Colby and Vietnam

I think it is unfortunate that in his otherwise fine Commencement speech—portions of which were excerpted in the October 1987 Alumnus—Mike Barnicle developed the impression that some elitist "privilege" protected Colby people from the tragedy of Vietnam.

He said: "Privilege played its own role. . . . If you don't believe me about that distant time, let me tell you something. I called to ask how many Colby graduates died in the war, and the answer was not surprising—none, zero.'

I suppose Barnicle is technically correct, but he does no service to the memories of two men I particularly recall—Les Dickinson '67 and "Mike" Ransom '66. Each, for his own reasons, had left Colby as undergraduates and each, unprotected by any "privilege," was killed while on active duty in Vietnam. Mike, in fact, had written home eloquently expressing his personal anguish about the war, in letters which were reprinted in the New Yorker magazine.

While not "graduates," these men were part of our community and their loss diminishes the entire alumni body. To imply that they and others scarred by that war were protected by "privilege" atop Mayflower Hill is to ignore the reality of their deaths and the meaning they had for us as classmates.

Irving B. Faunce '67
Gardiner, Maine

I write to note what appears to be a deeply troubling lapse in Colby's institutional memory. My letter concerns the help that Boston Globe columnist Mike Barnicle received in preparation for his Commencement address to the Class of 1987 (Colby Alumnus, October 1987, p. 14).

Barnicle may have gotten the correct answer to his question about the number of Colby graduates who were killed in the Vietnam War. But it is disconcerting to see that no one at Colby knew enough to suggest that at least he rephrase his question to more accurately assess the war's impact on men who attended the College. It is even more disturbing that his statement stood through an entire commencement address and publication four months later.

At least three men from Colby—Les Dickinson '67, Dave Barnes '68, and Mike Ransom '66—died in the Vietnam War. None of them received a Colby degree so Barnicle's phrase is painfully accurate, if it's quoted correctly. Yet within a little more than three months in early 1968, all three were gone—just like the 26 South Boston natives that the newspaperman cites and the 58,000 others from everywhere else.

I can't provide all of the details about the lives and deaths of these men from Colby. But a full page of The Colby Echo in February 1968 tells about Marine Lieutenant Dickinson's death aboard a hospital ship from combat wounds. The Colby Alumnus of June 1968 notes the loss of Army Specialist Barnes on April 28 and Second Lieutenant Ransom two weeks later. Journalist Myra McPherson, in her celebrated book on the Vietnam generation, Long Time Passing (Double-day, 1984), spends more than nine pages detailing Ransom's passage from Alpha Tau Omega and the Colby Eight to Quang Ngai Province. Words from his letters home appear on the New York Vietnam Veterans Memorial at the tip of Manhattan.

These casualties were hardly invisible. So why did a columnist who wanted to make a point about who gave their fair share in the late 1960s get to do it by alleging a marked lack of sacrifice by Colby students? A better question, though, is why was the connection these men had to Colby so easily overlooked by the person from the College who responded to Mr. Barnicle, by all who sat through his glib address, and by those who let it be published by the alumni magazine.

It is common practice for visitors to the Vietnam Veterans Memorial here in Washington to take rubbings of the names they know from the black granite walls. Under separate cover I am sending rubbings of the names of the men from Colby. I suggest that the College display these in a place where it will be more easily remembered that, 20 years or so ago, a significant number of people left the abstractions of Mayflower Hill for the realities of war. To that end, I will gladly offer to contribute the cost of appropriate mounting, framing, and identification.

Robert M. Lloyd '68
Washington, D.C.

Mr. Lloyd, a Vietnam veteran, volunteered to obtain service records and to inform the College about the Colby alumni who lost their lives in the war. His article appears on page 14.

Geology Remembered

Professor Donaldson Koons's account of the role of geology at Colby from 1833 to the present is extraordinarily interesting to me for it reopened the science of glaciation, soils, rocks and erosion. Professor Edward Perkins's "Introduction to Geology" was an exciting course, not the least of which were the field trips. What a revelation was the trip to a desertified farm where the plowing of a small tract opened to the winds the blowing of the light sand just under the sod and soon ruined a wide extent of farm land. Most rewarding was the weekend trip to Mount Desert Island to study its many unusual geological formations, including the sea caves high on the mountain. Glaciation was one of Perkins's major interests that I was later to treat for other parts of the United States, and Perkins's discussions came back to me. It is my regret that I did not inform him later how much I had benefited from his course and built on in my own writing.

Paul W. Gates '24
Ithaca, N.Y.

On Nicaragua

Eric Zolov's rationalizations and apologies for the abuses of the Nicaraguan government in his Jan Plan report (The Colby Alumnus, June 1987) are shameless exercises in sophistry and disinformation.
Eight years ago the Sandinistas were helped into power by the U.S., promising free elections, pluralism, economic freedom, etc. Today, the government has inflated the currency to the point where prices rose 600 percent a year, true opposition parties are suppressed, the press is controlled by the State, Catholic priests not sympathetic to "Liberation Theology" have been isolated and persecuted, and the Jewish community has been terrorized and driven out.

These transgressions are excused by Mr. Zolov (the country is "at war") and he attempts to posit an absurd moral equivalency between the U.S. and Nicaragua (German newspapers were closed by the U.S. government in the 1930s; anti-subversive hearings were conducted a decade later). The difference, evidently overlooked or ignored by Mr. Zolov, is that abuses of individual rights are inexcusable from, and fundamental to, socialist revolutions (Lenin's, Hitler's, Mao's, Castro's, Ortega's), while in Western democracies they are transitory aberrations. Abuses are a way of life in any country ruled by a junta animated by Marxism-Leninism—they mean that the system is working. In free and open democracies, abuses mean that the system has faltered.

The inherently repressive nature of socialist revolutions renders ungermane Mr. Zolov's complaint: "Will the United States government continue to refuse recognition of the fact that not every socialist movement is inherently Soviet inspired?"—as if Soviet inspiration would be the only grounds for disapproval of the Ortega regime. Besides, Soviet aid, influence, and inspiration are well documented.

Mr. Zolov says that his Nicaraguan trip made him question "the accuracy and origin of information that we receive in the United States," and he urges us to "question authority." And, before we conclude that the Sandinistas are intrinsically evil, he says that we should visit Nicaragua. This is all good advice. But how much of an ascendancy over those who have not visited Nicaragua has Mr. Zolov achieved by taking a State-managed political tour? A former ministry official, Jose Baldizon, now a defector, has written in the "Newsletter for the Council for Democracy in the Americas" (December 5, 1985) on the pitfalls of Nicaraguan political tourism: "Security agents pretending to be photographers, journalists or relatives of people in the region visited frequently join the delegates... on their trips. They report to the ministry on the group's itinerary. Using advance notice... [Minister of the Interior Tomas] Borge sends teams of people to be on the routes used and in the localities visited. These are called 'casual encounter' teams... pretending to be local residents. They describe alleged contra atrocities and the benefits of the Sandinista revolution." The principle behind the campaign for visitors was enunciated in The Miami Herald on December 14, 1983, by Tomas Borge... as follows: "Nicaragua's most important war is the one fought inside the United States... The battlefield will be on the American conscience... When they [the visitors] return to the United States, they have a multiplier effect on the public opinion of your country." Mr. Zolov concludes his report by urging us to "take a hard critical look at the accuracy and source of information. The truth, more than just being heard and read about, needs to be seen."

As an exercise in disinformation, Mr. Zolov's Jan Plan performance deserves an "A."

_Russell E. Cleary '72_ Concord, Mass.

_In response to the above letter and to the many letters in the October 1987 Alumnus about Eric Zolov's "Don't Believe Everything You Hear and Only Half of What You Read" (The Colby Alumnus, June 1987), the editor offered both Eric Zolov and Professor of Government Roger Bowen, faculty sponsor of the trip, the opportunity to comment. Zolov is currently in Central America pursuing his investigations. Professor Bowen's reply follows._

What strikes me most about two of the many letters written in response to Eric Zolov's article about our Nicaraguan trip is their personal invective and closed-mindedness. Howard F. Hill '18 and Stanley R. Black '21 seem indifferent or unaware of why such a Jan Plan might be appealing, educational, and even valuable. Instead they rely on bitter, hateful language in denouncing the fact that it happened at all. What happened, I have to ask, to their appreciation for the broad, liberal, expansive values that characterize the Colby mission?

I feel no need to defend Eric Zolov—he's a thoughtful person who is capable of defending himself. Nor do I feel obliged to defend my role in organizing and leading the tour. Instead, I feel it necessary to speak for the concept of leaving the safe and comfortable environment of Colby for first-hand experience of radically different cultures and political systems.

I write this on the evening that Gorbachev and Reagan shake hands at the White House in a mutually congratulatory mood. Two ideologues applaud another one's willingness to talk, to listen, and to understand.

Going to Nicaragua or Vietnam (we left on January 11) is little more than doing in a modest way what the antagonistic world leaders have done in a grand way—creating an opportunity to reach over the walls of hate and misunderstanding, to clasp hands, and to agree that mutual understanding, even tolerance, is definitely better than the alternative.

This is a simple concept, really, that does not even require the abandonment of all prejudice or the acceptance of ideological difference. It requires only a willingness, in Mama Bell's words, "to reach out and touch someone [different]." Learning what the other has to teach—this does not require suspension of disbelief.

Colby students are curious—why should we fear Nicaragua (the U.S.S.R., Vietnam, etc.)? Who are the people whom our leaders love to hate? What kind of society, economy, polity do these people have? Do they hate us? Or just our government? And so on.

Simple questions, really, ones that frighten those who would rather they never be asked, let alone answered. Such folk are, lamentably, anti-intellectual, and it surprises me that they, whatever their age or ideology, would have graduated from Colby. As an educator, however, I will forever hope that their minds are not permanently sealed.

_Roger Bowen_ Chair and Professor of Government

_Cover Story_

Just a short note to let you know that I thought that both front and back covers for the October 1987 Alumnus were super. Keep up the new ideas.

_Emanuel Fruman '42_ Perth Amboy, N.J.
Colby and Vietnam

I think it is unfortunate that in his otherwise fine commencement speech—portions of which were excerpted in the October 1987 Alumnus—Mike Barnicle developed the impression that some elitist “privilege” protected Colby people from the tragedy of Vietnam.

He said: “Privilege played its own role… If you don’t believe me about that distant time, let me tell you something. I called to ask how many Colby graduates died in the war, and the answer was not surprising—none, zero.”

I suppose Barnicle is technically correct, but he does no service to the memories of two men I particularly recall—Les Dickinson ‘67 and “Mike” Ransom ‘66. Each, for his own reasons, had left Colby as undergraduates and each, unprotected by any “privilege,” was killed while on active duty in Vietnam. Mike, in fact, had written home eloquently expressing his personal anguish about the war, in letters which were reprinted in the New Yorker magazine.

While not “graduates,” these men were part of our community and their loss diminishes the entire alumni body.

I write to note what appears to be a deeply troubling lapse in Colby’s institutional memory. My letter concerns the help that Boston Globe columnist Mike Barnicle received in preparation for his commencement address to the Class of 1987 (Colby Alumnus, October 1987, p. 14).

Barnicle may have gotten the correct answer to his question about the number of Colby graduates who were killed in the Vietnam War. But it is disconcerting to see that no one at Colby knew enough to suggest that at least he rephrase his question to more accurately assess the war’s impact on men who attended the College. It is even more disturbing that his statement stood through an entire commencement address and publication four months later.

At least three men from Colby—Les Dickinson ‘67, Dave Barnes ‘68, and Mike Ransom ‘66—died in the Vietnam War. None of them received a Colby degree so Barnicle’s phrase is painfully accurate, if it’s quoted correctly. Yet within a little more than three months in early 1968, all three were gone—just like the 26 South Boston natives that the newspaperman cites and the 58,000 others from everywhere else.

I can’t provide all of the details about the lives and deaths of these men from Colby. But a full page of The Colby Echo in February 1968 tells about Marine Lieutenant Dickinson’s death aboard a hospital ship from combat wounds. The Colby Alumnus of June 1968 notes the loss of Army Specialist Barnes on April 28 and Second Lieutenant Ransom two weeks later. Journalist Myra McPherson, in her celebrated book on the Vietnam generation, Long Time Passing (Double-day, 1984), spends more than nine pages detailing Ransom’s passage from Alpha Tau Omega and the Colby Eight to Quang Ngai Province. Words from his letters home appear on the New York Vietnam Veterans Memorial at the tip of Manhattan.

These casualties were hardly invisible. So why did a columnist who wanted to make a point about who gave their fair share in the late 1960s get to do it by alleging a marked lack of sacrifice by Colby students? A better question, though, is why was the connection these men had to Colby so easily overlooked by the person from the College who responded to Mr. Barnicle, by all who sat through his glib address, and by those who let it be published by the alumni magazine.

It is common practice for visitors to the Vietnam Veterans Memorial here in Washington to take rubbings of the names they know from the black granite walls. Under separate cover I am sending rubbings of the names of the men from Colby. I suggest that the College display these in a place where it will be more easily remembered that, 20 years or so ago, a significant number of people left the abstractions of Mayflower Hill for the realities of war. To that end, I will gladly offer to contribute the cost of appropriate mounting, framing, and identification.

Robert M. Lloyd ‘68
Washington, D.C.

Mr. Lloyd, a Vietnam veteran, volunteered to obtain service records and to inform the College about the Colby alumni who lost their lives in the war. His article appears on page 14.

Geology Remembered

Professor Donaldson Koons’s account of the role of geology at Colby from 1833 to the present is extraordinarily interesting to me for it reopened the science of glaciation, soils, rocks and erosion. Professor Edward Perkins’s “Introduction to Geology” was an exciting course, not the least of which were the field trips. What a revelation was the trip to a deserted farm where the plowing of a small tractor opened to the winds the blowing of the light sand just under the sod and soon ruined a wide extent of farm land. Most rewarding was the weekend trip to Mount Desert Island to study its many unusual geological formations, including the sea caves high on the mountain. Glaciation was one of Perkins’s major interests that I was later to treat for other parts of the United States, and Perkins’s discussions came back to me. It is my regret that I did not inform him later how much I had benefited from his course and built on in my own writing.

Paul W. Gates ’24
Ithaca, N.Y.

On Nicaragua

Eric Zolov’s rationalizations and apologies for the abuses of the Nicaraguan government in his Jan Plan report (The Colby Alumnus, June 1987) are shameless exercises in sophistry and disinformation.
Eight years ago the Sandinistas were helped into power by the U.S., promising free elections, pluralism, economic freedom, etc. Today, the government has inflated the currency to the point where prices rise 600 percent a year, true opposition parties are suppressed, the press is controlled by the State, Catholic priests not sympathetic to "Liberation Theology" have been isolated and persecuted, and the Jewish community has been terrorized and driven out.

These transgressions are excused by Mr. Zolov (the country is "at war") and he attempts to posit an absurd moral equivalency between the U.S. and Nicaragua (German newspapers were closed by the U.S. government in the 1930s; anti-subversive hearings were conducted a decade later). The difference, evidently overlooked or ignored by Mr. Zolov, is that abuses of individual rights are inextricable from, and fundamental to, socialist revolutions (Lenin's, Hitler's, Mao's, Castro's, Ortega's), while in Western democracies they are transitory aberrations. Abuses are a way of life in any country ruled by a junta animated by Marxism-Leninism—they mean that the system is working. In free and open democracies, abuses mean that the system has faltered.

The inherently repressive nature of socialist revolutions renders ungermane Mr. Zolov's complaint: "Will the United States government continue to refuse recognition of the fact that not every socialist movement is inherently Soviet inspired?"—as if Soviet inspiration would be the only grounds for disapproval of the Ortega regime. Besides, Soviet aid, influence, and inspiration are well documented.

Mr. Zolov says that his Nicaraguan trip made him question "the accuracy and origin of information that we receive in the United States," and he urges us to "question authority." And, before we conclude that the Sandinistas are intrinsically evil, he says that we should visit Nicaragua. This is all good advice. But how much of an ascendancy over those who have not visited Nicaragua has Mr. Zolov achieved by taking a State-managed political tour? A former ministry official, Jose Baldizon, now a defector, has written in the "Newsletter for the Council for Democracy in the Americas" (December 5, 1985) on the pitfalls of Nicaraguan political tourism: "Security agents pretending to be photographers, journalists or relatives of people in the region visited frequently join the delegation... on their trips. They report to the ministry on the group's itinerary. Using advance notice... [Minister of the Interior Tomas Borge] sends teams of people to be on the routes used and in the localities visited. These are called 'casual encounter' teams... pretending to be local residents. They describe alleged contra atrocities and the benefits of the Sandinista revolution." The principle behind the campaign for visitors was enunciated in The Miami Herald on December 14, 1983, by Tomas Borge... as follows: "Nicaragua's most important war is the one fought inside the United States. The battlefield will be on the American conscience... When they [the visitors] return to the United States, they have a multiplier effect on the public opinion of your country." Mr. Zolov concludes his report by urging us to "take a hard critical look at the accuracy and source of information. The truth, more than just being heard and read about, needs to be seen."

As an exercise in disinformation, Mr. Zolov's Jan Plan performance deserves an "A."

Russell E. Cleary '72
Concord, Mass.

In response to the above letter and to the many letters in the October 1987 Alumnus about Eric Zolov's "Don't Believe Everything You Hear and Only Half of What You Read" (The Colby Alumnus, June 1987), the editor offered both Eric Zolov and Professor of Government Roger Bowen, faculty sponsor of the trip, the opportunity to comment. Zolov is currently in Central America pursuing his investigations. Professor Bowen's reply follows.

