, aged 71 years and 6 months.

In Sidney, March, at the residence of Mr. Blanchard, her brother-in-law, Mrs. Louisa Osgood, wife of Mr. Hazen Osgood, of Bethel, aged 43 years.

In North Cornville, March 16th, Dea. Daniel Paine, aged 65 years.

DISSOLUTION.

THE Co-partnership heretofore existing under the name and style of JOS. H HATCH & CO., is this day by mutual consent dissolved.

JOS. H. HATCH,
EMILUS N. SMALL.

Feb. 19th, 1872.

THE undersigned will continue the Dry Goods Business, at the old store in Hatch's Block.

West Waterville, Feb. 19, 1872. 39 E. N. SMALL.

LOW & CO.'S

WILD CHERRY BITTERS

An excellent SPRING MEDICINE for the cure of

Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Dizziness, Headache, Loss of Appetite, General Debility, &c.

They are a gentle laxative and cleanse the stomach and bowels, promote digestion and restore the system to a healthy condition.

Prepared and sold only by 3m39

IRA H. LOW & CO.,

Phenix Block, Waterville. Apothecaries.

Chamois Skins,

SPONGES,

Genuine Castile Soap,
Neats-foot Oil Soap,
Pure Neats-foot Oil,
Pure Sperm Oil,
Pure Lard Oil,

Horse Brushes, Mane Brushes, Curry Combs, Cards.

ALL FOR SALE CHEAP AT

IRA H. LOW & CO'S Drug Store. 4w38

HALF A MILLION DELIGHTED READERS

of SOPHIE MAY'S POPULAR BOOKS, the "Dotty Dimple" and "Little Prudy Stories" for young people, will rejoice to learn that

ANOTHER GREAT TRIUMPH

has been achieved by

SOPHIE MAY'S

"grown up" story,

THE DOCTOR'S DAUGHTER,

One Handsome Illustrated volume, cloth, $1.50, just issued, which has already had a very large sale and which is winning golden opinions from the critics of the press.

Do not fail to read it!

All the tenderness, earnestness, and jollity which characterize her writings for young folks, and which causes them to be as eagly sought by parents as children, abound in this story for older readers.

"Bright as a sunbeam, natural as life itself, unpretending as real goodness, and sanitary as the personal effect of pure spring water."—[Boston Transcript

"The book is made up of wholesome, commonplace experiences, so charmingly told that from first to last the interest never lessens."—[Hearth and Home.

"All the young girls of our acquaintance pronounce it splendid"—[Portland Transcript.

"The Doctor's Daughter" should be classed with such books as Mrs. Whitney's "Real Folks" and Miss Alcott's "Little Women," and high praise as it may seem, we feel inclined to say it is equal to either of the stories mentioned.—[Crocker's Literary World.

In Press by the same Author, } "OUR HELEN."

☞ Sold by all Booksellers and Newsdealers, and sent by mail, post paid, on receipt of price, $1.50.

LEE & SHEPARD, Publishers, 145 Washington Street, Boston. 4w38

WILBOR'S

COD LIVER OIL AND LIME.

The great popularity of this safe and efficacious preparation is alone attributable to its intrinsic worth. In the cure of Coughs, Colds, Asthmas, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Scrofulous Humors, and all Consumptive Symptoms, it has no superior if equal. Let no one neglect the early symptoms of disease, when an agent is thus at hand which will alleviate all complaints of the Chest, Lungs or Throat. Manufactured only by A. B. WILBOR, Chemist, No. 168 Court Street, Boston. Sold by all druggists. 4w38

BILL HEADS!

Of all Quality, Style and Prices

AT THE MAIL OFFICE.

MISS SAWYER'S SALVE.

HERE you have a salve combining soothing and healing properties, with no dangerous ingredient. A remedy at hand for the many pains and aches, wounds and bruises to which flesh is heir. Is more easily applied than many other remedies, never producing a bad effect, but always relieving pain, however severe.

It is prepared by *Miss Sawyer*, who has used it in her own extensive treatment of the sick, for nearly twenty years, with great success.

The principal diseases for which this salve is recommended are, *Chilblains, Rheumatism, Piles, Scrofula, Old Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Sprains, Burns, Fever Sores, Felons, Pimples, Erysipelas, Sore Eyes, Barber's Itch, Deafness, Boils, Ringworms, Corns, Bites of Insects, Cancers, Toothache, Earache, Sore Nipples, Baldness, Swollen Breasts, Itch, Scald Head, Teething, Chapped Hands, Scalds, Cuts, Bruises, Croup, Cracked Lips,* and *Sores on Children*