What strikes me most about two of the many letters written in response to Eric Zolov's article about our Nicaraguan trip is their personal invective and closed-mindedness. Howard F. Hill '18 and Stanley R. Black '21 seem indifferent or unaware of why such a Jan Plan might be appealing, educational, and even valuable. Instead they rely on bitter, hateful language in denouncing the fact that it happened at all. What happened, I have to ask, to their appreciation for the broad, liberal, expansive values that characterize the Colby mission?

I feel no need to defend Eric Zolov—he's a thoughtful person who is capable of defending himself. Nor do I feel obliged to defend my role in organizing and leading the tour. Instead, I feel it necessary to speak for the concept of leaving the safe and comfortable environment of Colby for first-hand experience of radically different cultures and political systems.

I write this on the evening that Gorbachev and Reagan shake hands at the White House in a mutually congratulatory mood. Two ideologies applaud one another's willingness to talk, to listen and to understand.

Going to Nicaragua or Vietnam (we left on January 11) is little more than doing in a modest way what the antagonistic world leaders have done in a grand way—creating an opportunity to reach over the walls of hate and misunderstanding, to clasped hands, and to agree that mutual understanding, even tolerance, is definitely better than the alternative.

This is a simple concept, really, that does not even require the abandonment of all prejudice or the acceptance of ideological difference. It requires only a willingness, in Mama Bell's words, "to reach out and touch someone [different]." Learning what the other has to teach—this does not require suspension of disbelief.

Colby students are curious—why should we fear Nicaragua (the U.S.S.R., Vietnam, etc.)? Who are the people whom our leaders love to hate? What kind of society, economy, politity do these people have? Do they hate us? Or just our government? And so on.

Simple questions, really, ones that frighten those who would rather they never be asked, let alone answered. Such folk are, lamentably, anti-intellectual, and it surprises me that they, whatever their age or ideology, would have graduated from Colby. As an educator, however, I will forever hope that their minds are not permanently sealed.

Roger Bowen
Chair and Professor of Government

Cover Story

Just a short note to let you know that I thought that both front and back covers for the October 1987 Alumnus were super. Keep up the new ideas.

Emanuel Fruman '42
Perth Amboy, N.J.
Name Change

Oh for heaven’s sake! Are you women that threatened that your alumni magazine reads Alumnus? It has read that way for generations. And since Colby has admitted women for an even longer time, why accuse people of being “blatantly sexist”? Most college magazines, in those days, used the word ‘alumnus’. It sounds better than the Colby alumni or alumnae!

In those days and today they were incorrect, perhaps, but I hardly think they were trying to disparage women. If, for one, am not so insecure as to let a name upset me. The College’s actions are far more important than a few “targeted” words.

I also am a little upset that the letters use so much of the same phraseology. Who assigned it? At least be original in your thinking when you are in a school that prides itself on just that.

I don’t object to a change in the magazine’s name. I do object to your turning it into a sexist cause.

A longtime fan of the Colby Alumnus...

Doris Knight Leete ’50
Wakefield, R.I.

If those concerned about the sexist tone of the Alumnus ever want to change its name, may I suggest The Colby Alum, which appears in my Webster’s New World Dictionary. I realize that the general meaning of “alum” refers to something with a bitter taste, but maybe the present name of the publication has a bitter taste for some feminists.

J. W. Bishop ’35
Falmouth, Maine

Against Divestment

It is with great regret that I have read in the October issue of the Alumnus that the trustees have voted to divest from the endowment fund investments in companies doing business with South Africa in the belief that this action will be an effective step towards achieving greater freedom and better living conditions for blacks in that country.

Insight magazine...in its November 2 issue advises that as United States corporations and businesses withdraw from their operations in South Africa, Europe-an and Asian businessmen are hurrying to fill the gaps. French banks have renewed trade credits. West Germany, Britain, and Japan are increasing their trade with South Africa; and the economy of that nation continues to grow at three percent a year, which is better than our own.

American companies in South Africa were providing better training programs for black workers, hiring a greater percentage of blacks in their work forces, providing better educational facilities for workers’ children, paying higher wages, and providing better medical facilities than were being accorded by comparable competitors. These facts, according to the London Economist, have been established.

The writer, over a recently terminated career of just short of 60 years in the planning and the management of estates and trusts, was taught, and adhered to, the principles that the duties of a trustee are sacred; that in exercising them he should always first determine the facts as to each particular situation [and] exercise sound and prudent discretion in making decisions and helping customers solve their problems; and that solving problems does not mean an unthinking and ruthless “get rid of the situation” action such as characterizes the Board of Trustees’ zealous approach to the South African problem and its recent abolition of fraternities and take-over of their houses.

The trustees were in a position to destroy the fraternities, but in this world of diverse national interests neither this country nor its academic zealots can destroy the South African economy. The recently chosen prime minister of Japan is quoted as having said the United States must realize that in view of its position as a major debtor nation, its budget deficit, and its unfavourable trade balance, it is no longer economically King of the Hill.

If we visit the cemeteries in many of our old New England towns, we come on headstones marking the burial place of youths in their late teens and early twenties, sometimes brothers, who died on Southern battlefields in the 1860s. The unwillingness of zealots on both sides to gather the facts, to think, and to reason brought on slaughter with results that were a blight on a great part of the nation for three generations after the termination of the conflict at Appomattox.

Communication is available now, such as was not possible in that earlier era, to achieve understanding and solutions based on reason—if we will but avail of them. The trustees acting as zealots have indicated that they “have learned nothing and forgotten nothing,” as Professor Wilkinson in the 1920s was wont to characterize, with Mirabeau, a line of French rulers in one of his history courses.

Jesus of Nazareth taught tolerance, humility, and understanding, not vengeance without thought, such as the trustees’ action, which could result in greater suffering for all South Africans and in a worsening of our nation’s trade balances. So, as to the trustees, this epistle concludes with Christ’s words: “Forgive them, Father, for they know not what they do.”

Conrad H. Hines ’28
Marblehead, Mass.

The Value of Football

There has been a lot of discussion about the Colby football program. Unfortunately from what I have heard, the critics have had the loudest voice. The question of whether the program should continue or not has come up. At a liberal arts, Division III, NESCAC school, any activity that promotes the education of the individual always should be supported.

Colby athletics were very dear to me while I attended the College and they seem to grow closer to me now that I am an alumnus. Football and track and field were integral parts of my experience at Colby. Sports taught me self-discipline, cooperation, motivation, self-confidence, and so on. Our record while I played at Colby was six wins, 24 losses, yet Colby football was one of the most positive experiences in my life and an invaluable educator.

My feelings are not unique. Any student who participates in athletics, whether it be I-Play, junior varsity, or varsity, benefits from the activity the same ways I did. Some get more out of it than others: the student gets out of it as much as he or she puts into it.

Colby is a liberal arts institution that offers a wide range of academic disciplines and activities. It is the responsibility of the school to nurture and promote the students’ interests that contribute to the overall education of the individual. Football, as is the case with any sport at Colby, is there for its educational value, not for its win/loss record. Vince Lombardi,
though often misquoted, said it best: "Winning isn't everything, wanting to win is." If there are students who wish to play the game, spectators in the stands, and alumni who support it, there should be no question that the program continue.

Colby is presently on the verge of shaping a tradition in football. I have been close to the program for more than five years as player, alumnus, and fan, and I have never seen a better complement of players and coaching staff. Next year and the years to come will be very positive for the team. Yet even though their win/loss record will improve, the value of the education offered by the game will remain the same.

James J. Pietro '86

The Faculty Vote

Colby's recent entry into the news was disturbing, not because of the issues involved but rather the way it is being handled. Judging from an article that appeared in The Boston Globe, the problem clearly is not the CIA's ability to recruit on campus nor is it a question of morals but rather a reflection of a poor faculty-student relationship.

Although the controversy was described as being transformed into a unique "learning experience," two opinions in the article seem to reflect more serious problems that have been and will continue to exist at Colby. First was Professor Moss's observation that the real issue was "the assumption of a parental role by university administration" dictating policy to a student body that is supposed to have a hand in campus policy. The second and maybe the most revealing comment came from a student, Scott Parks '88, who claimed that the issue is not the CIA but the ban because the best learning experience could have come from a faculty who "urged the students to protest the CIA" in the name of U.S. democracy. CIA bullets and terrorism, just as lethal as KGB, are an utter disgrace!

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Newby
Selma, Oreg.

I have read in the New York Times that you voted 49-22 to ban the CIA from the Colby campus for recruitment. Good for you!

I graduated from the old campus in 1938. While that campus is still clear in my mind's eye, I often find it hard to be at home with the Colby I see in the issues of the Alumnus that come to me. But a faculty upholding some moral objective, I can delight in remembering. Such faculty as I was growing up under - if you can bear the image - Wilkins, Breckenridge, Perkins, and Mary Marshall - certainly would have had no room for today's doublespeak. So - now I feel at home and quite proud to say that I graduated from Colby.

A copy of my letter to the Board of Trustees is enclosed. However their vote comes out, you are to be thanked for starting the process.

Martha Wakefield Falcone '38
Hartford, Conn.

I wish to express my deepest appreciation for [the faculty's] continuing efforts to protect the student body from exposure to controversial views.

After all, as students they are not yet prepared to evaluate real world situations and will have plenty of time to do so after they are "educated."

David Friedrich '78
Raymond, Maine

Congratulations upon your unprecedented courage (unprecedented among colleges). It has come to our attention that your faculty has voted to ban CIA recruitment on campus but that some of your students do not understand your position. What an opportunity for them to learn the anti-democratic maneuvering of a U.S. agency out of hand, denying even freedom of existence to poverty-stricken peasant nations.

The Arias Peace Plan has enough going to evolve into whatever else is necessary to bring about peaceful conflict-resolution in Latin American countries. Your students deserve to know.

We feel sure there are millions of American citizens who do not approve of the covert/overt/KGB tactics in the name of U.S. democracy. CIA bullets and terrorism, just as lethal as KGB, are an utter disgrace!

Letters Policy

The editor invites concise letters for publication on topics that pertain to the content of Colby or the College at large. The editor reserves the right to edit letters or to publish excerpts as spatial constraints demand. Signatures may be withheld from publication on request.

Letters should be addressed to the Editor, Colby, Colby College, Waterville, Maine 04901 4799.
Freshman Fresh Air

College freshmen, by character a bewildered company trying to define themselves, are receiving some high-energy assistance in the form of freshman seminars at Colby. An experimental program begun in 1986 and supported by grants until 1991, the seminars are designed to bring faculty and students into the kind of close contact usually reserved for upperclassmen in specialized courses.

Although most seminars rely on required texts as a basis for discussion, one choice called "Art and Music: Concepts, Perceptions, Responses" does not. Professor of Music Paul Machlin and Jeté Professor of Art David Simon, respective chairs of the music and art departments, created their course with "non-verbal kinds of texts" such as paintings and musical compositions. Examples are paired specifically for comparison and contrast. Frank Lloyd Wright and Charles Ives, Claude Debussy and Claude Monet, Michelangelo and Franz Joseph Haydn are some of the "couples" chosen to illustrate similarities and differences in the creative process. The era of art deco and jazz is another topic of exploration.

Machlin and Simon designed their seminar, which was first given in the fall of 1986, to expose students immediately to the arts. According to a Central Maine Morning Sentinel article last fall, "Both men admit that for most of the students the course was clearly a major commitment, a struggle... work that involved perspiration." Simon is now of the opinion that the original format was "too lofty in what we expected from first semester freshmen." For that reason they offered the course second semester this year and fine tuned the opening bars to be more specific in defining "art," with more leading questions at the beginning. But, Simon points out, "there are still no lectures." In addition to short papers, the course led during the final weeks to the development of student "conceptual projects"—works of art and music using everyday items.

Colby offered seven other freshman seminars this spring and others may follow next fall. "In Search of a Soul" explores the human spirit through the exploration of self, using readings from Job, Plato's Apology, Jung's Memories, the Diary of Anne Frank, and others. "Conflict and Creativity: East and West" looks at historical, cultural, and political ideas in the literature and philosophy of America, Europe, and Asia. "Turning Points in Human Understanding" examines human progress during eras when people's basic values and assumptions change. Focusing on examples from the Middle Ages to the present, the course considers literary and scientific classics and the visionary works of today's "new age" theorists. "Response and Counter-response in the Western Tradition" aims to illuminate through the paradoxes of our experience what it means to be "human." An examination of the themes of great books of Western literature and philosophy—Homer's Odyssey, Plato's The Last Days of Socrates, Shakespeare's Hamlet, Ellison's Invisible Man, and Sophocles' Oedipus Rex—helps students form criteria for critical assessments of human behavior.

Another seminar studies "The United States Constitution: A Living Document." The course considers the background, writing, adoption, and evolution of our manifesto as viewed by scholars in American studies, government, history, and philosophy. "Global Perspectives on Gender, Race, and Class" explores themes of nature, love, and power and their importance in the beliefs of both Western and non-Western cultures. How these forces influence gender, race, and class is traced through time and different cultures in classic and contemporary texts, films, and works of art. And "Science and Society," which studies A.N. Whitehead's Science in the Modern World, Bertrand Russell's Impact of Science on Society, Rachel Carson's Silent Spring, and Richard Barke's Science, Technology and Public Policy, traces the history and philosophy of science from earliest times to the present and the effect of science on our world.

The College hopes that the stimulus of these seminars, ideally a kind of pure, intellectual experience, will help to lessen the fog and frustration of all too many freshmen. Beginning in the fall of 1987, the seminars are a first-year requirement.
Mathieu Lands the Blockhouse

The historic Fort Halifax blockhouse, swept downriver by massive flooding last spring, is due for reconstruction in June. Stanley Mathieu '57 was awarded a contract by the state last December to begin a painstaking restoration that will use both original and new timbers and anchor the structure to the ledge below with cement pilings. The blockhouse, all that remains of a British garrison built in 1754, is the oldest surviving wooden blockhouse in North America.

Before work actually begins, a group of archaeologists will continue a dig begun last August under the original structure. Samples of stone tools and other artifacts that could be 4,000 years old have been sent to a Florida laboratory for carbon dating.

A history major at Colby, Mathieu later submitted a paper on Fort Halifax as part of his master's degree at the University of Maine at Orono. The Winslow native, having lived virtually in the shadow of the structure all his life, is particularly concerned that the reconstruction be done right. Mathieu is by profession a guidance counselor at Waterville Junior High School but he owns the Stan Mathieu Construction Company as well, and his bid was awarded the contract by the state partly because his extensive experience working with hand-hewn logs enables him to approximate the techniques used in the original blockhouse construction.

Mathieu is also filming a video of the entire job, from the cutting of the timber (donated by Scott Paper Company of Winslow), through the shaping of logs with authentic tools, to the actual building and anchoring of the structure. Copies of the video will be presented to the Maine State Museum in Augusta, Scott Paper Company, and Colby.

Stepfamily Stress

If you have a stepmother, how do you address her? And if your stepmother has a brother, is he your "stepuncle"?

David Jacobson '62, chair of Brandeis University's department of anthropology, believes that the absence of rules for structuring stepfamily life—terms for relatives and how we address them, rules for children's behavior to a spouse and so on—is a major cause of stress in stepfamilies. The more people involved, the greater the demands on individual family members and how they perceive obligations.

Jacobson made his comments on "Stress, Support, and Culture" in the annual Kingsley Birge lecture last November. Twenty percent of American households today comprise remarried adults, he said, but the 55 percent divorce rate of remarried couples is higher than the divorce rate for first marriages. Because couples with stepchildren break up more frequently than do those without them, the likelihood of divorce in a remarriage with stepchildren is 100 percent greater than it is in a first marriage. When children without rules or guidelines are troubled by complex new emotional relationships, their problems often cause conflict for the entire family.

In the absence of the usual nuclear family patterns, Jacobson's research suggests, stress also occurs because of certain assumptions—for instance, that the husband-wife relationship is the primary relationship. Other cultures with different ideas and different ways of organizing stepfamilies value their relationships with children differently. It's not the children, Jacobson said, but "what you make of the children and what the children mean to the parents" that most affect stepfamily life.

Stepfamilies may experience stress because of cultural differences, too. Different ideas on dinnertime and bedtime are one thing; different ideas about inheritance are something else. And since all marriages build a new belief system, which may undermine an individual's assumptions about the world, the development of common family traditions often requires painful alterations. If families can manage their conflicts for four years, however, the chance of an enduring marriage and a successful stepfamily dramatically increases.

Other cultures' values and kinship structures ought to be examined for the example and support they can offer...
American stepfamilies. Researchers also need to study the parent-child and spouse relations in subgroups in American culture, Jacobson said, and should give particular attention to the 45 percent of American stepfamilies that do make it through the difficult transition. What in their social networks, cultural traditions, and world-views enables them to succeed? Researchers should query the children, too, because a remarriage is "his marriage" and "her marriage" and a "different marriage" for each child.

Such questions affirm the influence of Kingsley Birge, the long-time Colby professor of sociology, who, Jacobson said, helped students to examine the values that shaped their lives, to experience culture shock, and to think differently about the world by examining the cultural bases of social life.

**Small Receives MAA Award**

Associate Professor of Mathematics Donald B. Small was recently honored by the Mathematical Association of America for his service on several vital committees, including a study group that questioned the place of calculus in the senior high school curriculum.

In recognition of Small as "a sensible, committed proponent of quality mathematics education," the MAA named him as the first recipient of its Certificate of Meritorious Service for the Northeastern Section. Included in that section are 176 colleges and universities in New England and Canada and over 2,000 teaching members of the MAA.