It never fails to cure Rheumatism if properly applied. Rub it on well with the hand three times a day. In several cases it has cured palsied limbs. For *Piles* it has been discovered to be a sure remedy. Persons that have been afflicted for years have been relieved by a few applications. For *Erysipelas* it works wonders, allaying the inflammation and quieting the patient. For *Chapped Hands* it produces a cure immediately. Let those with *Salt Rheum* obtain this Salve, and apply it freely, and they will find it invaluable. It is good in cases of *Scrofula* and *Tumors. Cancers* have been cured with it. The best Salve ever invented for *Swollen Breast* and *Sore Nipples*. No way injurious, but sure to afford relief. *Sore* or *Weak Eyes*—Rub it on the lids gently, once or twice a day. Cures deafness by putting in the ears on a piece of cotton. For *Felons* this is superior to anything known. For *Pimples* this acts like a charm. For *Burns* and *Scalds*, apply the Salve at once and it gives immediate relief. For *Old Sores*, apply once a day.

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Gen. J. P. Cilley and wife,	Dr. E. P. Chase and wife,
Capt. J. Crocker and wife,	J. Wakefield and wife,
Capt. David Ames and wife,	Wm. Beattie and wife,
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E. R. Spear,	John S. Case and wife,
A. S. Rice,	H. W. Wight and wife,
Geo. W. Kimball, Jr. (Mayor of Rockland) and wife,	W. O. Fuller and wife,
	Thomas Colson and wife,
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These Tablets present the Acid in Combination with other efficient remedies, in a popular form, for the Cure of all THROAT and LUNG diseases

HOARSENESS and ULCERATION of the THROAT are immediately relieved, and statements are constantly being sent to the proprietor of relief in cases of Throat difficulties of years standing.

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sighs the weary and exhausted one, as the languor and lassitude of spring comes upon him. Come and receive vigor and strength from the wonderful South American TONIC

JURUBEBA.

Long and successfully used in its native country, as a powerful Tonic, and Potent Purifier of the Blood, it is found even to exceed the anticipations founded on its great reputation. According to the medical and scientific periodicals of London and Paris it possesses the MOST POWERFUL TONIC properties known to MATERIA MEDICA.

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is a perfect remedy for all diseases of the BLOOD, ORGANIC WEAKNESS, GLANDULOUS TUMORS, DROPSY, SCROFULA, INTERNAL ABSCESSES, and will remove all obstructions of the LIVER, SPLEEN, INTESTINES, UTERINE and URINARY ORGANS.

It is strengthening and nourishing. Like nutricious food, taken into the stomach, it assimilates and diffuses itself through the circulation giving vigor and health.

It regulates the bowels, quiets the nerves, acts directly on the secretive organs, and by its powerful Tonic and restoring effects, produces healthy and vigorous action to the whole system.

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AGENTS wanted for the BRIGHT SIDE OF NEW YORK, a Library of information pertaining to its Institutions and Objects of Interest. See that the book you get is by Rev. J. F. Richmond, 5 years a City Missionary. A work worth having and not a Sensation book. 200 Engravings. Agents sell 40 a day. H. B. TREAT, Publisher, 805 Broadway, N. Y. 4w37

WATER BURNHAM'S

MISCELLANY.

PROSODY.

The following rhymed rebuke of common errors of pronunciation will be found useful to many people:

THERE was a girl, and she was fair to see,
Whose classic *somen* was Eurydice:
As full of mischief, like to most young ladies,
Sometimes raising Cain, and sometimes Hades.
This smiling beauty, though she gained eclat,
To use hyperbole, concealed a claw.
A flirt she was—and thought no sin to be—
Though driving lovers into syncope.
She flattered some, though always "sine die,"
Until they all were crowned with misery.
She danced and waltzed until quite sick was she,
(Her Goddess was Terpsichore;)
But soon got well, and ate her hominy,
With all the tragic airs of great Melpomene.
Her mind, sometimes on Jupiter and Io,
Would dwell—mixed up with Virgo and with Leo;
Her favorite book was Don Quixote,
Although prone to think him rough and haughty,
Still from her lips, to hear a diatribe,
Was worth the world and all the rest beside.

A maid she had; fat, fair and fancy free,
Rejoicing in the name Euphrosyne;
This demoiselle thought herself a Phryne,
Though her mistress called her "stupid ninny."
Her favorite author was Dumas Fils—
(Each well-thumbed work was spotted o'er with grease,)
And then she owned a small epitome,
Of Ancient Rome, which was a sight to see.
She knew but little of Professor Blot,
Her cooking was indifferently slow,
But her chief care was on the household Lares,
Round which she bustled like a hundred faries.
In short, take her in all, 'twas plain to see
She favored Juno more than Niobe.