Small participated in the calculus study with three other college mathematics professors and four high school instructors chosen from around the country. The group concluded that mathematically accelerated high school seniors would benefit more from advanced courses in algebra, solid geometry, trigonometry, or a combination of the three than from calculus. Only six percent of high school seniors who take advanced placement courses in calculus pass the examination for exemption from college-level freshman calculus. The remaining 94 percent often fail their first semester of college calculus because they assume—incorrectly—that they know the subject well despite their examination results.

Small's committee noted that the "prestige factor" of calculus may lead high schools to offer the subject without sufficient regard for the qualifications of teachers or students. They traced the roots of the problem to the junior-high level, where mathematically gifted students are taught algebra in the eighth grade, moving their schedule of mathematics ahead by a year and freeing their senior year for calculus. Small said, "colleges must adjust their first-year math programs to help incoming freshmen who have been exposed to calculus in high school."

In presenting Small with his Certificate of Meritorious Service, the MAA cited his long record of leadership in the organization, including terms as vice chair, chair, and governor of the Northeast Section and his service to the national organization on a "mind-boggling list of committees." In Maine he set up and obtained funding for a highly successful secondary school lecture program in mathematics and developed and directed a tutoring program staffed by Colby students.

**Mayflower Hill Recruits**

The generally high caliber of the Colby student body is often the deciding factor in the College's ability to recruit top-notch professors, said Dean of Faculty Douglas Archibald in a recent interview with the Central Maine Morning Sentinel. Whether a faculty candidate is particularly attracted to small New England colleges or is considering Colby in a larger search, Archibald said, a visit to Mayflower Hill to meet with students and administrators helps the recruitment cause. "Our experience has been that if we can get them to come to campus, our chances of getting that person are good."

Dean Archibald noted that the kind and quality of educators Colby seeks would be welcome additions to any college faculty. Colby, he said, offers a competitive salary structure, but in the long run many other considerations affect a person's decision to build a career at the College. Deeply committed both philosophically and financially to supporting the research and professional development of its faculty members, Colby regul-
larly budgets in excess of $250,000 annually in these areas. Additionally, the library and computer facilities are comparable to those at much larger institutions.

The classical elegance of the Mayflower Hill campus and the natural beauty of Maine’s forests and famous coastline are further powerful allies in Colby’s recruiting campaign. Even people who come to Colby from more cosmopolitan situations find that Maine and Colby grow on them to the point that they could not imagine working and living anywhere else.

The College is successful in attracting and retaining some of the country’s best and brightest minds. Each chooses Colby for very individual reasons. But whatever else they may come to Colby for, the challenge of contributing to the education of capable, motivated students may top the list.

“Nothing is permanent but change”

In his History of Colby College, Ernest Marriner ’13 wrote of The Colby Alumnus:

“Nothing more clearly reveals the attitude toward Colby women ... than do those early issues of the Alumnus. The girls were simply ignored. A reader not acquainted with Colby would never suspect that women were enrolled.” As Colby, the magazine reaffirms the commitment of its recent editors to all of the College.

The next issue of Colby will appear in the fall and will combine the president’s annual report and a special section celebrating the 175th anniversary of the College.

Homecoming Weekend and Alumni Volunteer Leadership Weekend
September 23-25, 1988

Football game vs. Trinity
Women’s Field Hockey
Varsity/Alumnae Game
Women’s Tennis vs. University of Vermont and MIT
Women’s Soccer vs. Curry
Musical Entertainment
Friends and Fun!

Visiting professor of history and Irish senator John A. Murphy feels “a complex relation” with Ireland. At Colby last fall, he said he left behind his “sense of doom and gloom about the troubles in Northern Ireland as measured against a utopian vision of a free and independent Ireland.” Member of a parliament in which the university system is represented, the controversial senator feels that appearing on radio and television and writing in newspapers on current affairs is his most important work.

On “the troubles,” he proposes acceptance of “a difficult situation,” maintaining that the Irish Republic should disavow its aspirations toward physical unity with Northern Ireland. Murphy supports the Anglo-Irish agreement of 1985, a power sharing by the governments of London and Dublin that gives Dublin an effective role in administering the affairs of Northern Ireland. While some are mistrustful of the British presence, Murphy believes the British must remain in Northern Ireland to reconcile the conflict between the Protestants and Catholics. The Irish Republican Army, which claims to be acting in the interests of Ireland, Murphy says, actually prolongs and intensifies the civil war.

With the Colby-in-Cork program in its third year, Murphy is the first exchange professor from University College Cork to teach at Colby. He welcomed the interaction of small classes that let him get to know his students and he hopes that every fall will see visitors from Cork at the College. It is, he said, “a very satisfying idea.”
The special collections staff of Miller Library catalogues and keeps any books written by alumni and faculty of which they are aware. For this reason, and for the purpose of this book review section, all Colby authors are encouraged to send books to the College Editor, Colby College, Waterville, Maine 04901.

American Mainline Religion
Wade Clark Roof and William McKinney '68
Rutgers University Press, 1987
$10.00

Americans of the 1980s have had to develop an increasing tolerance for religion in the public spotlight. Those who had successfully avoided the glitz evangelists Jim and Tammy Bakker on television discovered last spring that they had to watch them on the nightly news and read about their exploits in The Boston Globe and The New York Times. In-house disagreements between the Vatican and individual dissidents (for example, Catholic University professor Charles Curran and Rhode Island Planned Parenthood executive Mary Ann Sorrentino) likewise quickly became media events in America. "Born-again" presidential hopeful Pat Robertson felt the need to call a news conference to explain that he was leaving the ministry to enter the ring, just as the Reverend Jerry Falwell alerted the national press to explain that he would no longer be alerting the national press and would confine his remarks to the pulpit. The changing role of organized religion in American life is a timely topic, but to address it effectively requires extensive research and a sense of historical perspective. In American Mainline Religion, Wade Clark Roof and William McKinney rise to the challenge and trace the changing shape of American religion from the pivotal 1960s into the present.

Roof, professor of sociology at the University of Massachusetts, and McKinney, director of educational programs and professor of religion and society at Hartford Seminary, focus upon the transformation of "mainline religion" in the United States during the past quarter century. In the process they provide both a provocative overview of the scholarship on religion and American society that has appeared since Will Herberg's groundbreaking Protestant-Catholic-Jew (1955) and an engaging interpretation of the changes wrought in the fabric of American religious life during the ascendancy of the baby boom generation. They illustrate how the same emphasis upon individual choice, or voluntarism in American religion that initially bolstered the growth of American denominationalism in the nineteenth century, became a factor in what they call the "collapse of the middle" by the late 1960s. The idea of focusing upon "mainline" (or "mainstream") religion, that is, the "dominant, culturally established beliefs held by the majority of Americans," has been challenged in recent decades by those who wish to emphasize American religious groups on the fringes of our society. Roof and McKinney show how American mainline religion itself has changed since 1960 because of the impact that six major religious "families" (Catholics, Jews, liberal Protestants, moderate Protestants, black Protestants, and conservative Protestants) have had upon the values and priorities of the American people.

American Mainline Religion represents a helpful guide through the data yielded by demographic and religious surveys and provides much food for thought. It is sobering to realize that "for every person raised without religion who adopts a church, three . . . forsakes the churches for no institutional affiliation." It is even more sobering when one realizes that those switching out of organized religion are most likely to be "young, predominantly male, [and] well-educated." It is equally jolting to learn that those who state no religious preference display more support for black rights than those who have a religious affiliation. And for those of us who associate the 1960s with religious doubt, secularism, and the ascendency of a counter-culture highly critical of traditional values, it is enlightening to recall that as early as 1967 the Southern Baptist Convention overtook the Methodists to become the largest American Protestant denomination. Roof and McKinney maintain that we are awaiting "a new stage in the evolution of religious pluralism . . . a stage that is inherently unstable and impossible to predict." Given the impending uncertainties, it becomes all the more important to pay close attention to this balanced account of American religion in the very recent past.

Debra Campbell
Assistant Professor of Religion

Other Noteworthy Books by Alumni and Faculty


South Africa, Japan, Henry Kissinger, and Pomona

Last October President William R. Cotter spoke at the centennial celebration of Pomona College. The following remarks on the international obligations of liberally educated men and women, and Pomona's role as one of the premier liberal arts colleges in the United States in addressing foreign policy challenges, are excerpted from that speech. The full text is available from the College Editor.

As the United States emerged victorious from World War II, we had such a concentration of industrial, economic, and military might that we truly were a hegemonic power. In the 1950s our economy represented 52 percent of the world's gross national product. However, that was our high-water mark, and beginning in that decade we witnessed the growth of Soviet military power, including the development of atomic weapons, and a pioneering leap into space that caught us politically, and to some extent, scientifically, by surprise. And while Soviet power was growing, Europe and Japan were emerging from the devastation of the war, and the exploding process of decolonization began to hit full stride....

With the loss of hegemony, the United States embarked upon a foreign policy which was preoccupied with an international balance of power [in which] it became imperative, so it was said, to resist the spread of Communism and Soviet influence and to roll it back wherever possible. Perhaps the most articulate proponent of this policy is Henry Kissinger, who had the greatest single influence on U.S. foreign policy from the time of the end of the Vietnam War, in the late 1960s, through the Reagan administration's decision to give military support to the contras in Nicaragua. Even though he has no official role in this administration, it is clear that the Reagan foreign policies essentially track the main elements advocated by Kissinger. Thus, I believe it is fair to say that the foreign policy of the United States, during the lifetime of nearly every student at Pomona, has, with the exception of the four years of the Carter administration, been Kissingerian-inspired and, on balance, a tragic mistake.

... The primary goal for American foreign policy, according to Kissinger, is to be sure that we maximize the number of countries aligned with the United States, regardless of their internal policies, even if we have to match Soviet moves with our own arms, our own proxy troops, our own friendship treaties, and our own outright intervention. This is what we did in Grenada and what we have been trying to do in Nicaragua. We have clearly erased Grenada from the Soviet column in the world alignment contest and we seem determined to scuttle the Central American Peace Plan for Nicaragua for fear that the result will be the continuation in power of the Sandinista government aligned with the Soviet Union. Does all of this increase our national security? I think not.

My own view is that Kissinger's approach to foreign affairs overemphasizes the influence of the Soviet Union, relies too much on military force, underestimates the power of nationalism, and has, as a result, made our country a feared rather than an admired actor in world affairs. I believe that the much-maligned "human rights" approach of the Carter administration provides a superior and ultimately more effective touchstone for American foreign policy than the cold war approach....

I do not believe that we need to rush military aid to any government or insurgent force simply because their opponents receive assistance from the Soviet Union. Instead, we should support those forces in the world [that are] committed to preserve or enhance human rights and to expand or preserve democratic institutions. This will mean that there will be occasions when we will stay out of some local disputes, even when the Soviets are meddling, because there will be no clearly preferable side in terms of human rights and democratic values. On the other hand, we should use our influence and power to support friendly democratic countries or to help bring about change in truly repressive situations.

Which brings me to South Africa, the second focus of this talk.... Nearly all Americans agree that the system of apartheid is wrong and should be changed, but we have major disagreements about how to help bring about that change. The policy of the Reagan administration has been called "constructive engagement," which means working quietly with the South African government while urging them—but not pressuring them—to reform. "Constructive engagement" is not a new policy. It is the same policy which Henry Kissinger formulated during the Nixon years, although then it was called "communication."

[In late September] President Reagan reported to Congress that the U.S. economic sanctions enacted last year, over his veto, have not helped to bring about the end of apartheid and have only served to damage black interests. I disagree with that assessment and with the broader argument which underlies it, namely, that if we continue to expand our investments and trade relations with South Africa this will help somehow to bring about the end of apartheid. The evidence is to the contrary. During the economic boom in South Africa in the 1960s and particularly the 1970s, when trade and investment grew every year, apartheid was only strengthened. Our government's rhetorical condemnation of the South African system has been consistent for decades, but only in the last 10 years has there been any hint of possible economic sanctions against South Africa if they refused to change. It is no coincidence, in my view, that the first signs of potentially meaningful change have come during this recent period of threatened and actual sanctions, whereas no such changes occurred earlier....
Are the U.S. liberal arts colleges . . . preparing the next generation of American leaders for the new international interdependence which we face?

College is both the great engine for economic development and the place where the most sophisticated understanding of foreign policy options should be gained.

I think there are additional steps which the United States should take now. First, we should give . . . financial and humanitarian aid to the African National Congress and should resume the refugee assistance programs which existed during the Carter administration. We should give special support to the front line states neighboring South Africa so that South Africa will be less tempted to invade their territory as they have repeatedly done in recent years. If [Nelson] Mandela is not freed soon, we should increase the diplomatic isolation of South Africa. We should downgrade our embassy to counselor status and restrict South African diplomatic activity in this country. We might wish to limit American tourism to South Africa, curtail international telephone and telecommunication services and air links with South Africa, and greatly reduce the number of visas granted to South African government supporters who wish to come to this country.

I favor these kinds of additional sanctions and pressures, if necessary, because I favor peaceful change. There will, some day, be talks between blacks and whites about power sharing in their country . . . . The only question is whether talks will begin in time to ward off revolutionary violence . . . .

Let me turn now to my third topic, Japan. At the beginning of this century, Secretary of State John Hay observed that the Mediterranean was the ocean of the past, that the Atlantic was the ocean of the present, and the Pacific would surely be the ocean of the future. The future is now. Japan has led the way to a leadership position in global productivity and trade, followed now by other Asian powers.

How will the United States respond to the new power alignment which will force us to focus more on Japan in the future? The Japanese society differs fundamentally from ours and yet, as was noted in the May 1986 conference in San Francisco sponsored by the Council on Foreign Relations, both societies are changing. Both are beginning to recognize their profound interdependence . . . . At the same time, while protectionist rhetoric is growing in the United States, many participants in the San Francisco conference thought that trade would eventually fade as an issue, once we get through the immediate period of economic frictions, and that we are in for a tremendous new volume of cross-border investment that will establish and perpetuate positive linkages between our two societies . . . .

For our part, the council report predicts, we will continue to negotiate for greater access to the Japanese market and we will probably have to reach some more permanent agreement on access to each other’s technology . . . . We will also likely insist that the Japanese begin to bear a larger portion of the international military and economic burden as our constrained budgets force us to focus increasingly on resolving domestic problems . . . .

While Japan is growing more international in its outlook, the United States, currently, is showing increased xenophobia in the face of our staggering trade imbalance. Americans as a whole, the Council on Foreign Relations Conference was told, have consistently favored protectionism at least two or three to one, and recently the number of business executives favoring import restrictions rose from 15 percent in 1980 to more than 50 percent in 1985. How will we respond to the new importance of Japan in our lives? Will protectionism and isolation carry the day or is there some other solution?

And this brings me to part four, Pomona. Are the U.S. liberal arts colleges, and Pomona in particular, preparing the next generation of American leaders for the new international interdependence which we face? College is both the great engine for economic development and the place where the most sophisticated understanding of foreign policy options should be gained. In sheer quantity, our system of 3,300 colleges and universities outshines the world. Fifty-six percent of American students go on to higher education compared with only 20 percent in Great Britain and only 2 percent in the developing countries. Nevertheless, despite our great number of students, the San Francisco conference on Japanese/ American relations reported that "For the United States, the single most obvious societal deficiency was the educational system." By this, they were referring primarily to our underproduction of mathematicians and scientists. Although the United States has more Nobel laureates than any other nation, one major failure of our educational system was seen in its ranking at the bottom of the 15 countries in the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development in math and science while Japan ranked first . . . .
It is regrettable that we have spent so many American resources trying to compete with the Soviet Union militarily and so few in terms of educational and cultural exchange.

I believe there are four areas in which all of our colleges can—and indeed must—do more. First, we must strengthen our foreign language and area study programs. ... The 1985 report of the Association of American Colleges calls American "foreign language incompetence" a "national embarrassment" and included "international and multi-cultural experience" as one area in its minimum required program of study. Other recent reports have similarly found that "our nation's indifference to foreign language and cultures is unique among the advanced industrial countries and our performance in these areas lags behind that of many developing countries." Even a recent study prepared for the Department of Defense noted that "Secretary of Defense Caspar Weinberger chose language and area studies along with mathematics and science as one of the domains of higher education he felt was in greatest jeopardy of decline and of greatest interest to the nation and the Department of Defense." Both Pomona and Colby have retained our language requirements and there has been some encouraging news of late that several other colleges and universities have reinstated the language requirements which they abandoned in the 1970s. A recent Modern Language Association survey found that, in a reversal of a 12-year trend, enrollments in foreign language courses at American colleges and universities are now rising.

There have been, I believe, important increases in international student exchanges, the second area which Pomona can emphasize. The percentage of students studying for a Junior Year Abroad, at least at Pomona and Colby, has been increasing steadily and dramatically. And exchanges are no longer confined to the traditional centers in England and Western Europe. China, which a few years ago sent no undergraduates to the United States, now has more than 20,000 here, and next fall we hope, as part of an Eastern Consortium of Liberal Arts Colleges, to bring the first group of Soviet undergraduates to our campuses. It is regrettable that we have spent so many American resources trying to compete with the Soviet Union militarily and so few in terms of educational and cultural exchange. As [president of NYU John] Brademas points out, the U.S.S.R. outspends the U.S. in scholarly exchanges by a ratio of four to one. Those ratios approach 12 to 1 with respect to African students. During the last decade the Soviets have doubled the number of scholarships they offer for Latin American and Caribbean students while U.S. government offers were cut in half. Whatever our success is in the arms race, we are losing the competition to expose future leaders of other countries to a free society and democratic values.