Eurydice, at length, was strange to say,
Enchanted with a man, and brought to bay;
Henceforth her constant trouble was to be,
How best to imitate Calliope.
While her fair maid, we scarce need indicate,
Brought her Penates to the Syndicate.
And helped their Epithalamium to sing,
Though not the least connected with "the Ring"
Eurydice, farewell! and you too, fair Euphrosyne!
Forgive us that we use your names, to air our prosody.
—*Henry Cooper.*

THE EFFECT OF MAINE WINTERS.—It is remarked that in California, where there is no sharp contrast in the season, men live much too fast, and soon exhaust the forces of physical life. It is not so in Maine. People do, indeed, complain that the winter is so long that they eat up all they can make in the summer, but they have many compensations. They have time to think, to read, to enjoy themselves. They are forced to do the one thing which Americans so constantly neglect, to make home pleasant. This compels them to make much of small things. It leads to a distinctness and individuality of character which is very wholesome. Maine people have that separateness from others—their own way of doing things—more than most persons I have met. They are sharp, keen, independent, self-reliant, and while this is the characteristic of men, the women are said by such an authority as Mrs. Livermore, the well-known Boston Lecturer, to be more intelligent and cultivated than in any other State in the Union. This is high praise, but the results of my own observaation lead to the same conclusion. The peculiar conditions of life in Maine, and these very long winters do tend to produce a very hardy and distinct and noble type of character.—[Correspondence of N. Y. Evening Mail.

THE Maine Central have voted to issue bonds not exceeding $9,000,000, on forty years, at 7 per cent. for the purpose of retiring the bonded indebtedness of the road and its branches and for putting the road and its equipment in first class condition. Artemas Libby, Esq., of Augusta, on the part of the Portland & Kennebec Company, Hon. J. H. Drummond of Portland, on the part of the Maine Central Company, and Mr. G. C. Moses on the part of the Androscoggin Company, were made Trustees of the bonds. It is claimed that this restriction upon the amount of bonds will materially increase their value and prompt sale.

DR. HOLMES says there are people who think that an educator or physician can do almost anything, if he is called in season. But "in season," the shrewd doctor thinks, would often be a hundred or two years before the child was born—and people never send so early as that.

"For my own part, I say in all solemnity, I have lived to become sincerely suspicious of the piety of those who do not love pleasure in any form. I cannot trust the man that never laughs, that is always sedate; that has no apparent outlet for those natural springs of sportiveness and gayety that are perennial in the human soul. I know that Nature takes her revenge on such violence; I expect to find secret vices, malignant sins, or horrid crimes spring up in this hot-bed of confined air and imprisoned space; and, therefore it gives me a sincere moral gratification anywhere, in any community, to see innocent pleasures and popular amusements resisting the religious bigotry that frowns so unwisely upon them. Anything is better than dark, dead unhappy social life—a prey to *ennui* and morbid excitement, which result from unmigitated Puritanism, whose second crop is usually license and unmitigated folly."—[Rev. Dr. Bellows.

The latest "college joke" was the attempt to set fire to University Hall at Harvard College early Friday morning. A lot of paper, wood, candles, and other light material were found piled against the front door, while both these and the door itself were saturated with kerosene and then set fire to.

A correspondent of the Country Gentleman had four horses that contracted the habit of crib-biting. He painted the wood-work of the stable with crude petroleum, and was amused by the grimaces of the animals over the smell and taste, but rejoiced that it effected a cure.

The North Star says in the northern part of New Sweden, between two branches of the Little Madawaska, and about five miles from the Capitol, is a settlement of Swedes which numbers over fifty souls, all from the province of Jemtland in old Sweden. Therefore the settlement is called New Jemtland.

It is a common practice to insulate lightning rods from the buildings which they are wanted to protect by thin rings of glass. Their utility may be inferred from the circumstance that the University of Pennsylvania has an electric machine, which gives a spark that will pierce a plate of glass eight inches thick. If a human invention is so powerful, what resistance can an insulator offer to a bolt from the clouds?

A New York farmer laughed when his wife told him not to smoke on a load of hay. He walked home that night with most of his clothes a prey to fire, his hair singed, and the iron parts of his wagon in a potato sack; and then his wife laughed.

A man in Corinna has been told by spirits that a lake of quicksilver is beneath his house. He began digging in his cellar about two years ago, and has penetrated over sixty feet. He is guided by his daughter, a girl of twelve or fourteen, who has obtained some celebrity as a clairvoyant.

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Furniture, Carpets, Crockery, Glass Ware, and House Furnishing Goods.

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PARLOR SETS—Hair cloth, Rep and Terry. CHAMBER SETS—Walnut Chestnut and Pine. Lounges, Mirrors, and Dining-room Furniture.

The best assortment of Tapestry, Three Ply, Ingrain, Hemp, Straw, and Oil Cloth

CARPETS,
on the river AT LOWEST PRICES.

Feathers, Mattresses and Bedding; Crockery, Glass Ware, and House Furnishing Goods of all kinds.

Cutlery and Plated Ware
Chandeliers, Brackets and Lamps, in great variety.
LACE CURTAINS AND PAINTED SHADES.
CORNICES AND CURTAIN FIXTURES of all kinds.