The third step our colleges must take in order to enhance our ability to function internationally is to strengthen our programs for American minorities on our campuses. ... Many blacks, Hispanics, and Asian Americans have special foreign policy and international concerns and will exert an increasing influence on the way we relate to other nations, particularly those in the developing world. Minority students can bring special insights to class and campus discussions of foreign policy issues such as South Africa, Japan, and Central America, and thereby enrich everyone's education. ... The fourth and final area for Pomona to consider is whether it is possible to do more to harness the natural idealism of students and the generous spirit of the academy in order to mount extracurricular programs which might result in new collegiate concern on such international issues as South Africa, Nicaragua, nuclear policy, famine, debt, and international human rights. ... I am constantly encouraged when I see growing popular support for new American policies on [these] matters. ... So often the movements which resulted in these important foreign policy initiatives started on college campuses like this one, and it is my fervent hope and belief that that will continue to be the case. Perhaps a future secretary of state, or a leader in Congress, or a president will have been educated at Pomona or a sister liberal arts college. If we do our job, she or he will bring to the consideration of foreign policy a perspective which has been broadened, and sensitized, and made more humane. If so, we may finally be able to leave behind the cold war and "balance of power" perspective which has dominated American policy and replace it with an approach that supports the spread of the fundamental values of our own society without an accompanying demand that other nations surrender to us their right to national self-determination.
Who Has Not Heard Them?
by Robert M. Lloyd '68

The young dead soldiers do not speak.

Nevertheless, they are heard in the still houses: who has not heard them?

They have a silence that speaks for them at night and when the clock counts.

They say: We were young. We have died. Remember us.

—Archibald MacLeish

During the period of direct United States involvement in the Vietnam War, from August 5, 1964, to January 27, 1973, 8,744,000 people served on active duty with U.S. military forces. Of these, 3,403,100 served in the Southeast Asia theater, which included personnel in Vietnam, Laos, and Cambodia, airmen in Thailand, and naval crews in the South China Sea. Two million five hundred ninety-four thousand Americans served within the borders of Vietnam. Three hundred three thousand were wounded and 58,156 were killed.

Some have likened military service during the Vietnam era to a series of concentric circles. Those on the outer rings did not serve in the war zone. In the war zone, some heard the shots fired in anger and some did not. In the inner circles of heavy combat, those who were injured and those who were lost become the major focus of attention. In the center circle are the 58,156 who paid most heavily for the nation's involvement in Southeast Asia. Arguments about the chance and circumstance that brought them to the center circle have raged since the war started and show no signs of abating. But within that circle, four men who attended Colby are known. Their names are included among those on the panels of the Vietnam Veterans Memorial in Washington.

Their four lives and our remembrances of them should cause reflection on the enormity of the war and what it took from us.

The author made the rubbings of the names of the Colby men from the Vietnam Veterans Memorial in Washington, D.C.
Tet had meant an increase in enemy activity in Quang Nam Province, saturating the area from which 122 and 140 mm rocket attacks were being launched on the U.S. installation at Da Nang. Daily patrols and security at the Nam O Bridge and in the flatlands along Quan Long (Highway) One in Hoi An Pass were the routine. As the month progressed, contact with hostile forces intensified. On the 18th, a firefight erupted when a squad from the 1st Platoon encountered an enemy unit of similar size while searching for a rice cache. The squad killed two and sustained three wounded of their own. Two contacts on the 26th resulted in two enemy killed in action and some captured Soviet-made weapons.

No one from the 2nd of the 7th appeared to know what they were in for as the month drew to a close. The Vietnamese holiday "Tet," signifying the lunar New Year, fell on the 30th. In years past, Tet had meant an increase in enemy activity. Tet '68 would take on a whole new meaning, however, when practically every major city in Vietnam's 44 provinces would be hit along with every American installation of any size.

On the day Tet began, a squad-size unit from Golf Company, under the command of 2d Lt. Leslie A. Dickinson, Jr. '67, a 22-year-old from Patten, Maine, was on a sweep near Highway One. Dickinson had been in the marines a little less than two years and in-country about a month and a half. The patrol made contact with an enemy unit apparently setting an ambush for traffic on Highway One. In the fight that followed, five marines were wounded, as were two Vietnamese civilians. Two other civilians died. The marines killed three of those setting the ambush and wounded and captured two others. Les Dickinson, one of the marines hit, sustained multiple shrapnel wounds from an anti-personnel mine that exploded during the contact.

Following medical evacuation, Dickinson was taken aboard the U.S.S. Repose, a hospital ship anchored in the South China Sea. Two days later, on his 23rd birthday, Dickinson's parents received at their home a Marine Corps sergeant who informed them that their son had been seriously wounded. The following morning, a confirming telegram from the commandant of the Marine Corps read: "He sustained missile wounds to the left flank and the abdomen with multiple shrapnel wounds to the left leg and lacerations to both legs with a spinal cord injury... He was placed on the serious list... with his prognosis poor."

The day he was hit would prove to be the watershed date of the Vietnam War. As Americans witnessed the boldness of the Tet Offensive, public support for the war, fragile as it was, shattered.

On February 3, 1968, with the Tet Offensive raging on the mainland, Les Dickinson died off the coast of Vietnam. When word reached Colby, where Dickinson had attended for two and a half years, the shock reverberated across the campus. Les Dickinson was the first man of Colby to die in Vietnam combat.

He had withdrawn early in 1966 "to gain a new perspective"--a young man from northern Maine wrestling with his growing belief that it was impossible for him to finish college without first dealing with certain questions that had been raised in the course of his life. These questions had to be approached, he believed, in a non-academic context. An American civilization major, his academic pursuits had led him toward creative writing and a writing workshop course. A classmate from that course remembers a nice guy "who recognized the artificial environment he was in and felt that in order to write about reality, he had to be somewhere else."

Dickinson was born in Boston on February 1, 1945, the son of Leslie A. and Dorothy Dickinson. He lived in Patten, Maine, most of his life and graduated from Patten Academy in 1963. He was co-editor of the academy's Mirror, a member of Maine Boy's State, and a National Honor Society member. He was active in dramas and public speaking and participated in school sports.

At Colby he was a basketball team member, fraternity secretary and second vice president, and outdoorsman as well as creative writer. A member of Kappa Delta Rho, his maturity and interests were such that he was readily accepted by those older than he. A fraternity brother remembers him as an unlikely marine; not one of the brotherhood most likely to seek out Parris Island, the Marine Corps' training camp for recruits. Nevertheless, upon enlistment in February 1966, that is where he went. He took further training at El Toro Air Station in California and was later ordered to report to Quantico, Va., for officer training. In late May 1967, he was commissioned a second lieutenant (and returned to Colby in uniform to witness the awarding of the creative writing prizes at the recognition assembly). Following additional training at Quantico, he received the orders he had requested for Vietnam. On December 17, 1967, he arrived and was assigned to the 2nd Battalion, 7th Marines, 1st Marine Division, headquartered at Da Nang, where the action reports for his unit show increased hostility during the two months that he served as an infantry platoon leader.

Les Dickinson's death was marked by an outpouring of emotion on campus. The Colby Echo of February 16, 1968, contained a full page on his loss. A combined chorus of Colby students attended and sang at memorial services held in Patten on Wednesday, February 14. On the day that the Echo told of his death, 2d Lt. Leslie A. Dickinson, Jr., was buried with full military honors at Arlington National Cemetery.

His grave is located on the hill below the Tomb of the Unknown Soldiers. When the leaves are off the trees, the Washington Monument and Lincoln Memorial are plainly visible across the Potomac River. Up the rise, closer to the sound of the guard's cadence in front of the tombs, are buried other people whose roles in the Vietnam War were more noted by Dickinson's countrymen. A few rows away rests Gen. Lewis Blaine Hershey, head of the Selective Service during the war. Further on rests Gen. Maxwell D. Taylor, U.S. ambassador to South Vietnam in the war's early years.

But lying close is Army 1st Lt. Robert Kellas, another 23-year-old soldier lost in Vietnam five days before Les Dickinson.
The Tet Offensive.

After training assignments in the continental United States, Dave Barnes was assigned to Vietnam and ordered to join the Third Brigade of the First Cavalry Division (Airmobile) fighting in the area west of Hue in the aftermath of the Tet Offensive.

The Third Brigade, known as the "Gary Owens," traced its military roots to the days of George Armstrong Custer. In late February and early March, it was up against the 325th North Vietnamese Army Division, which had been laying siege to the embattled U.S. marine base at Khe Sanh. The base had become a symbol of American military resolve against the onslaught of North Vietnamese infiltration down the Ho Chi Minh Trail. During more than two months of siege in late 1967, the Americans had been made well aware of the high stakes that the siege was exacting. In an operation the brass called "Operation Pegasus" after the flying horse, two brigades of the First Cavalry were ordered to relieve the marines. The operation was also intended to show the viability of airmobile infantry operations in highly contested territory. Through most of March, the Third Brigade, including the 2nd Battalion, 7th Cavalry, engaged in the fight, and on April 7, 1968, men from Company C of the 2nd of the 7th linked up with marines on the perimeter of Khe Sanh. One of the members of C Company was David Barnes.

No sooner had they finished at Khe Sanh than they were thrust back into action in a second major operation—this time in Operation Delaware—in which the same units were inserted into the remote A Shau Valley a short distance from the Laotian border. The forbidding terrain of the A Shau coupled with terrible weather conditions made it one of the most difficult that could have been attempted. The 2nd of the 7th occupied Landing Zone Pepper and began operations south and east of the Laotian border. (The intensity of the fighting was such that during the 10 days between April 25 and May 4 alone, two Third Brigade soldiers took actions that resulted in Medal of Honor decorations. In the entire war, the Medal of Honor, the nation's highest military award, was bestowed only 155 times.)

On April 28, during a combat sweep, Sp 4 Dave Barnes spotted an enemy ambush force. A squad leader, he exposed himself to the hostile fire as he led his platoon to foil the ambush. While advancing, Barnes was wounded but continued on. He was hit a second time but still continued to engage the enemy force until he was wounded a third time, this time mortally. He was one of 86 brigade members killed during the operation.

Word of his death came as his family was preparing for the wedding of his older sister, Mary Patricia, a graduate of Mt. Holyoke College, the same school attended by Barnes's twin sister, Nancy.

At the time of his death, Dave Barnes had been in Vietnam only a short while. Although he had not been able to provide much information to his family about his situation, probably because of the intense action that surrounded him, what he was willing to share in his letters had no bitter tone. The letters belied the danger around him. He wrote of the countryside, of lush greenery, of seeing animal tracks in the jungle. Still, a few of the moments of intense fear, such as waiting in the dark for hours for a signal to move forward to conduct a combat operation, found their way into his letters home.

Following his death, more information filtered back to his family that showed what he went through in Vietnam. On August 6, 1968, the adjutant general of the army wrote his parents informing them that he had been posthumously awarded the Silver Star, the third highest military decoration for valor in action, for the engagement during which he was killed. That decoration had followed two other decorations for valor and several for service and achievement under fire. In just over two months of Vietnam combat, David Barnes had taken part in more than 50 aerial assaults and been decorated five times.

The military personnel who served as liaison with his family knew of his actions at the time of his death and attempted to comfort his family in the knowledge that he had served so bravely in combat. The family, however, preferred to remember a handsome young man who was gentle in nature and whose real love was quiet woods and fields. One Colby schoolmate who lived a few doors down on the second floor of Johnson Hall recalls "a young-looking guy with a handsome face. He was quiet. Just a nice guy."

David Barnes entered Colby in the fall of 1964 at the age of 17. A graduate of William Allen High School in Allentown, Pa., he had chosen Colby over Bates and St. Lawrence in part because of the physical beauty of the campus. His love for the out-of-doors was well expressed by his roaming in the South Mountain area around Allentown on the acreage owned by his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Harold S. Barnes. In high school, he was a member of the wrestling team, and during his years at Colby he organized the Pickwick Club, a literary group, and was a member of the debating society.

Following his sophomore year, he enlisted in the army, the first of the steps that led him to Vietnam.
Robert Crawford "Mike" Ransom, Jr. '66 became one of the most noted casualties of the Vietnam War. On July 27, 1968, two and a half months after his death as a result of wounds received in a mine explosion while he was on patrol in Quang Ngai Province, the New Yorker magazine published some of his letters from Vietnam to his family. Because of their graphic, intelligent, and clear statements about the attitudes of a young soldier thrust into a difficult situation, the letters had a pronounced impact on many comfortable, safe Americans. Anyone who reads the letters inspects the bottom drawer of parents who have lost a son in war. In the aftermath of his death, Mike Ransom's parents became activists of the first order in trying to bring the Vietnam War to a close.

Ransom was the oldest of six brothers from the New York City suburb of Bronxville. His father, an attorney with IBM Corporation, was a World War II veteran. His mother, a graduate of Vassar, was engaged with his five siblings when Ransom entered Colby in 1962.

A roommate remembers that freshman year as one of carefree enjoyment. Many young men moved easily into fraternity life. Mike Ransom pledged Alpha Tau Omega and became a typical "happy-go-lucky" member with the desire for a gentleman's "C" and a good time. That time took its toll on him, as it did on a number of his classmates. In 1964, after his sophomore year, he left Colby and entered New York University. He returned in the fall of 1965, but in spring 1966 he left school again.

Even as he entered the army in September 1966, Ransom and his parents were seriously questioning the conduct of the war. He told a friend to engage in every anti-war demonstration she could in order to end the war. Nevertheless, he attended Officer Candidate School and was commissioned a second lieutenant of infantry. Like so many others with those credentials, he received orders for Vietnam, arriving in-country on March 7, 1968, at Cam Ranh Bay.

He and fellow junior officers had heard that they would all be assigned to the First Cavalry Division. Instead, he was diverted a little further south to Chu Lai. Ransom's letters traced his journey through the army system to his final destination - Company A, 4th Battalion, 3rd Infantry, 11th Light Infantry Brigade, Americal Division.

The timing could not have been worse. Nine days after Ransom arrived in Vietnam, another unit of the 1st Brigade, Company C, First Battalion, 20th Infantry, was operating in an area known as Song My. Villages in Vietnam sometimes had two names. Song My was also known as My Lai. A massacre there on March 16 would be branded indelibly into the history of the war.

Mike Ransom's letters, while typical of those written by soldiers whose senses were alert to all around them, are striking in their completeness. He provided clear descriptions with phonetic spellings of his movement to Chu Lai, Qui Nhon, and Duc Pho. He chronicled his progressive acceptance by the veterans of his unit. He showed the self-doubt and growth that the responsibility of command thrusts on an individual. Finally, his reactions to his baptism of fire, the loss of some of his men, and his own slight wound in April completed his transition from easy-going college student to infantry platoon leader.

On May 3, 1968, Company A was moving into a night ambush position near Landing Zone Sue when a mine detonated. Mike Ransom was hit. Despite severe wounds, he urged his men to remain calm, organizing them into a tight defensive perimeter until they could receive assistance. He refused medical attention until other injured men had been treated.

Subsequently, he was evacuated to a field hospital where his condition deteriorated. He died on Mother's Day, May 11, 1968, his death officially attributed to pneumonia and peritonitis resulting from his wounds.

News of his death came back to a tight circle of friends. In the busy time of final examinations and graduation facing the Class of 1968, some on campus did not find out until later that summer.

At Ransom's funeral in Bronxville, where the more than 700 people in attendance included Colby friends, the anti-war tone of the ceremony was unmistakable. Excerpts from his letters were read and a folk singer rendered, among other ballads, Pete Seeger's "Where Have All The Flowers Gone."

A final Vietnam letter from a nurse who had treated Ransom while he lay gravely wounded was read to those assembled. Capt. Connie Schlosser wrote, "Mike fought hard, terribly hard, to overcome his body's wounded condition. But, strong as he was, his body could only endure so much. Mike was never afraid and although I'm sure he realized what was happening, he never, never lost his smile or his courage. I guess I really wanted you to know that Mike did not die alone, with no one caring. I cared, we all cared—we all share your sorrow. Be ever so proud of Mike!"

Louise Ransom later published her son's letters in a book titled Letters From Vietnam. She actively opposed the war in demonstrations, including one at the Whitehall Induction Center in New York in the summer of 1968.

In time, she and her husband moved to Vermont. In 1982, during the dedication of the Vermont Vietnam Veterans Memorial off Interstate 89, Louise Ransom had not wavered in her belief that the Vietnam War was wrong. A Vietnam veteran remembers her comparison of the burden borne by her family to that of members of Congress and other high officials. If the war had been so important, she reasoned, why had none of their sons perished in its wake.

In 1984, Washington Post reporter Myra McPherson published an extensive book on experiences associated with the Vietnam War. The title, Long Time Passing, was drawn from the song heard at Mike Ransom's funeral. One chapter chronicles Ransom's journey from Colby and ATO to the jungles of Vietnam.

In 1985, the City of New York dedicated a massive Vietnam Veterans Memorial in the Battery at the base of Manhattan. The day of the dedication, 25,000 Vietnam veterans marched through the "Valley of Heroes" along Broadway. Etched in the heavy glass panels of the memorial they came to consecrate are phrases from the letters of 2nd Lt. Robert Crawford Ransom, Jr., Colby College Class of 1966.
James Hunter Shotwell '62 never intended to graduate from Colby. The son of Edward and Charlotte Drum Shotwell, he entered in the fall of 1958 from St. Paul's School in Concord, N.H., after taking the entrance examination for the U.S. Military Academy at West Point. He had passed the examination but could not enter with the class of 1962 because he had not reached age 18. His decision to enter West Point, made shortly after the death of his father, was influenced by his family’s long military tradition. His great-great-grandfather, Capt. John Drum, was killed during the Spanish American War in the Battle at San Juan Hill. His great uncle, Lt. Gen. Hugh A. Drum, served in both world wars, and his uncle and namesake, Col. James Hunter Drum, graduated from West Point in 1937 and was wounded in World War II. All were career officers.

Sports were also an integral part of Hunter Shotwell’s life. At St. Paul’s, he played energetically on the hockey team, and though never first string, he received the school’s Campbell Hockey Medal for doing the most for the sport. At Colby in the winter of 1958-59, a heady time for hockey because of the abundance of talent, newcomers with skill were plentiful on the freshman team. A team member recalls that people didn’t come looking for Hunter Shotwell to see ice time, but his teammates nevertheless remember him as an essential part of an excellent unit. Despite his intention to leave at the end of his freshman year, Shotwell pledged Delta Kappa Epsilon, his father’s fraternity at Cornell University.

In July 1959, he joined the Long Gray Line at West Point. His strong drive soon became more apparent, and his achievements resulted in the following summary in the 1963 edition of the Corps of Cadets’ yearbook: “Out of Boston came the ‘dapper’ J. Hunter Shotwell to enter with the class of ’63. In one hand he had a hockey stick, the other a lacrosse stick, and with these he left his mark on the athletic field at West Point.” The mediocre player at Colby had emerged to win major hockey letters at the academy.

Commissioned a second lieutenant of infantry on June 5, 1963, Shotwell continued his drive toward excellence. He received his first assignment to the Fifth Infantry Division at Fort Carson, Colo. He became a parachutist and graduated from the Army’s Ranger School at Fort Benning, Ga. After serving with two Fifth Infantry division battalions, he received his first orders for Vietnam on August 14, 1965, only six months after he had married Jean Barker of Fairfield, Conn., sister of Bruce Barker ’66.

While in Vietnam with the Military Assistance Command, Shotwell served as an advisor in the III Corps area of South Vietnam, where he assisted the 34th Ranger Battalion of the 25th ARVN Infantry Division. His tour ended in May, following his promotion to the rank of captain and decoration for valor for actions associated with a medical evacuation of wounded South Vietnamese troops. While he was in Vietnam, his first son, James Hunter Shotwell, Jr., was born.

His next assignment was with the 82nd Airborne Division at Fort Bragg, N.C. For 15 months, he served with the division’s 3rd Brigade. The irony of his assignments in the states was that Hunter Shotwell served only with units that subsequently were shipped to Vietnam. According to family members, Shotwell had decided to leave the army after the obligation required by his service academy appointment had been satisfied. Despite that decision, however, he believed that it was his duty as a professional officer to return to Vietnam when ordered for a second tour.

Captain Shotwell received those orders and arrived in February 6, 1968. While a battalion staff job was reportedly available, he chose to seek command of an infantry line company and was assigned to Company D, First Battalion, 52nd Infantry, 198th Light Infantry Brigade, Americal Division, based at Chu Lai.

On May 25, 1968, three and a half months into his tour, Shotwell was leading his company into a blocking position near the village of Chien Son in preparation for combat sweep. As the company occupied its position, lead elements came under heavy automatic weapons fire from an enemy force of undetermined size. Hunter Shotwell moved forward with his command group to try to determine the situation and relieve pressure on the men. Despite the intensity of the hostile assault, he pressed forward to direct the first elements of his company, but when he reached the beleaguered line, his group came under direct fire from enemy soldiers in a hedgerow. During the resulting contact, Capt. J. Hunter Shotwell and three of his command group were mortally wounded.

A professional soldier who was often decorated, Shotwell apparently eschewed the listing of his achievements. His obituary in Assembly, the quarterly publication of the Association of Graduates, USMA, states, “He would not want his decorations listed here. He said, ‘every soldier who performs his duty in the face of the enemy deserves a medal. They are all brave men and I do not believe in singling out a few.’”

At the age of 27, Capt. James Hunter Shotwell was buried at West Point with full military honors. His second son, David Barker Shotwell, was born after his death.
Men from Colby served in all aspects of the Vietnam War and in all services. Some took commissions with the Air Force Reserve Officer Training Corps that was sponsored by the College. Later, some of those would fly F4D fighters in support of ground troops in I Corps or C141 transports back and forth across the Pacific. Some others became officer candidates in the army, navy, or marines. Still others were drafted for assignments in Vietnam that stretched from the Mekong Delta to the demilitarized zone and from "Leg" Infantry to staff jobs.

Who attended Colby have fought in every war that the nation has undertaken since the College was founded. There is no mention in this remembrance about those who may have been lost at Chateau-Thierry or on Guadalcanal or east of the Chosin Reservoir. It may fall to someone else to provide their stories. Neither are the stories told of those men whose lives and deaths in Vietnam touched the Colby community.

"Our Deaths . . . Will Mean What You Make Them"

Men from Colby served in all aspects of the Vietnam War and in all services. Some took commissions with the Air Force Reserve Officer Training Corps that was sponsored by the College. Later, some of those would fly F4D fighters in support of ground troops in I Corps or C141 transports back and forth across the Pacific. Some others became officer candidates in the army, navy, or marines. Still others were drafted for assignments in Vietnam that stretched from the Mekong Delta to the demilitarized zone and from "Leg" Infantry to staff jobs.

Who attended Colby have fought in every war that the nation has undertaken since the College was founded. There is no mention in this remembrance about those who may have been lost at Chateau-Thierry or on Guadalcanal or east of the Chosin Reservoir. It may fall to someone else to provide their stories. Neither are the stories told of those men whose lives and deaths in Vietnam touched the Colby community.

"Our Deaths . . . Will Mean What You Make Them"

Men from Colby served in all aspects of the Vietnam War and in all services. Some took commissions with the Air Force Reserve Officer Training Corps that was sponsored by the College. Later, some of those would fly F4D fighters in support of ground troops in I Corps or C141 transports back and forth across the Pacific. Some others became officer candidates in the army, navy, or marines. Still others were drafted for assignments in Vietnam that stretched from the Mekong Delta to the demilitarized zone and from "Leg" Infantry to staff jobs.

Who attended Colby have fought in every war that the nation has undertaken since the College was founded. There is no mention in this remembrance about those who may have been lost at Chateau-Thierry or on Guadalcanal or east of the Chosin Reservoir. It may fall to someone else to provide their stories. Neither are the stories told of those men whose lives and deaths in Vietnam touched the Colby community.
Kenneth A. Johnson '37 died on October 14, 1987, at age 73. His loss will be deeply felt not only by the College but by everyone who knew him—including the privileged generations of students enlightened during the three decades of his teaching career.

Ken Johnson was a man who set an example of commitment and integrity throughout his life, and Colby has long been the beneficiary of his extraordinary service and dedication. When he graduated from Colby over 50 years ago, he was the only black student in his class, and the determination that he exhibited then characterized him ever after. As a scholar, a teacher, and an individual, Ken Johnson was a pioneer. When he was awarded a Colby Brick, he was praised as "a Colby ambassador plenipotentiary and extraordinary to the entire world," words not often bestowed upon an alumnus of any college. Former director of alumni relations Frank P. Stephenson '62 wrote that the College was grateful for "the men and women who go on from here to make worthy contributions to the lives of others and society as a whole. You are one of those people, Ken." Colby is fortunate to have been a significant part of the life of a man so widely admired and so greatly respected.

At Colby, Ken Johnson began his long and distinguished career of intellectual achievement and service to others as treasurer of the student forum and as president of the International Relations Club. He earned his M.A. degree in history from Harvard in 1942 and later studied at the University of Minnesota. After being named a John Hay Fellow in Humanities at the University of Oregon in 1962, he was named to the board of directors of the John Hay Alumni Foundation. In 1964 he was a Fulbright Scholar at the University of Nigeria. In 1969-70 he served as a lecturer in Afro-American history at Boston State College, and from 1968 to 1972 he was a member of the National Examining Committee for Advanced Placement in European History.

In 1965, after teaching at several southern colleges and at English High School, Ken Johnson began teaching history at Boston Latin School. His papers were published in various educational journals, and he was later made co-head of the history department, a position he held until his retirement in 1983. He was cited in "Outstanding Secondary Educators of America" in 1975. Boston Latin honored him in 1978 with the establishment of a scholarship in his name.

Ken Johnson maintained strong ties to Colby long after graduation. He spoke at the College on numerous occasions, including the 1977 Reunion Weekend at which he was a Boardman Service speaker. In 1972 he was appointed to the Colby Board of Trustees, and six years later he was honored with the Colby Brick. He also served the College as an overseer.

The extent of Ken Johnson's service to Colby is exemplified as much by his dedication to its progress and improvement as by his appreciation of its past achievements. Minority integration at Colby was an issue of great importance to him, and he worked hard to promote an intensive recruitment program by the College among urban high schools. "In an age when ethnocentric Balkanization is all too prevalent," he said in a 1975 speech, "we are challenged to dispel the encircling gloom of the times with a progressive and a kindly light" He was a man who lived up to such a challenge by helping his College to pursue that light.

Ken Johnson's death last fall ends a lifetime of scholarly endeavor and commitment to education. The entire Colby community and many beyond are indebted to the selfless contributions made by this man throughout his life.

He is survived by his wife, Angela, and by two cousins.
Colby suffered a great loss when Lucille Pinette Zukowski '37, a longtime faculty member, died last Columbus Day morning at age 70. "An intriguing challenge would be to search for another person who is as completely identified with Colby as Lucille 'Kye' Pinette Zukowski," said her 1975 Colby Brick Award. "She is an alumna, of course, but also she has been a member of the faculty since 1943, is a professor of mathematics and has chaired the department since 1970, is a faculty wife, and is the mother of a [Colby student]" Indeed, Kye Zukowski was an integral part of the College for 50 years.

A native of Millinocket, Maine, she attended Stearns High School before entering Colby in 1933. At Colby she was a dedicated student, graduating with Phi Beta Kappa and cum laude honors. She was also an active participant in numerous student activities, was editor of the Echo and the Oracle, and was president of her sorority, Phi Mu. After receiving her M.A. in mathematics from Syracuse University, she studied at the University of Colorado, the University of Michigan, and Bryn Mawr College. Returning to Colby in 1943 as a professor of mathematics, she remained for 38 years.

Kye Pinette married Walter Zukowski (whom she met at Colby) in 1955, and both went on to chair academic departments, she in mathematics, he in administrative science. Their shared belief in the integration of mathematics into the liberal arts curriculum resulted in two new majors combining mathematics with the social sciences—economics—mathematics and psychology—mathematics. Although she referred to mathematics as "the Queen of the Sciences" in her address conveying the greetings of the faculty to President Cotter on his inauguration, she said, "We have different ways of making our subjects fit into the mainstream of society. However, we are united in a common goal, a belief that these differences make up that unified whole which is the liberal arts."

The Zukowskis' joint efforts and outstanding dedication to the College were recognized in a speech honoring them at their 1982 retirement: "When Walter and Kye Zukowski left the Colby faculty at the end of this academic year, Colby lost more than two separate individuals whose combined presence in Colby classrooms spans 68 years. Colby has lost a matched set, a pair of scholars whose combined philosophies of education and concepts of the liberal arts have left on this institution an indelible mark which represents more than the sum of the two separate parts."

Their devotion to education was not limited to the classroom, however. Both spoke and lectured extensively, and they spent their 1958-59 sabbatical year at Al-Hikma University in Baghdad along with their four-month-old daughter, Mary. They were also visiting professors at colleges in Turkey and Tehran, where they greatly enjoyed the life and culture of the Middle East.

Kye Zukowski's unflagging devotion to Colby as an alumna was as significant a part of her life at the College as her role as a faculty member. During almost four decades of teaching, she also served as a faculty representative to the Board of Trustees, was an active member of the Alumni Association (serving as class president for five years), and chaired or organized many class reunions, including the 50th last June. She was included in Who's Who of American Women. Among her many accomplishments, the 1975 Colby Brick Award recognized her regular correspondence with alumni as well as the demand for her as a speaker and lecturer.

Kye Zukowski's life was one of matchless service to her College, exemplary dedication to her career, and generosity toward others. Her personality, however, will make her long remembered by those who were closest to her. As one who knew her wrote, "Everyone who is acquainted with Professor Lucille Zukowski has benefited from experiencing her wit, humor, and penetrating observations." A committed teacher, loyal alumna, and warm person, she is sadly missed by the entire College community.

She is survived by her husband and by their daughter, Mary Zukowski Hurd '79.

Colby is pleased to announce the formation of the Lucille Pinette Zukowski Endowment Fund for Financial Aid. Contributions may be sent to the director of planned giving.

Dave Roberts '55, Colby College, Waterville, Maine 04901.

COLBY 21
In February of 1933 Franklin Delano Roosevelt sat pondering his first inaugural address, and only 15 years had passed since the Red Sox' last world championship. That same month, four Colby athletes—John W. Locke '33, Abner G. Bevin, Sr. '34, George H. Hunt '34, and Harrison F. Williams '33—set a school record in the mile relay that held up for 43 years. Actually, the record stood for 55 years, although under strange circumstances. Either span of time is impressive, of course, as was the Colby squad's time of 3:32.4, which compared well with the 1933 American record of 3:17.0. The runners averaged a quarter-mile time of 53.1, less than five seconds off the 1933 American 440 record of 48.4.

The mile relay race between Colby, Worcester Polytech, and Brown was won by the White Mules in the good time of 3:32 and 285 seconds,' reported The Colby Echo on February 22, 1933. 'Jack Locke, making his season's debut, led off for Colby and got the team away to a good start, handing over a ten yard lead to Bevin. Bev ran three laps and retained this lead, giving way to George Hunt for the third leg. George slightly increased his lead over his Worcester opponent, Brown being far in the rear by this time. Colby's big lead was cut down by Jensen, Worcester's anchor man, who gained about nine yards on Harry Williams. By clever running on the last corner, however, Harry managed to keep a slight lead and spurred in to the tape, winning by about a yard.' The race was run in the University Club Games, held at the Boston Gardens on February 18 of that year, and came a week after a successful Colby showing in the Boston Athletic Association Games in Boston. Despite the victory in the mile relay, the Colby team finished third in the meet overall. The meet was quickly forgotten, but the record was not. It stood as an enigmatic goal for Colby teams until 1987.

Somewhere in the intervening 55 years—no one knows when or how—the record was transcribed incorrectly. Through a transposition of numbers, the excellent time of 3:32.4 became an even more impressive 3:23.4. Because of the mix-up, the 1933 team was considered
Colby's record holder until last spring when a faculty member with experience in track and field decided to check the mark posted on the wall of the Colby fieldhouse. The slower time recorded in the *Echo* was also listed in the 1933 *Oracle* and is the same time George Hunt remembers from that night.

"I think that's a unique length of time for a track record. Most fall shortly after they're made," Hunt said recently. A member of the class of 1937 at the Boston University School of Law, Hunt last year attended his 50th reunion, at which all attendees were awarded an honorary J.D. degree. He is a resident of Hallowell, Maine, and served a term as state senator in the Maine State House, where he represented Kennebec County. At the age of 76 he continues to practice law with the firm of Southard, Hunt, and Herbert, exhibiting the same stamina that brought him success on the track. "I knock off at four instead of five in the afternoon," Hunt explained.

Track team captain Abner Bevin, who held the Colby record in the 1000-yard run, is married to Thelma Chase Bevin '31, and they have two children and seven grandchildren. After serving as "a lowly marine" during World War II, Bevin guided the Cape Cod Line Company and was treasurer of the Bevin-Wilcox Line Company, manufacturers of fishing lines, until his retirement in 1978. By 1984 Bevin's sports interest had become golf, a game, he said, "I play with hope." The Bevins live in East Hampton, Conn., and spend time at their summer home in Eastham, Mass.

Harrison Williams captained the relay team and points out that the record was quite a feat, considering the way the Colby track team trained winters before improvements were made on the fieldhouse at the old campus. "We did our training in the winter over on the train platforms downtown," recalled Williams, who in addition to running the anchor leg in the record-setting race also held Colby records in the 300-, 400-, and 600-yard dashes. A 1951 letter to Williams from former Alumni Secretary Bill Millett hints at the former's track accomplishments (and reflects the distance women's athletics had to come to reach its present level of 13 interscholastic teams, one fewer than the men's): "Congratulations on the birth of your daughter. I think it's great. Too bad though Harry, it wasn't a boy so you could start him running the quarter mile on the track. Our teams haven't been so hot here in recent years. Since his retirement in 1975, after 22 years with the institutional foods division of General Foods, Williams has continued working with the Boy Scouts of America, which he has done now for 65 years.

The team's leadoff man, Jack Locke, who also played football for the White Mules, is retired and living in Glen Rock, N.J., after a career with the British Petroleum Company. Locke, like his teammate Abner Bevin, saw duty in World War II with the navy. The Locke family has since sent other members to Mayflower Hill, including Locke's daughter Mary Jean '72, her husband, Michael Ready '74, and his granddaughter, Sheryl Reynolds '87.

When the discrepancy in the old mile-relay record was confirmed, Colby cross-country and track and field coach Jim Wescott went back to the files to determine when the mark actually had fallen. He found that the mile-relay record now belongs to the team of Robert W. Richardson '76, David H. Christophe '78, Gregory M. Pfitzer '79, and William J. Getchell '78, who ran the race in 3:26.3 in 1976. Although their mark comes belatedly, these four runners have the satisfaction of holding a Colby track record that itself is now more than a decade old.