A large stock of
Caskets and Coffins
always on hand

REPAIRING AND JOBBING
Of all kinds, promptly done by a good workman.
43 Waterville, April 20, 1871.

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Attorney and Counsellor at Law.
OFFICE IN PHENIX BLOCK,
WATERVILLE,.....MAINE.
☞ Special attention given to collecting and conveyancing.

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MRS. S. W. WILLIAMS
Informs the Ladies of Waterville and vicinity that she has the Agency of Madame Demorest's
"Patterns for the Million,"
comprising all the latest and most desirable styles for LADIES' AND CHILDRENS' DRESSES.
These patterns are reliable, cut with precision in the best styles, and adapted to the season. Ladies are invited to call and examine illustrations and descriptions.
Mrs. Williams is Agent for the
New Wilson Sewing Machine,
the first and only First Class Low Priced Sewing Machine yet offered having the "Drop Feed."
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THE subscriber has been appointed SPECIAL AGENT of the
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One of the best companies doing business in the country.—Every policy is registered in the Insurance Department of the State of New York, and secured like the circulation of National Banks, by pledge of Public Stocks; will also take risks in the Hartford and Etna Fire Insurance Companies on favorable terms. Patronage is respectfully solicited.
Waterville, August, 1871.—3 JOS. PERCIVAL.

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LEATHER--STOCKING NOVELS.

"THE ENDURING MONUMENTS OF FENIMORE COOPER ARE HIS WORKS. WHILE THE LOVE OF COUNTRY CONTINUES TO PREVAIL, HIS MEMORY WILL EXIST IN THE HEARTS OF THE PEOPLE. SO TRULY PATRIOTIC AND AMERICAN THROUGHOUT, THEY SHOULD FIND A PLCE IN EVERY AMERICAN'S LIBRARY."—Daniel Webster.

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THE subscribers have at their brick-yard, on the road leading from Fairfield to West Waterville, about three miles from Waterville village, good merchantable Brick which they will sell at reasonable prices. The brick will be delivered, if desired.
TUPPER & MARSTON.
Waterville, March, 1872. 3w38

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IN MERCHANTS' ROW, MAIN ST.,
OPPOSITE ESTY AND KIMBALL'S STORE!
WATERVILLE, MAINE.
Dr. Thayer may be found at his office or at his home opposite the Baptist Church except when absent on professional business.
Dec., 1871.

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has moved his
MUSIC STORE
to Prof. Lyford's Brick Block, nearly opposite his former place of business, where he will keep a stock of first class
Pianofortes, Organs, Melodeons,
and SMALL MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,
which will be sold as low as can be bought elsewhere. There are advantages in buying near home.
Also a large stock of SHEET MUSIC MUSIC BOOKS, et
The celebrated
ELIAS HOWE SEWING MACHINES,
BUTTRIC'S PATTERNS OF GARMENTS.
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YOU can get a pair of New York Boots at
49 O. F. MAYO'S, opposite the P O.

ARCTIC OVERS.
FOR Men, Women and Misses, selling cheap,
At MAXWELL'S.

HOUSE-KEEPING GOODS
In infinite variety, at
J. F. ELDEN'S.

WANTED.
10 EXPERIENCED SHIRT IRONERS. Apply to or address GOODWIN, WAIT & FERGUSON,
31tf Lewiston, Maine.

Kendall's Mills Column.

LAWRENCE & BLACKWELL,
DEALERS IN
Flour, Grain, Meal, Feed,
AND GROUND PLASTER.
AT THE GRIST MILL,
KENDALL'S MILLS.
A first class stock of the above constantly on hand, which will be sold at the lowest living prices.
☞ GIVE US A CALL 1tf

E. R. MAYO.
Oyster & Eating-House,
CORNER BRIDGE AND WATER STREET
KENDALL'S MILLS, ME.

REMOVAL.
DR. A. PINKHAM.
SURGEON DENTIST,
KENDALL'S MILLS, ME.
Has removed to his new office,
NO. 17 NEWHALL ST.,
First door north of Brick Hotel, where he continues to execute all orders for those in need of dental services.

E. W. McFADDEN.
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
AND
Insurance and Real Estate Agent,
KENDALL'S MILLS, ME.