Other records surely will be surpassed when construction is complete on Colby's new outdoor track. The cinder track that currently rings Seaverns Field, which by last fall was not much of an improvement over the old railroad platforms in Waterville, is scheduled to be replaced by September. A $200,000 challenge grant from Harold Alfond, L.H.D. '80, a long-time backer of Colby athletics, will make possible the construction of Maine's only collegiate eight-lane, all-weather outdoor track. Coach Wescott expressed his hope that the four men who set Colby's longest-enduring track record and inspired generations of Colby runners could attend the dedication of the new track this fall.
From the *Mayflower* to Mayflower Hill

by Chris Finlayson

In the largest sense of the word, Allyn Bradford '50 is a missionary. His life is both driven and sustained by a deep and abiding belief that all human thought and action, both individual and collective, if it is to be called "good," must rest upon a solid spiritual, moral, and ethical foundation. Bradford's personal sense of mission was formed in the crucible of New England tradition. His family heritage—including five successive generations of Congregational ministers—reaches back directly to William Bradford, the *Mayflower* Pilgrim who through his 37 years as governor of Plymouth Plantation must be regarded as one of the principal architects of the American experience.

In recalling his earliest memories, Allyn Bradford says that "being a Bradford was an important thing. I didn't know why exactly, it just was." Growing up in Providence, R.I., as the son of a minister to a wealthy and socially prominent congregation further shaped and refined his youthful sense of duty and service, but it also held the seeds of his later break with established tradition. In 1944, however, duty called the 18-year-old Bradford to the U.S. Army.

"In the spring of '45 I was shipped to Europe. The war was winding down. Everywhere we went, France, Holland, Belgium, and Germany, was just a horrible mess. But much worse than the physical destruction was what I saw of the effect of war on people. Before the war I had been very serious about wanting to be an actor even though my family was not very encouraging. But my love for the theater disappeared in the war and didn't return for many years. It suddenly seemed like such a tragic world."

Returning to the States, Bradford resolved to follow his forebears into the ministry, and he attended Colby in preparation for Yale Divinity School. His choice of the College was greatly influenced by President J. Seelye Bixler, a good friend of Bradford's father. "Bixler's presence at Colby was the big attraction for me," Bradford remembers. "Addition-

ally, I was interested in a small, non-Ivy League, co-ed college, a college that seemed to be doing something new and different." His was the first freshman class on Mayflower Hill. They were students, Bradford said, "who, like Ulysses, were coming home from war. Colby was a good, solid, friendly community, like a big family."

Of his professors, historian Paul Fullam made the deepest and most lasting impression. "His lectures made history come alive in ways that were excitingly new and relevant," Bradford said. "His discussions of the great figures in American history, Washington, Jackson, Lincoln, and so on, were based on his own research and had the ring of authenticity. These people were not cardboard figures but were real human beings making tough decisions."

Those impressions lay fallow after Bradford's graduation from Yale Divinity School, when he embarked on what was to be a 20-year career as a Congregational minister. "My decision to enter the ministry was, of course, to some extent due to my family tradition," he said, "but most important was my personal need for a sense of hope and mission. However, after many years of working night and day seven days a week, trying to be a good minister, I found myself burning out. . . . not able to produce the kinds of changes I'd hoped for. Eventually, I realized that I had come to regard the Church as an archaic, irrelevant institution."

At Bradford's suggestion, Synectics, a Cambridge-based consulting group, agreed to help his board of directors reevaluate their church's place and purpose in the modern world. "They were doing exciting, challenging, creative work that actually produced change," Bradford said. "I saw a way to really make the things I admired in my theological studies work." Bradford subsequently accepted an invitation to join Synectics' staff, where from 1970 to 1976 he labored with "a wonderfully strong sense of mission; no cloth or rituals, I was just out there doing it, like the preacher in The Grapes of Wrath who joined the workers." When he found that he had developed a personally distinct mission, Bradford left Synectics to found his own firm. But after "operating in the fiery furnace of corporate culture teaching the basic principles of Christianity" at Monsanto, Digital, Burger King, and Honeywell, he said, "even though my consulting work was greatly more satisfying and paid much better than the ministry, I still felt there was something missing, a sense of my inner self."

At this point Bradford's long-dormant interest in the theater provided the final piece of the puzzle he had been working on for over 50 years. "All my life I had been struggling to determine my own personal truth about the meaning of being a Bradford," he said. "There was so much snobbish, blue-blood nonsense surrounding the name that for a long while I just tried to forget about it. And yet the story of my famous ancestor continued to haunt me. Finally I saw that my obligation, my mission, was to use my unique heritage and my name to bring to as wide an audience as possible the true story of this great man and his considerable contributions to the foundations of this nation and culture we call America."

Drawing from his own extensive research and William Bradford's published journal, *Of Plymouth Plantation*, Bradford recreates the life and times of the Plymouth colony in a one-man theatrical presentation. In authentic dress, he assumes the character and speaks the words of Governor Bradford, whose pilgrimage from the Old World to the New he considers the archetypal American experience. William Bradford and his group saw themselves on a cosmic stage acting out the two great events that Christianity teaches determine all lives, the fall and the resurrection. Each Pilgrim soul in the New World sought to become acceptable again to God and to be worthy of salvation. Allyn Bradford believes that we can all identify with key
elements in their story. "The Pilgrims," Bradford said, "were uprooted people who left their native land as exiles and went on a long and difficult voyage across the sea to form a new community in a strange land. That experience of exile is built into our national collective unconscious because it has happened in some way to us all."

Of course native Americans have not shared this experience of immigration, and the black community did not come to this continent by choice. But all have been migrants, Bradford notes, all have been uprooted or exiled. The Pilgrims provide a set of principles for succeeding generations to use in achieving their freedom. "The Pilgrims symbolize ourselves," Bradford said, "for America is a nation of immigrants." He has presented his Pilgrim experience of exile and "coming home" at the Pilgrim Hall Museum in Plymouth, the Museum of Our National Heritage in Lexington, the Essex Institute in Salem, the Old South Meeting House in Boston, and at Pine Manor College, Andover Newton Theological School, and scores of schools in the Boston area.

Reflecting on this latest development of his life, the missionary from Providence said, "What I do works . . . because it derives from my own authentic roots. I think this roots thing is especially important now because we seem to be living in a moral and spiritual vacuum. We all need some ties with our past, a context for our present and future, a sense of 'rootedness.' And this is true for all of us in this diverse land of immigrants. What makes things work for good here in America is the bringing together of diverse elements, all of which have their own authentic integrity."

Bradford points out that "bringing together diverse elements" is what the Greek word "synectics" means. In a world in which William Bradford's values often seem to be forgotten, Allyn Bradford acts out the hard work, judgment, humility, risk-taking, and faith in Providence of William Bradford not only in performance but in his own life. That is the essence of the Pilgrim story.
My wife said our visit to the campus for the Fall Volunteer Workshop became for me a sentimental journey. I called it a routine inspection. Anyway, I checked on the wrought-iron gates from the old campus that the Class of 1929 installed on Mayflower Hill overlooking Johnson Pond on the occasion of their 50th reunion. They are in excellent condition, newly painted. Those gates have a history: they were presented to the College on the old campus by the Class of 1902 at their 25th reunion. (That was Dr. Herbert Carlyle Libby's class.) Fifty-two years later the Class of 1929 brought them to the new campus as part of their reunion gift • Edwin D. Merry '29, North Edgecomb, Maine. has recently traced his Merry ancestors to 1770 when they were seafarers—no pirates! • Tina Thompson Poulin '32, Waterville, was awarded a Colby Brick at the awards banquet • W. Malcolm Wilson '33, Oakland, Maine, has received the Jefferson Award for many years of service to the mentally ill • Mary Waspatt '30, Rockland, Maine, was honored on her 80th birthday by her colleagues on the Courier Gazette and at the Farnsworth Museum • The late Augustine A. D'Anico '28, Bangor, was made an honorary member of the Bangor Rotary Club. Rotary International has honored as Paul Harris Fellows retired Maine Supreme Court Justice Harold C. Marden '29, Boothbay Harbor, Maine; Lewis "Ludy" Levine '21, Waterville; Nelson W. Bailey '28, China, Maine; W. Malcolm Wilson '33, Oakland, Maine; George C. Putnam '34, Oakland, Maine; and Cecil Goddard '29, China, Maine • Note: the alumni office has a supply of photos of the 50th reunion of the Class of 1936 that are available on a first-come, first-served basis • Grace Sylvester Ober '29, Woodland, Maine, published a nostalgic "Letter from Home" in the St. Croix Courier, Calais, Maine • Nissie Grossman '32, Wellesley, Mass., was awarded the Marriner Distinguished Service Award for his many services to the College • Harold E. Hall '17, Hebron, Maine, a former teacher and administrator of Hebron Academy, has celebrated his 90th birthday • Comments decrying the loss of the ATO fraternity at Colby were registered in the ATO "Phoenix" by Clifford H. Littlefield '26, Raymond, Maine; Henry W. Rollins '32, China, Maine; Wayne B. Sanders '37, Springfield, Mass., and Frank Norvish '34, Needham, Mass. • William M. Clark '36, "Logrolling" contributed to Gannett newspapers, has moved to Waterville from Caratunk, Maine • Arthur S. O'Halloran '50, Waterville, has been elected chairman of the board of the Waterville Savings and Loan Association, replacing David R. Hilton '35, Southport, Maine • George T. Nickerson '24, former dean of the College, is serving on the finance committee of the Waterville Hospice Organization • Did you know that the words to the hymn "America" were written by Colby Professor of Modern Languages [1834-1841] Samuel F. Smith, who had been pastor of the First Baptist Church? • Dr. Gordon S. Young '37, Bar Harbor, Maine, has written a memorial to two of his classmates, Lucille "Kye" Zukowski and Kenneth A. Johnson, who have died since the class had the 50th reunion. His requiem: "Peace go with you" • Raymond Spinney '21 has requested that his new address be listed as Pheasant Wood Nursing Home, 66 Pheasant Road, Peterborough, N.H. • Given wider publicity than Paul Reveres ride was that of M. Lucille Kidder '20, Fairfield, Maine. Newspapers from Florida to Maine gave it graphic publicity. Within three days of her 90th birthday she rode the jump seat of a motorcycle around the Colby campus! Such a ride, arranged by the College was at her 50th birthday wish • Alice Clark Anderson '21, Wethersfield, Conn., attended the graduation of her granddaughter, Heather Sue Anderson '87 • Wallace A. Donovan '31, Waterville, and Mrs. Donovan celebrated the 50th anniversary of their wedding in August. "Wally" is one of Colby's outstanding athletes • The St. John Valley Times, Madison, Maine, has named the late Watemala B. Blake '24 as one of the "Noteworthy Women of the St. John Valley" • The North Carolina Sports Hall of Fame has added Skip Alexander '25 to its roster of PGA Golf Champions • The Harvard Business School has presented its Distinguished Service Award to Dr. Robert N. Anthony '38, Waterville Valley, N.H., who is professor emeritus of the school. He is also a recipient of Colby honoray masters and doctorate degrees • Annie Merrick Gordon '29 reported that she is living in Henderson, N.C., where she and her husband, Robert, retired • Mira L. Dolley '19, Raymond, Maine, a former French teacher at Deering High School, Portland, Maine, has celebrated her 90th birthday • R. Leon Williams '33, Clifton, Maine, has been honored by the Maine legislature, which has named the road from Clifton to East Eddington the R. Leon Williams Highway • The title of professor emeritus has been conferred by Unity College President James L. Caplinger on these Colby graduates who were teachers at Unity College: Nelson W. Bailey '28, China, Maine; Robert W. Scott '29, Unity, Maine; and Charles N. Pinkham '32, Unity, Maine. Former Colby President Robert E.L. Strider II was the guest speaker for the program • Maurice Krasow '31 of Danbury, Conn., recently presented his works of art at the Goldman Gallery in Rockport, Maine • Correspondent: ERNEST E. MILLER '29, 218 Pickett District Rd., New Milford, Conn. 06776.

A MANNER OF GIVING

Ervena Goodale Smith '24 has given in many ways to her alma mater. She and her late husband, Joseph Coburn Smith '24, in 1969 made the College the beneficiary of a life income plan, from which they received income during their lifetimes. Joseph Smith died in 1975 and Ervena Smith died in Portland on November 20, 1987. Following her death, the principal of their investment was added to the Joseph Coburn Smith Fund, which provides unrestricted income to the College.

Ervena Smith was born September 12, 1899, in White Sulphur Springs, Mont., and moved to Troy, Maine, when she was nine years old. After attending Maine Central Institute, she enrolled at Colby in 1920. Following the Smiths' marriage in 1925, Mrs. Smith studied history at Radcliffe College while her husband obtained his M.S. degree in economics at Harvard. They returned to Colby, where Joe Smith became director of public relations for 18 years.

Mrs. Smith taught at various Maine schools, including Cobburn Classical Institute. From 1933 to 1944 she was Colby's alumnae secretary and was responsible for fund raising for the "women's union," now Runnals Union, as well as organizing, maintaining, and updating records. She traveled and visited alumni prospects and organized local alumnae meetings to enhance giving to the College. She also served as class correspondent at Colby, where she received an M.A. degree in 1945. She was a member of the Board of Trustees at M.C.I.

Following her husband's death, her determination, drive, and gumption saw her through her own illness, and as recently as 1986 she traveled to San Francisco for Christmas with her family. Her attitude toward life can be summed up in her own words: "If I want to do it, and my family wants me to do it, I'll do it."

Colby is honored to claim a part in Ervena Smith's life of dedication to her family, her students, and her schools, and blessed in receiving her talents of giving of herself to fund raising and friend raising.

50th reunion: June 10-12, 1988.
Class secretary: LAWRENCE W. DWYER
286 Church St., Berlin, N.H. 03570.
Evelyn Short Merrill and Buell 40 say the Whit­
tier, Calif., earthquake was the most terrifying expe­rience of their lives. "With the dishes crashing, you can still hear them at 90 mph. "We had the night watchman ti med so she could sneak back in," says Edson Small, who has a registered tree farm on 100 acres and enjoys woodworking. Adri­anna Rodgers Paine says she is planning to be at our 50th reunion and is staying fit by doing a lot of walking (much of it in D.C. museums). She recentlv finished courses to enable her to become a flower show judge. Mary Hitchcock Bax­ter did not enjoy the scare she had in early Oc­tober. Though it seemed like a heart attack at first, several tests proved it was coronary artery dis­ease. Mary was hospitalized in an intensive care unit for four days, but has been home in Ware, Mass., with daughters Mariellen 74 and Mar­guerite 70 close by, plus some good friends. She is on a special diet and is attempting to lose weight. She has had to give up her practical nurs­ ing job. Surely all wish Mary improving health and healing. It was great to have word again from Hiram Macintosh. He and Rita are still in Philadelphia, Pa. They are enjoying their first­born grandson. Hiram is still the athlete—hiking, bik­ ing, working out at the Y. hunting in the Pennsyl­vania mountains, and skiing in January at Lake Tahoe. And I must tell you Hiram's favorite memory of Colby—the first warm spring days when he could sit out on the OCE porch. Heaven," said he. No doubt we all, at our present age, welcome spring, especially if we spend winters in rugged New England. That, dear friends, is all the news I received this quarter. Hopefully, more of you will respond in the next few weeks. But since I have a little space to spare, let me take this opportunity to ask you if you've yet learned about the Beyond War Movement. I have been active for the past several years in ac­tivities to help promote peace on our planet. Most recently I have become deeply involved with this movement for it makes the most sense to me at this point in time. Its philosophy hinges on educating people about the severity of our world crisis and the real need for a new approach to building a world without war. It presents a new way of thinking about conflict, about the world we live in, about other people, and about our­selves. Those involved in this movement declare that war is obsolete and that we, on this planet, are one. The long-term goals are presented sim­ply, clearly, and with determined time lines. Do attempt to find out more about Beyond War in your area if at all possible, and may I hear from more of you soon.


Wes and Jean Connell MacRae report a move to 454 Bobwhite Drive, Sebring, Fla. 33872 (Oc­tober 11 to May 1), but they're still at their lake­side home in summer. They write that daughter Mary is director of occupational therapy services
Bonsall Doesn't Quit

Few people on Colby's campus can recall the days when the Colby Mules played Harvard in football and the men's hockey team played games on the frozen Kennebec River. But Henry G. Bonsall '31 remembers. Over the past three years, almost everyone on Mayflower Hill came to know Bonsall's smiling face and friendly greeting when he worked as a checker at the dining hall doors. This year he is food service's "roving food ambassador," its public relations representative who welcomes preparation and service.

Bonsall is no stranger to the food business. After graduating with a degree in business administration and economics, he worked as a wholesale distributor for Kraft Foods for eight years and for the Canada Dry and Cott beverage companies before serving a term as Waterville City Clerk in the 1960s. He managed a Dunkin' Donuts in Barre, Vt., then moved back to Waterville to manage the local Dunkin' Donuts. "Waterville is really my home," Bonsall said. "I was here in the days when we could ski on Mayflower Hill when it was still all mayflowers."

At Colby Bonsall competed in cross-country and track and maintains an interest in these sports today. Last April he and his wife, Dorothy, accompanied the track team to Atlanta, Ga., where he visited one of his daughters but found time each day to watch Colby's meets at Emory University. Bonsall says that he participates in these events because he likes students. "Colby students have changed throughout the years," he commented, "but they're still awfully nice people. Students today are just more sophisticated, and I don't think they appreciate their education as much. Back then, we had to work our fingers to the bone." He remembers when everyone was required to take six courses each semester and only three Colby students had cars.

At 78, Bonsall has no plans for slowing down. This father of five is an avid stamp collector who has lectured in three states on the topic and recently served his second term in 20 years as president of the Maine Philatelic Society. He also has been active in Boy Scouts and on the Governor's Highway Safety Committee. He still attends every home football game. He has even started a book, which he works on in his free time and "doesn't know if it will ever get finished." But he's not giving up yet. Bonsall says the book, Don't Quit at 65, preaches that "if your body has been busy, don't stop. You can't quit."