The Great Drouth of 1871
HAS proved a severe blow to many, but instead of despairing and moving to Aroostook or out west, let all say we will give old Kennebec county one more trial.
Meantime keep it before the people that they can buy of
C. H. REDINGTON,
FURNITURE
Of every description, from the best Parlor Suits to the smallest chair.
Lounges, ed Sofas, Chamber Suits, Cane and Wood Chairs, Hat Trees, Whatnots, Marble Top and Walnut Center Tables, Extension Tables, Walnut, Ash and Chestnut, French and Cottage Bedsteads.
And everything kept in the best Furniture Stores.
CARPETING,
Three Plys, Tapistry, Ingrain, Hemp, Straw, Oil Cloths, &c., &c., &c. Rugs, Mats, Carpet Lining, &c, &c.
CROCKERY,
French China, Ironstone, Figured and Plain: also common White and Yellow ware, Cuspadors, Flower Pots, Vases, &c.
SHADES AND CURTAIN FIXTURES, Tassels, Cord, &c.
GLASS WARE, new and beautiful designs at mere nominal prices.
TABLE CUTLERY, Silver Plated Ware. Rogers' best.
MATRESSES, Hair, Sponge, Wool, Husk and Excelsior.
SPRING BEDS, various kinds.
FEATHERS, all grades. LAMPS and belongings.
MIRRORS, all sizes. Mirror Plates set to order.
All goods used in Housekeeping sold at drouth prices, so that all thinking of getting married need not hesitate on account of prices.
CASKETS AND COFFINS,
All sizes always on hand, Rosewood, Walnut, Whitewood, Elm, Birch and Pine, trimmed in the very best manner and at prices one half less than at other places. I will guarantee that the price of Casket and Coffins will be satisfactory.
Extra Large Sizes always on hand.
ROBES AND SHROUDS.
I will say to all in need of any goods in my line that I will sell them at such prices as will defy competition, and you will be satisfied that you get the full value of your money.
☞ Just examine and judge for yourself.
C. H. REDINGTON.
Opposite the Express Office. Plaisted's building, Main St.

☞ BEAR IN MIND,
Ye who want
Job Printing!
PLAIN or FANCY — FINE or COARSE,
THAT AT
The Mail Office,
With its late well selected additions of choice
NEW TYPE,
and
SUPERIOR FAST ROTARY PRESS,
YOU WILL FIND
The Neatest and Choicest Work,
and the
Very Lowest Prices.
(Remember!)

MAINE CENTRAL RAILROAD.
Winter Arrangement.--1871-2.
The new line of road between Danville and Cumberland, will be opened on Monday the 18th inst, and on and after that date, trains for Portland and Boston, via new road and Lewiston, will leave upper depot at 10.45 A. M.; lower depot 10.45 A. M., via Augusta.
For Bangor and east and Skowhegan, leave upper depot at 4.53 P. M., lower depot at 4.52 P. M.
Mixed train for Bangor, Belfast and east, upper depot at 7.10, A. M.
Night Express, with sleeping car, for Boston, via Augusta, leaves lower depot at 9.15 P. M.
Trains will be due from Portland and Boston at upper depot at 4.53 P. M.; lower depot at 4.52 P. M. Night Express from Boston at 5 A. M. daily, except Monday.
Mixed trains from Bangor at 6.30 P. M.
Freight trains for Portland via Lewiston, leaves upper depot at 5 A. M., and through freight for Boston, same depot at 9.40 A. M. Lower depot for Portland, via Augusta, at 7.45 A. M.
Freight train from Portland will be due at upper depot at 1.35 P. M., and through freight from Boston at 10.45 A. M. From Portland via Augusta, lower depot, 1.50 P. M.
EDWIN NOYES, Supt.
Nov., 1871 L. L. LINCOLN, Ass't. Supt.

FOR BOSTON
The new and superior sea-going Steamers JOHN BROOKS, and MONTREAL, having been fitted up at great expense as follows:
Leave Atlantic wharf, Portland, at 7 o'clock and India Wharf, Boston, every day at 5 o'clock, P. M. (Sundays excepted)
Fare in Cabin, ... $1.50
Deck Fare, ... 1.00
Sept 11, 1871. BILLING.

MAINE STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
NEW ARRANGEMENT.
SEMI-WEEKLY LINE.
On and after the 18th inst, the fine steamer Dirigo and Franconia, will until further notice run as follows.
Leave Galts Wharf, Portland, every MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 5 P. M., and leave Pier 38 E. R. New York, every MONDAY and Thursday, at 3 P. M.
The Dirigo and Franconia are fitted with fine accommodations for passengers, making this the most convenient and comfortable route for travellers between New York and Maine.
Passage in State Room $5 Cabin Passage $4. Meals extra.
Goods forwarded to and from Montreal, Quebec, Halifax, St. John, and all parts of Maine. Shippers are requested to send their freight to the Steamer as early as 4 P. M., on the day they leave Portland.
For freight or passage apply to
HENRY FOX, Galt's Wharf, Portland.
39 J. E. AMES, Pier 38 E. R. New York.