Susan Jacobson '88
ing her camera as a means of communication, preferable, as she puts it, "to walking dogs, placing kittens, or making cookies for the PTA. • Kaye Monaghan Corey phoned to talk about our 45th reunion gift to the College. We hope you will all remember Colby with generosity. • It was great to hear from Mary Lemoine Lape. A nurse practitioner, she and her husband, Phil, a surgeon, have retired and are finding this a busy and exciting time of life. They have six children and five grandchildren. • Philip Buck, who now lives in Northwood, N.H., wrote of the death of Dr. Charles Bellevue, which is sad news. • Marjorie Abar Gray has retired after 30 years of teaching and has joined a group at the Rochester Institute of Technology—the Athenaeum—an association of "over 55's" for intellectual and social enrichment. She has also attended Elderhostel and plans to do so again. • William Finkledey informed us that Calvin Hubbard is alive and well and in Canada. Bill also said that Ernest Weidul is living "somewhere in the Boston area." The preceding information was obtained with the collaboration of Harry Paul and Ray Kozen '47. Bill continues happy retirement in Hanover, N.H., and is busy with Dartmouth College's film society. • In material from the alumni office, I received a clipping from the Holyoke Mass., Transcript Telegraph. In their "40 Years Ago" column was the note about "two Holyokers" at Colby College—one of them was Harold Paul. There were also items about the death of Bob LaFleur, remembered by all of us for his personality and athletic ability. He entered the service in 1942 and in July received his commission as 2nd lieutenant with Bomber Command's Wings. He was awarded the Purple Heart, the Air Medal, and the Oak Leaf Cluster. Bob was 23 years old when shot down in the Mediterranean area. I remember the impact on our class and the sadness that was to be repeated several times over. It wasn't an easy time to be in college. • I'll close with advice from Leonard Caust. Len's recommendation for grandparents is a book to be filled out for our grandchildren, Before I Was a Grandparent (available from Beachtree Press, Box 15669, Long Beach, Calif. 90815, $6.95). He said it will make us consider our "life experience in ways that will delight and provoke our offspring as well as ourselves." His next question was all too true: "Much wisdom but much less energy for applying it."


I am sorry to report the death in September of Joe Crozier. Joe was for over 30 years a high school and college basketball official. He founded the South Portland, Maine, Pee Wee Football program, coached Little League, and served on the South Portland Board of Parks and Recreation. May 5, 1987, was declared "Joe Crozier Day" in South Portland when the City Council honored him with a testimonial dinner for his contributions to sports. Besides his wife, Joe leaves two daughters, three sons, and two granddaughters. • Since retirement last year Fred '43 and JoJo Pitts McAlary have evolved an annual North Escape Route for the winter months. This involves visiting children, camping on the Florida Keys, gorging in New Orleans (Jo-Jo's natal home), dallying on the beaches of North Carolina, sightseeing in Washington, D.C., "doing" Boston, and managing to escape a single snowflake. This year they included California and Texas in their itinerary. Fred works part time for a inland newspaper. Fred and his August teaching • Lois Peterson Johnson has reason to consider herself a big success in raising four children: Stephen, an emergency room doctor; Carol, a former air force captain, now retired and married to an air force officer; Robert, a Hallmark representative; and Margaret, an air force captain presently stationed in Korea. Lois also has six grandchildren. She and her husband are campers and Appalachian Trail hikers and take trips with "Seniors" and attend Elderhostels. Lois works part time in their church office, collects dolls with porcelain heads, quilts, and anticipates a trip to Korea. • Marcia Wade Priscu has traveled extensively in recent years. She has a unique hobby of creating needlepoint pictures as reminders of these trips. Her latest picture, representing peasants in Serbian and Montenegrin costumes, is a memento of Yugoslavia. On this trip she "traveled narrow switchback mountain roads to places ordinary tourists would never go, to meet primitive painters, weavers, knitters, and copper-smiths." Her latest picture, representing peasants in Serbian and Montenegrin costumes, is a memento of Yugoslavia. On this trip she "traveled narrow switchback mountain roads to places ordinary tourists would never go, to meet primitive painters, weavers, knitters, and copper-smiths." Her latest picture, representing peasants, was filmed on Cliff Island in Casco Bay, where Wendell '42 and Kay Howes Brooks have a summer home. Read Kay's delightful description of the cast. "Harry Carely loved the island so much that he returned this summer with his grandchildren. Ann Lilliard was a very good egg. Lillian Gish is a very gracious lady, and everybody loved her. Vincent Price was the most popular one there and was very friendly and unmovie-starish. He kissed Ruth Howes Mistark '43, Kay's sister, goodbye at the dock. (Ruth lives on Cliff Isle and cooked for Bette Davis as well as for the crew of 50. See profile) Colby honorary degree recipient Bette Davis was commanding and superior." Ruth arranged the premiere showing of the picture in Portland, Maine, with proceeds going to the island scholarship fund. • Louis Deraney's daughter, Miriam, is attending classes at the Maine Medical Center in Portland, Maine. Lou sent me the newspaper clipping talking about Joe Crozier, concerned that it was unreported in this column. • Please, you out there, send on to me or to the alumni office any items relating to '44. YOU make the news, so WRITE. Note my new address.

Class secretary: NANCY CURTIS LAWRENCE [Mrs. Watson A], 1031 Berkeley Ave., Menlo Park, Calif. 94025.

It's December 1—been a busy fall, right? Anyway, news has happily poured in from classmates this fall, including some we haven't heard from in years. Cannot get it all in this one column, but want to list everybody's name, and will then share all their news in the next column or two. They are Laura Tapia Atiken, Connie Daviau Bollinger, Eleanor Carter Curtice, John Dodd, Margery Owen Fallon, Georgina Gulliford Fielding, Anita Konikow Glassman, Elise Knowlton Handy, Floyd Harding, Bobbie Holt Sachs Constance Stanley Shane Helen Mary Beck Shoemaker. Frannie Dow Wells and Bill Whitemore. • This time, I want to quote Eleanor's thought-provoking and evocative letter in full. Here goes: "I really look forward to reading the 45 column in the Alumnus and am disappointed when there is not much news. I think I had better do my share as all these years. To tell you the truth, most of the news I see in the various columns is so important, degrees here and there, research and trips, big jobs and continuing growth for so many of the Colby family. Well, my life has been rather ordinary and that is probably why I have not written before. I have just retired after having worked in an advertising office for 20 years, have two grown children and four grandchildren. My husband worked in San Francisco for the 30 years of our marriage while we raised our family, until he died in 1984. Now that I am not working, most of my time and energy go into playing bridge and traveling to some of the smaller bridge tournaments within the state of California. I laughed when I saw your questions regarding fond memories of Colby. I remember arriving by the old milk train (full of soot), meeting friends and heading immediately for a little restaurant that served spaghetti, and during my first year on the old "train," having to suffer the shake rattle and roll of the train roaring through my bedroom every night. Aside from this, Colby was a very important part of my life, expanding my view of the world as no other experience would have. As I said before, I am an ordinary person, but Colby is no ordinary place." No comment is called for. I'm sure, but I have to say that I wish I'd written that letter, in essence, at least.

Class secretary: NAOMI COLL ETT PAGANELLI 2 Horatio St., New York, N.Y. 10014.

I was happy to hear recently from Jean Rhodenzier Fontaine, who frequently gets together with Doris Meyer Hawkes '47 and Sylvia Gray Noyes '47. This year they enjoyed a reunion with Carolyn Armitage Bouton and her husband, Jim, who were traveling from their home in Denver to Nova Scotia to visit places that were important to Carolyn's mother, who had died. On their way, they visited for several days with Sylvia, so the group had a wonderful time together. Jean wrote that they "even had a few hands of bridge, just for old time's sake!" • Good news has come about Rev. Benjamin C. Bubar, Jr., who appears to have made a fine recovery from his recent year-long illness. A former superintendent of the Christian Civic League of Maine, he is now at home in China, Maine, with his wife, Virginia, and was finally able to attend a meeting of the league's board of directors on China Lake. • Two weeks ago, I learned, by accident, that Bob and Harriet Glassow singer are friends of longtime boating friends of ours. This discovery led to a pleasant conversation with Harriet, who told me that she and Bob, who live in Rhode Island, recently sold their home and moved into a condominium. This seems to be the trend among our age peers—and a happy one—
Mistark of Cliff Island

Just what drew the producers of The Whales of August to film the motion picture on tiny Cliff Island off the coast of Maine? Apparently the same things that compelled Ruth Howes Mistark '43 to move to the island nine years ago—a quiet life, friendly people, and "picture postcard" scenery.

The Whales of August, which stars Bette Davis as a blind woman and Lillian Gish as her sister, is based in part on the true story of author David Berry's two elderly great aunts and takes place on one weekend the women spend together in their summer home on a small island. Mrs. Mistark, a retired director of occupational therapy at St. Vincent Hospital in Worcester, Mass., was chosen last summer with another woman from the island to cook noon and some nighttime meals for the 60 to 65 people who worked on the film. She also rented one of her rooms to the author during filming.

She fell in love with Cliff Island when she used to visit her mother's summer home there in the 1950s, and she lives on the island now year-round. Her son, David, visits from the mainland. Although her late husband found life on the island too quiet and peaceful, Mrs. Mistark enjoys the small-town atmosphere and the spectacular untouched beauty of her home. The island sports a small variety store, a one-room schoolhouse, and most important, a post office at which the town congregates each day and "gossips." Four daily ferries arrive from Portland for those who want or need the convenience of a larger city, but for the most part people enjoy staying on the island. Says Mrs. Mistark, the editor of the quarterly Cliff Island newspaper, "You get to care for everybody. If you're in need, everybody rallies around."

Last November 18, island residents as well as the author and producer turned out for the premiere of The Whales of August at Portland's Nickelodeon Cinemas. Although none of the stars returned for the showing, the islanders were too taken with the movie to be terribly disappointed. "It's a very gentle film, kind of sentimental, but we like it. There was criticism that the film was just picture postcard scenery, but that's the way the island really is," said Ruth Mistark of her move to Cliff Island. "It was the best thing I ever did. It's just a good life."

JM
answering my questionnaire. I'll expect to hear from the rest of you before I have to send my next column.

Class secretary: JUNE CHIPMAN COAL-SON, 129 Janelle Lane, Jacksonville, Fl. 32211.

40th reunion: June 10-12, 1988 • With no mail in my box since my last column, I am optimistically assuming you are all too busy making reunion plans – contacting old friends and roommates – to send me news at this time. If such is the case, you are forgiven. Firm up your schedule and, indeed, yourself for the big weekend June 10 to 12. The reunion committee has a growing list of “planning to attend,” and we hope your name will be on it • Although I have had no mail, I have had contact with Colby friends and relatives. Jack and Kitty Damon Marsh stopped by briefly en route back to Reno after a summer in Maine. It was hectic here to say the least – the day before our daughter’s wedding. I was making a many-tiered cake, and Bud was building a dance floor under one of the tents • Norice Mahoney Smith was among the guests as was Laura Stückhoff Cliné 70 and Muriel and Remo Verrengia 44 • We recently drove out to Dubuque, Iowa, where the newlyweds are living temporarily. The city, located on the Mississippi River, has an interesting history, and we enjoyed seeing all that is between here and there. We returned by way of Baltimore, Md., and Ridgewood, N.J., and visited Norma and Eugene Stückhoff 44 and the Verrengias • My husband, Francis “Buddy” Folino, is busy making plans to drive his Winnebago to Central America soon. I have been invited but I am only slightly considering the proposition. Please write to me – I just may be home alone for the next few months.

Class secretary: VIRGINIA BREWER FOLINO, RR 1, Box 613, Grand Isle, Vt. 05458.

Although as your class correspondent I was a guest of the College over Alumni Volunteer Weekend, it was Love and Glory, the novel by Robert B. Parker ’54, which transported me to the Colby I remembered. (I could almost blow the foam off the beer at Onie’s once again, and it was our Miller Library Spa of the Kinsey-Report vintage.) Not a Spenser mystery, Love and Glory is a picareseque like accounting of a young man’s near self-destruction through drinking, his purificating – almost a religious rite in the waters of the Pacific – and his final acceptance of and delight in his abilities. In a similar vein, the real life Judson Hale (Yankee Magazine, Old Farmer’s Almanac) shares many similar misadventures in his autobiography, Education of a Yankee. His list of “if only I hadn’t” describing the drunken incident that caused him to be kicked out of Dartmouth, is a long one; the event is tragically hilarious, but not so comical is the degradation that finally turned his life around. Both accounts, I hasten to assure you, are positive. They take a look at our gener-
As one year comes to a close and another commences, it seems fitting to take time out to look back briefly in order to chart a more positive course for the future. One of our classmates is setting a powerful example. Diagnosed last January as having one of the most deadly forms of inoperable brain cancer, Robert Begin began what he called his "positiveness program." Prior to Robert's illness, the longest anyone has lived following diagnosis of glioblastoma is 14 weeks. In management for Sears for 31 years, he has always been in control. Now Robert is taking control of his life with a positive attitude. For him, this has meant setting goals, making sure his family is emotionally healthy, and emotionally healthy. "I'm going to make this a quality time with my wife and three grown sons. He has even recorded tapes for his unborn grandchildren. Taking control of his life has meant that he has "fired" several oncologists until he found one with whom he could communicate. His current physician encourages patients to use illness as an agent of change. Robert now works with other cancer patients and their adult children, helping them to develop the power to survive. His advice to all of us: 'Don't wait until you have a dramatic experience in your life to do something about your family!' Although chemotherapy has not shrunk his tumor, it isn't growing either! After reading his story, I believe Robert will collect on his bet with his doctor and go skiing in January -- one year later. We salute Robert for taking charge of his own illness and wellness -- an inspiration to us all. • Larry Pugh deserves congratulations once again. He received a special recognition award from the Alumni Council for his leadership in raising funds for the College. • Robert Penn Warren (honorary '56) has recently stepped down as the nation's first poet laureate. Warren has been described as the most honored poet in America but an "ornery cuss whose orneriness is devoted to seeing upon what might be called not mere reality but realness." • I enjoyed a brief chat with Judi Pennock Lilley and husband Al at the Portland Jetport this fall. She keeps busy in her various volunteer capacities, looks great, and is always on the go! • Another pleasant surprise was a call from Chris Layer Larson recently, who was in Portland helping her son, Lee, who has come to seek his fortune in Maine, get established. Loved renewing such a good friendship -- we had started out our married lives together here in Portland. Husband Lee '55 is an executive in the home office for Scott Paper. They have brought up three daughters and one son in Wal­lingford, Pa. Their daughter, Claire, gave our Sarah a wonderful tour of Franklin and Marshall during our October college trip. • Although the Colby-Bowdoin game turned out to be a last inning disappointment, we witnessed a much improved Colby football team. The Colbys looked great, and it's always fun to see Sid Farr '55. As always, we love hearing from you -- I'm getting desperate so please HELP!!!

Class secretary: HOPE PALMER BRAMHALL (Mrs. Peter TC). One Meadow Creek Lane, Falmouth Foreside, Maine 04105.
Academic Success

"I have found great meaning in working with students over the years to help them achieve a greater quality of life through high academic success," said Vashti Boddie Roberts '56, who has spent her professional life as teacher and administrator.

A Phi Beta Kappa English major at Colby, Roberts earned an M.A. at Cornell University, was a Ford Foundation Scholar in the Intercollegiate Program of Graduate Studies at Claremont, and finished her doctorate in education at the University of Southern California in 1982. Now an assistant superintendent of educational services in a K-12 California school district of 15,000 students, she looks back over numerous colorful positions as steps on her way.

Roberts' first teaching assignment in 1960 was at a private boys' school in Chino, Calif., where she taught both English and music for five years. She commuted from Los Angeles 100 miles a day. Teaching in a school for teenage boys had its moments, like the day she found her VW bug wedged bumper to bumper between two trees. "I had a good idea who did it and stormed up to the dorm demanding they follow me," she laughs. They did, meekly lifting the car back to the street.

She taught in or was principal of schools in California over the next 20 years and in 1980 moved into the area of curriculum development, personnel evaluation, administrative policy, and budget review in the state public school system. She was selected as an "Outstanding Secondary Educator" in America in 1973 and "Honored Educator for the Year" in 1984, the same year she was appointed to the state superintendent's Advisory Council on Black Affairs.

Roberts and her husband, Wilbert, a quality control inspector for a hydraulic engineering firm, have two children. Sharon, 24, a graduate of the University of California at Santa Barbara, works in computer management. Donald, 21, is a graduate of Otis/Parsons School of Art and Design.

Roberts' career at Colby included Powder and Wig, student government, the Oracle, and Cap and Gown. She has vivid reminiscences of the College such as playing jazz on the Lorimer Chapel organ, sitting in on the perpetual bridge game with Chappie and Mark Benbow when the Spa was in the library, and one semester studying all night for five final exam periods in a row. Roberts, who held two campus jobs during her years at Colby and still was three years on the dean's list, promotes hard work for "high academic success. It worked for me," she said. "It is a formula that can work for anyone."
Carter Cares for Maine

It's been a year since the historic Fort Halifax blockhouse was swept down the Kennebec River in the flood of April Fool's Day 1987. Democratic State Representative Donald V. Carter '57, president of the Friends of Fort Halifax, is working to get it back. All that remained of a large fort built in 1754, the blockhouse was restored several years ago on its original site in Winslow overlooking the confluence of the Sebasticook and Kennebec rivers. After last spring's flood, about 30 of the original timbers were recovered from the Kennebec. Carter observed wryly, "We could have saved the whole blockhouse if someone had tied a rope around it."

Digging for the restoration last summer uncovered an Indian campsites with fire pit, pottery, and artifacts, possibly from the Red Paint People of 4,000 years ago who are known to have camped along the Kennebec. WCBB, the Colby-Bates-Bowdoin TV station in Lewiston, began filming a documentary last summer on the restoration process.