All Right, Again!
WM. L. MAXWELL
having procured two
FIRST CLASS
WORKMEN,
is ready to fill all orders on Pegged Calf Boots at the shortest notice possible. Also
REPAIRING
done in the neatest manner at short notice.
Or if you want ready made
BOOTS & SHOES,
Or
RUBBER BOOTS & SHOES
of most any kind, call at Maxwell's and get them, for he has got the largest stock and best assortment to be found in town, and of a superior quality.
ARCTIC OVERS,
Congress and Buckle, Men's, Womens' and Misses', which will be sold low for cash.
Nov. 10, 1870. 20

BILL HEADS!
Of all Quality, Style and Prices
AT THE MAIL OFFICE.

THE RISING SUN STOVE POLISH.
For Beauty of Polish, Saving Labor, Cleanliness, Durability & Cheapness, Unequaled.
BEWARE OF WORTHLESS IMITATIONS, under other names, but resembling ours in shape and color of wrapper intended to deceive.
THE RISING SUN POLISH IN BULK, for stove dealers' use, at twelve cents per pound—twenty-five and fifty pound boxes. "Cheaper than any other Bulk Polish for nothing."
THE RISING SUN LUMBER PENCIL.—No Sharpening. Cheap and Durable—supercedes other articles for purpose.
THE RISING SUN BLACK LEAD LUBRICATOR. For axles, bearings and machinery. Lasts six times as long as oil alone. 25 lb. and 50 lb. boxes, 15 cents per lb. Try it.
MORSE BROS., Prop'rs., Canton, Mass.

MADAM FOY'S
Corset Skirt Supporter
Combines in one garment an Elegantly Fitting Corset and a Perfect Skirt Supporter, and is just the article needed by every lady who consults HEALTH, COMFORT and STYLE. The most desirable of the kind ever offered to the public.
FOR SALE BY
MRS. S. E. PERCIVAL.

"COMFORT BOOTS."
A FEW more of those Comfort Boots, for ladies,
At MAXWELL'S.

Piano Tuning.
Pianos tuned in a thorough and faithful manner by the subscriber. Orders left at the Bookstore of C. K. Mathews, Waterville, promptly attended to.
15 M. C. MILLIKEN, of Augusta.

N. C. FRENCH,
House Carpenter, Draughtsman, and Builder
HAS taken a shop on Temple Street, near Main, and is ready to answer all orders for
Carpenter Work, Building, Repairing, Jobbing, &c.
and will endeavor to execute it promptly and in a workmanlike manner. He is ready to contract for the erection of buildings, &c., and having had considerable experience, he is confident that he can give satisfaction to his employers.
DRAUGHTING AND DESIGNING done and Plans of Buildings furnished at reasonable rates.
Waterville, Sept. 20, 1871. 13tf

CROCKERY and GLASS WARE
in great variety, at
J. F. ELDEN'S.

Caskets and Coffins
At REDINGTON'S.
I HAVE a first class workman who thoroughly understands his business, and I will furnish Caskets and Coffins of all sizes and kinds trimmed and lined in the very best manner at prices that will be entirely satisfactory. I will furnish the very same kind of Caskets that is sold in Augusta and other towns, for less than one half what they charge.
Extra sizes always on hand. Robes and Shrouds.
26 C. H. REDINGTON.

Caskets, Coffins and Robes.
I HAVE a man who understands finishing and trimming Caskets and Coffins in the very best manner, and I will sell them at prices that cannot fail to satisfy every body.
J. F. ELDEN.

KENNEBEC COUNTY.—In Probate Court at Augusta, on the second Monday of March, 1872.
COLBY C. CORNISH, administrator on the estate of JOSEPH EATON, late of Winslow, in said county, deceased, having presented his first account of administration of the estate of said deceased for allowance:
ORDERED, That notice thereof be given three weeks successively prior to the second Monday of April next, in the Mail, a newspaper printed in Waterville, that all persons interested may attend at a Court of Probate then to be holden at Augusta, and show cause, if any, why the same should not be allowed.
H. K. BAKER, Judge.
ATTEST: CHARLES HEWINS, Register. 39

LATHAM'S
Cathartic Extract
No Family can afford to be withou this
Valuable Medicine.
It clears the Brain, relieves the Burdened System, cure Constipation, Sick Headache, Billiousness, and all Humor and Impurities of the Blood.
As a medicine for Children it has no equal.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.
PRICE, ... 50 CENTS.

STAGNATION in the blood tends to produce nine-tenths of the diseases "flesh is their to." This, however, is obviated WITHOUT DEBILITATING the system by administrating LATHAM'S CATHARTIC EXTRACT.

ECONOMY IS WEALTH.—A bottle of LATHAM'S CATHARTIC EXTRACT will preserve the health of most families for an entire year. All the Druggists have it.

EMPLOYMENT.
TO energetic men and women, we will give employment that pays from $4 to $8 per day. Business strictly honorable, and will pay in every city, town and village. Send stamp for sample and particulars, and go to work at once. Address
J. LATHAM & CO.,
292 Washington St., BOSTON, MASS.

DR. G. S. PALMER,
DENTAL OFFICE,
over
ALDEN'S JEWELRY STORE,
opp. People's Nat'l Bank
WATERVILLE ME
Chloroform, Ether or Nitrous Oxide Gas administered when desired

Dissolution.
Having purchased the interest of my late partner in the firm of MAYO BROTHERS, I respectfully inform the public that I shall continue to carry on the
BOOT & SHOE BUSINESS,
AT
The Old Stand opposite the Post Office.
Where will be found a full assortment of
BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS,
For Ladies', Gentlemen's & Children's Wear.
I shall endeavor to keep the largest and best selected assortment of Ladies', Misses and Children's Boots, Shoes and Rubbers to be found in Waterville,
And shall manufacture to measure
GENTLEMEN'S CALF BOOTS,
BOTH PEGGED AND SEWED.
Aiming to do a cash business hereafter, I shall of course be able to give customers even better terms than heretofore, and trust by prompt attention to business and fair dealing to deserve and receive a liberal share of public patronage.
Waterville, Aug. 5, 1871. O. F. MAYO.
THE above change of business, makes it necessary to settle all the old accounts of the firm, and all indebted are requested to call and pay their bills immediately.
9 O. F. MAYO.

CARDS!
ALL KINDS.
Wedding,
Address,
Traveling.
Business,
Tags,
Tickets,
&c., &c. &c.
Done in the neatest style and at the lowest rates,
AT THE MAIL OFFICE.

NOTICE.
Particular attention given to the manufacture of
MEN'S AND BOY'S
Calf and Kip Boots
TO ORDER,
Of the best stock and at the lowest prices,
At MAXWELL'S.

NE PLUS ULTRA,
A NEW GLEE BOOK,
WITH PIANO ACCOMPANIMENT.
Price. $1.50 each; $15 per dozen.
Wherever the "NE PLUS ULTRA" GLEE-BOOK has been introduced, it has been pronounced superior to all other works of its kind. It is the largest, latest, finest, and only collection of new Glees and Quartets, nearly all of which have Piano Accompaniments, *ad lib.*
SAMPLE COPIES MAILED POST PAID, FOR $1.50.
J. L. PETERS, 599 Broadway, New York

☞ All are invited
to call and examine the
ORIENTAL,
now on exhibition, at
ARNOLD & MEADER'S.
NO ONE SHOULD FAIL TO SEE IT. 20

FOR SALE
OR TO LET.
THE HOUSE of the late Ivory Low, Esq., on College Street. will be sold on easy terms. If not sold, will be let, and possession given the 8th of August.
July 14, 1871. 3tf J. P. BLUNT, EX'R.

BOOTS & SHOES.
YOU WILL FIND the largest and best selected stock of Ladies', Misses' and Children's wear in town,
At O. F. MAYO'S, opp. the P. O.

CALL AT O. F. MAYO'S.
AND get a pair of Gent's fine hand made Shoes.

NEW CHANDELIERS AND LAMP GOODS
Just received at
J. F. ELDEN'S.

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN PATENTS.
R. H. EDDY,
SOLICITOR OF PATENTS
For Inventions, Trade Marks, or Designs,
No. 76 State Street, opposite Kilby Street,
BOSTON,
AFTER an extensive practice of upward of thirty years, continues to secure Patents in the United States; also in Great Britian, France and other foreign countries. Caveats, Specifications, Assignments, and all papers for Patents executed on reasonable terms, with dispatch. Researches made to determine the validity and utility of Patents of Inventions, and legal and other advice rendered in all matters touching the same. Copies of the claims of any patent furnished by remitting one dollar. Assignments recorded in Washington.
No Agency in the United States possesses superior facilities for obtaining Patents, or ascertaining the patentably of Inventions.
All necessity of a journey to Washington to procure a Patent, and the usual great delay there, are here saved inventors
TESTIMONIALS.
"I regard Mr. Eddy as one of the most capable and successful practitioners with whom I have had official intercourse.
CHARLES MASON, Commissioner of Patents."
"I have no hesitation in assuring inventors that they cannot employ a man more competent and trustworthy, and more capable of putting their applications in a form to secure for them an early and favorable consideration at the Patent Office.
EDMUND BURKE,
Late Commissioner of Patents."
"Mr. R. H. EDDY has made for me over THIRTY applications for Patents, having been successful in almost every case. Such unmistakable proof of great talent and ability on his part, leads me to recommend all inventors to apply to him to procure their patents, as they may be sure of having the most faithful attention bestowed on their cases, and at very reasonable charges.
Boston, Jan. 1, 1872.—1y28 JOHN TAGGART."

CAUTION
TO FEMALES IN DELICATE HEALTH.
DR. DOW, Physician and Surgeon, No. 7 Endicott Street, Boston, is consulted daily, for all diseases incident to the female system. Prolapsus Uteri or Falling of the Womb, Fluor Albus, Suppression and other Menstrual Derangements, are all treated on new and pathological principles, and speedy relief guaranteed in a very few days. So invariably certain is the new mode of treatment, that most obstinate complaints yield under it, and the afflicted person soon rejoices in perfect health.
Dr. Dow has no doubt had greater experience, in the cure of diseases of women than any other physician in Boston.
Boarding accommodation for patients who may wish to stay in Boston a few days under his treatment.
Dr. Dow, since 1845, having confined his whole attention to an office practice for the cure of Private Diseases and Female Complaints, acknowledges no superior in the United States.
N. B.—All letters must contain one dollar, or they will not be answered.
Office hours from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.
Boston, July 25, 1871. 1y6

A LECTURE
TO YOUNG MEN.
Just Published, in a Sealed Envelope. Price six cents.
A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse, &c.—By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., Author of the "Green Book," &c.
The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequence of Self Abuse may be effectually removed without medicines, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings, or cordials, pointing out a mode of cure at once certain, and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically. THIS LECTURE WILL PROVE A BOON TO THOUSANDS AND THOUSANDS.
Sent, under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, postpaid on receipt of six cents, or two post stamps.
Also, Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents. Address the publishers,
18 CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, New York, Post-Office Box 4,586.

BOSTON MEDICAL INSTITUTE
24 TEMPLE PLACE, BOSTON, MASS.
The object in establishing this Institution was to attain the greatest perfection in the preparation, practice and use of Vegetable Remedies, and to secure a permanent place where Families, Invalids, or any person could obtain the best medical advice, and such remedies as each might require, without the use of poisonous drugs.
Dr. Greene has been Physician of the Institute since its foundation, now more than twenty-five years. Few men have had so large experience in the treatment of chronic diseases. Dr. Greene is in his fifty-fifth year and has devoted his life to this branch of his profession, and his success, we believe is without parallel.
Among the diseases to which he gives especial attention may be noticed Cancer, Scrofula, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Consumption, Heart Disease, Neuralgia, Asthma, Nervousness, Rheumatism, Paralysis, Spinal Diseases, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Female Complaints, Faint Stomach, Erysipelas, White Swelling, Salt Rheum, Canker, Deafness, Kidney Diseases, Seminal Weakness, &c.
Dr. Greene's Medical Pamphlet, descriptive of diseases and their proper treatment, will be sent free to invalids.
Address, R. GREENE, M. D.,
34 Temple Place, Boston., Mass.

A NEW SLEIGH,
VERY little used, for sale CHEAP. Inquire of
25 J. F. ELDEN.

NEW CARPETS.
Beautiful Patterns, at
J. F. ELDEN'S.

YOU CAN BUY GOODS
AS CHEAP
OF O. F. MAYO
As at any place on the River.

Sash, Doors,
BLINDS AND WINDOW FRAMES
THE undersigned at his New Factory at Crommett's Mills, Waterville, is making, and will keep constantly on hand all the above articles of various sizes, the prices of which will be found as low as the same quality of work can be bought any where in the State. The Stock and workmanship will be of the first quality, and our work is warranted to be what it is represented to be.
☞ Our Doors will be kiln-dried with DRY HEAT, and not with steam. Orders solicited by mail or otherwise.
J. FURBISH.
Waterville, August, 1870. 4tf

HOUSE, SIGN AND CARRIAGE
PAINTING,
ALSO GRAINING, GLAZING AND PAPERING
G. H. ESTY
continues to meet all orders in the above line, in a manner that has given satisfaction to the best employers for a period that indicates some experience in the business.
Orders promptly attended to on application at his shop Main Street, opposite Marston's Block
WATERVILLE,

THE RICHMOND RANGE.
SO highly praised by those who have used and said to surpass all other Stoves yet invented, for either Coal or Wood.
ARNOLD & MEADER, Agents

THE SALEM PURE WHITE LEAD
WARRANTED as pure and white as any Lead in the world sold by
ARNOLD & MEADER

OUR STOCK OF
HARDWARE, BUILDING MATERIALS,
Paints and Oils, Nails and Glass,
unusually large, and to those about to build or repair, we shall offer extra inducements.
ARNOLD & MEADER.

Novelty Wringers.
WE have just received six cases of the celebrated NOVELTY WRINGERS that we can offer at good bargains
ARNOLD & MEADER

ALVIN B. WOODMAN,
Blacksmith and Horse Shoer,
HAS removed from West Waterville to Waterville village, and has taken the Shop on Front Street, formerly occupied by N. Boothby, where he will carry on the business of Blacksmithing and Horse-shoeing.
All in need of this kind of work are invited to call, and are assured that work and prices will be found satisfactory.
September 26, 1871. 14tf