Carter, a Winslow native, is owner of his own insurance agency. Following army service in World War II, he worked for the U.S. Government in Germany until 1953, when he returned with his German wife, Wilma. His history and government major at Colby prepared him, he said, for "serving the public." In 1962 he ran for his first public office as Winslow selectman, an election he won by a vote of 958-957, edging out an incumbent of 11 years. He's been serving in Augusta ever since, as state senator in the 1960s and as representative from Winslow since 1969.

House chair of the powerful Appropriation and Financial Affairs Committee, Carter has great concern for Maine's resources and serves on numerous commissions that oversee these interests. He chairs both the Committee to Study the Impact of Game and Non-game Species on Maine's Economy and the Atlantic Sea Run Salmon Committee. He also chairs the legislative task force on railroads, a body that aims to preserve and enhance Maine's railroads before they are lost through neglect. Maine's primary resource, its citizens, receive careful attention also. Formerly chair of the Health and Institutional Services Committee and of the Interim Appropriation Subcommittee to Study Tuition Costs of State Wards, now chair of the Interim Subcommittee on Alcohol and Substance Abuse, Representative Carter serves their interests. "I love the state of Maine," he said. "To keep it like it is and let it make the most of its resources without depleting the resources is my primary concern."

NFW
80, were Bob and Carlene Daisy Kelleher. Had a quick chat with Maren Stoll Sherman, who was busy selling her candles at the Colby Crafts Fair held that weekend • While visiting with Eunice Bucholz Spooner, who lives in nearby Oakland, got to speak with Janice Rideout Carr, who called from California, where she is still teaching math • Pet unual our first Christmas card came from Carol Wickeri Castine, who writes from Champlain, N.Y. before the snow sets in • Had multiple news accounts about Gordon St. John, who has become the head hockey coach at the Cranbrook/Kingswood High School in Bloomfield Hills, Mich. His ideals for sound hockey (and he's been coaching most of the time since he left Colby) rest with discipline and conditioning, but with the basic skills. (How did your first season go?) • If you '60ers are reading this and haven't responded with news for our class letter, NOW is the time! Thanks.


This column is being written as December snow quills sleeping grass, and bare branches shiver in the wind. My thoughts float to the question Diane Sracon Cohen Ferreira wanted to ask classmates: "How about a mini class reunion in Hawaii? Anybody interested?" • Regina Foley Haviland from Farmington, Conn. Dennis Donne from North Andover, Mass. and yours truly met 'in the halls' like yesteryear when we returned to Colby last September for Homecoming! Alumni Volunteer Weekend to get "pumped up" in workshops with our counterparts from other classes. Only the weather was dreary - the visit was great! Lots of changes on campus. If you haven't been back for a while, you should. It'll be a real 'trip' • Two other suggested questions come to mind for you to think about: "With advantage of hindsight, would you attend Colby if you had the choice again, and why?" and "If you could take one class you had at Colby, what would it be?" Let me know the answers • Lee Holcombe Milliken unburied her first questionaire just in time. She and husband Arthur live in Carlisle, Mass., where she is an outreach counselor for the over-60 population. Arthur is president of Acorn Structures. They both still ski but have really gotten into bicycling - for two weeks in June but wanted to send news to other classmates. Members are the following • Nancy Rowe Adams wrote from Vicenza, Italy, that she is counseling soldiers, raising sons Soni and Sam, and looking forward to summers in East Boothbay where old friends are encouraged to visit. Christmas time skiing in the Italian Alps is also high on the Adams family event list • John and Nancy Rosch, who called from California, where she is still living in Park Ridge, N.J., with second husband, Richard, five sons, 'his and hers,' and is a senior programmer analyst. For those of us who remember Suzanne as a fine, budding dramatic actress, 'I started in the theater in the '60s inspired by Dr. Irving Suss, but ended up in the '80s in high tech' • Among one of the class book responses that intrigued me was one from Gail Macomber Cheeseman, who is co-owner, with her husband, Doug, of Cheeseman's Eco-Safaris and International Wildlife and Photography Tours. Trips included tours of Brazil, Australia, and New Guinea, and safaris were being planned for Tanzania, Seychelles, and Kenya. Maybe she can help plan your next exotic trip! • News was received of an August 1987 exhibition of a one-artist show for Ellie Tomlinson, a well-known Marblehead artist. The exhibition featured paintings in oils, watercolors, and pastels of familiar Marblehead scenes, as well as new works. Ellie, who has had more than a dozen solo shows, teaches art at the Tower Day School • From Reading, Pa., news has been received of Dick Schmaltz's appointment as executive vice president, head of investment strategy, and member of the investment policy committee of McGlinn Capital Management. Dick had previously served for five years as vice president and chair of the stock selection committee at Kidder Peabody in New York. Does that mean to Reading a quieter way of life for our peripatetic Colby 'mover and shaker?' •

Class secretary: LINDA NICHOLSON GOODMAN, Fernwald Heights Farm. Lynch Hill Rd., Oakdale, Conn. 06370.

Among the many responses received from classmates who could not attend our 25th reunion last June but wanted to send news to other classmates, members are the following • Nancy Rowe Adams wrote from Vicenza, Italy, that she is counseling soldiers, raising sons Soni and Sam, and looking forward to summers in East Boothbay where old friends are encouraged to visit. Christmas time skiing in the Italian Alps is also high on the Adams family event list • Among one of the class book responses that intrigued me was one from Gail Macomber Cheeseman, who is co-owner, with her husband, Doug, of Cheeseman's Eco-Safaris and International Wildlife and Photography Tours. Trips included tours of Brazil, Australia, and New Guinea, and safaris were being planned for Tanzania, Seychelles, and Kenya. Maybe she can help plan your next exotic trip! • News was received of an August 1987 exhibition of a one-artist show for Ellie Tomlinson, a well-known Marblehead artist. The exhibition featured paintings in oils, watercolors, and pastels of familiar Marblehead scenes, as well as new works. Ellie, who has had more than a dozen solo shows, teaches art at the Tower Day School • From Reading, Pa., news has been received of Dick Schmaltz's appointment as executive vice president, head of investment strategy, and member of the investment policy committee of McGlinn Capital Management. Dick had previously served for five years as vice president and chair of the stock selection committee at Kidder Peabody in New York. Does that mean to Reading a quieter way of life for our peripatetic Colby 'mover and shaker?'
Clippings from the alumni office bring us news of the following three illustrious classmates: 

Keith Robbins of Simsbury, Conn., has been promoted to vice president and investment counsel of Phoenix Mutual Insurance. Keith earned his juris doctor degree from the University of Connecticut School of Law. 

Jay Felle's most recent book, Mining the Summit, published in late 1986, examines a 10-mile, isolated, mineral-laden region in the Colorado mountains that is of significance to Colorado's mining history. Jay followed up his chemistry degree at Colby with a master's degree in American history and a doctorate degree in American economic history from the University of Colorado. 

Jim Salisbury is now working at the U.S. Embassy as a result of his recent appointment as the U.S. State Department's fisheries attaché in Japan. Jim had been the general manager of the Portland (Maine) Fish Exchange. He spent time teaching in Japan in the late sixties. Another 66er protecting our interests overseas is Doug Keene of Muscat, Oman. Doug is deputy chief of mission at the American Embassy in Muscat. Keene is a teacher and assistant principal at the school she helped establish in Muscat. We assume Uncle Sam will send you all home to Maine for your 25th College reunion. Many of our classmates are still at college. John Carvellas is chairman of the mathematics department and assistant academic dean of St. Michael's College in Vermont. Noyan Arsan is professor of accounting and finance at West Georgia College, and Jan Holt Arsan is director of development/alumni affairs at Georgia State University. Jim Drawbridge is director of development for New England College in New Hampshire. 

Anne Ruggles Greer is an English professor at the University of Michigan. After 18 years of practicing social work, Carol Rodgers Good is now teaching it. She recently became assistant professor of social work at Eastern Kentucky University. In addition to running his own business, Barbour Computing of Cape Neddick, Maine, Wes Barbour teaches computer courses to adults at the University of New Hampshire. Bobbie Brewster is a real estate agent with the firm of Shannon & Luchs in Washington, D.C., but she is spending time as a candidate for her master's degree in architectural history. Pam Harris Holden is an art history student at the University of Louisville while also working as coordinator of special events at Louisville's J. B. Speed Art Museum. Pam traveled and studied in Italy last summer. Bill Donahue, a lawyer from Windsor, Vt., enjoyed a recent trip to Paris, France, where he is a doctor for six European countries on a wonderful business trip. 

Susan Nutter and her husband, Joe Hewett, both college librarians in North Carolina, left their bookstores to take a trip to Australia and New Zealand this winter. Best wishes to Jan Atherton Hoffman, who married Bill Hoffman of Philadelphia in June of 1987. Jan is a primary school principal in Wiscasset, Maine. Martha DeCour, a reference librarian from Boul-
der, Colo., announced that she and Don Dick will be married on May 14, 1988, in an outdoor ceremony 9,000 feet up in the Colorado Rockies! Our best wishes to you, Couie, and thank you for allowing me to end this column on a high note.

Class secretary: MARCIA HARDING ANDERSON, 15 Brechin Terrace, Andover, Mass. 01810.
Nutter Goes by the Book

As director of libraries for North Carolina State University, Susan K. Nutter '66 is responsible for the overall administration of North Carolina State's D.H. Hill Library and its five branch libraries, which together make up one of the 120 major research libraries in the United States. Space management, technological development, and planning for future library services at an additional North Carolina State campus are just a few of the challenges of her position.

"We're the most heavily used library in North Carolina. We serve everyone in the state, as well as our own community," explained Nutter, who cites Colby Professor of English Pat Brancaccio as the person who encouraged her to enter the field: "He developed in me an appreciation for libraries and the difference they can make in research and the educational process." After graduating as an American literature major, she obtained her M.L.S. from Simmons College in 1968 while simultaneously working for the M.I.T. libraries in a program that was a pioneer in the field of library computerization. At M.I.T. she became the associate director for collection management and technical services and did further graduate work at the Sloan School of Management.

Nutter, who grew up in East Bridgewater, Mass., left M.I.T. because she was "committed to this kind of position." North Carolina State, which has an enrollment of 24,000, is within 20 miles of Duke University and the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill. The three institutions have a long history of cooperation, and together their library systems hold nearly ten million books. "We have jointly developed a public access system that enables a user to search all catalogues at the same time," Nutter said. The computerized system used at the North Carolina universities is the only one of its kind in North America.

"It's been a real adjustment," she said of her move, after she, her husband, and her two stepchildren managed a commuting marriage for seven years. Nutter's husband, Joe Hewitt, is the associate university librarian at the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill and a professor at the school of library and information science. Nutter and Hewitt also cooperate in another important part of North Carolina life — basketball. "I am really addicted to college basketball," she said, admitting that she roots for the North Carolina State Wolfpack's nemesis: "We have season tickets to both, but I'm really a Tar Heels fan." This fact would seem to bode well for continued smooth cooperation between the libraries at the two schools.

BNC
Reaching Out and Touching Maine

"I've never worked for anyone else," explained Thomas D. McBrierty '69, who was recently named vice president for Maine of the New England Telephone and Telegraph Company. After serving as a general accountant in several of the company's New England locations, McBrierty and his family moved to Cape Elizabeth, Maine, last May when he left NET&T's Boston office for their Portland site. Current Colby students may note that McBrierty's original job resulted from an on-campus interview with an NET&T recruiter.

The move north has been a pleasure for McBrierty, who pointed out that "commuting from Cape Elizabeth to Portland is a lot easier than driving into Boston every day." Small joys such as this are likely important to a man who is responsible for the direction of an organization with over $350 million in annual revenue and more than 2,100 employees. "As far as numbers of employees goes, we're in the top 15 in the state. To say the least, it's a big venture," said McBrierty, whose duties range from overseeing the day-to-day provision of phone service to dealing with "the external environment"; that is, maintaining a good rapport with state and federal government and keeping abreast of legislation concerning the telecommunications industry.

His prior involvement with Maine state government helped McBrierty prepare for his new position. Following the court-ordered dissolution of AT&T in 1984, he spent much of his time in Augusta testifying before the Maine Public Utilities Commission. "I had to justify and explain the financial ramifications of that change," added McBrierty. That was no simple task, since the public was slow to accept the new rules. As chief of accounting for Maine, his immersion in and familiarity with the complexities of the company's operations in the state readied him for his new challenge.

"Colby was extremely good to me. I could never have gone to Colby without a scholarship they gave me," said McBrierty, a business administration major, who credits former Colby baseball coach John Winkin with advice and help in obtaining money to cover tuition for the second semester of his freshman year. Until recently McBrierty was the coach, as he guided his son's baseball team as well as his daughter's basketball team. "I'm not sure they appreciate it yet," he said, noting that his kids were not always thrilled to have their father serve as coach. Undoubtedly, they'll come to value McBrierty's efforts, just as more than 500,000 Mainers appreciate his company's phone service every day.

BNC
As promised, continued news from your questionnaires, as I write to you amidst Christmas preparations. After 13 years in Africa, Rebecca Bouth Jamaill plans to return to the U.S. in early 1988. The wonderful story she wrote of her post-Colby years is a rich and colorful one. She has studied, taught, and translated in Egypt and Zimbabwe and upon returning to the U.S. plans another M.A. degree, in interpretation. Dick Kaynor has worked for the Transcendental Meditation organization since graduation. He has just moved to New York State after working in Los Angeles and the Philippines. He's planning a fourth trip to India this winter. From Poland, N.Y., John Crabtree wrote of his job in transportation management with St. Johnsbury Trucking and his life at home with wife Barbara and "wild Indians" Eric and Evan. He greatly regrets Colby's decision to disband campus fraternities. He and Paul McGurren enjoy a annual fishing trip to Maine. And three long-term bachelors are no longer single. Henry Ogilby married Anne Phillips in May. They met in Switzerland. They are now restoring an eighteenth-century farm­house and school and live in Boston. William Goldstein married Cenlee Faitlur in August. They live in Fairfield, Iowa, where Bill works as legal counsel and professor at Maharishi International University. And Jim Colburn plans to marry Peggy Amon in early 1988 after a trans-Atlantic courtship; she's from England. Jim lives in Denver, works in real estate appraisal, and devotes his spare time to church activities and fitness. From her lovely old country farmhouse on a winding lane in South­borough, Mass. (that's my description, it's a very special place), Katherine Reed Cochrane described her busy job with M.I.T.'s alumni association. Her recent resignation and departure of her husband, John, do extensive gardening and delve into the history of old homes. Katherine and I were Colby roommates and had the greatest weekend in late September on campus for Homecoming Weekend. There I saw John Koons, who practices dentistry in Waterville and continues to do much volunteer work for Colby, and Larry and Janet Perethian Bigelow '73. Larry has a demanding bank position, and the couple has two young children. Judy Moreland Spitz sent me a great long letter from Waterford, Conn. She is married to Bob, an obstetrician/gynecologist, and mothers three sons. She also works at updating their older home, extensive volunteer activities for school and hospital, crafts, and fitness. Judy keeps in contact with Ann Bonner Vidor, Peter and Pam Mause Vose, and Jenny Smuts Kilpin from South Africa. Our classmates have such varied lifestyles and locations. Cliff and Ellen Jones-Walker both teach English as a second language in Anchorage, Alaska. Like many of you, they are remodeling their home. Of special interest is their indoor kitchen garden, built to complement their health-consciousness by providing fresh produce all winter. I regularly see Ellen Kinney McCarthy and David and Liz Ross Withnell. Ellen works for the Washington Post in data processing. She had a great trip to London (how tall was that tower? prettier?), and Liz and David live in Rockville, Md., with their children, Jennifer and Andrew. Liz recently "retired" to be at home. David is an attorney for an energy law firm in Washington, D.C., and Liz most recently was an attorney for the justice department. I was anxious to end with the unique and humorous news from Sally Chester Williford but have run out of room. Sally, I'll begin with you next time!

Class secretary: JANET HOLM GERBER 11112 Broad Green Drive, Potomac, Md. 20854.

15th reunion: June 10-12, 1988 • As our 15th reunion rapidly approaches, I want to urge every­one to think once again about returning to visit Mayflower Hill! Having visited Colby twice re­cently, I can attest to how the campus has changed (definitely for the better!), with much new construction and many renovations. It's always great to gather with old friends so come and see for yourself! • I promise you won't be dis­appointed. I recently heard from Seth Dunn who is director of professional services at the Child and Family Service of Springfield, Mass. Seth lives in Northampton and enjoys long-distance bicycling in western Massachusetts. • Last sum­mer Lois Leonard Stock organized a retrospective of the artwork of her late husband, Philip. The collection was on display in Milwaukee before moving on to Portland. • I received word that Bob McGurn who has been teaching high school English in West Buxton, Maine, for the past seven years, is making a splash in the field of drama. A year ago, Bob was the regional winner of the Irene Ryan Best Actor Award at the American College Theater Festival. Last April he was scheduled to go on and compete with other regional winners at the Kennedy Center for the Performing Arts in Washington. • Colby alumn­i in the Freeport area may recognize a familiar face in their local weekly, The News. Jeanne Irving, recently retired from the Freeport Port­land school system, wrote the "Freeport News" column for the paper. Be sure to check it out! • Gary Lawless is owner of Gulf of Maine Books in Brunswick and is also owner and origin­ator of the Blackberry Press, a small publishing company. Gary has recently republished works by several previously popular but now out-of­print Maine authors • Dick Cass won second prize in Redbook's 1988 short story con­test • Jonathan LeVeau has shifted career direction and last spring joined Duffy Darrow, an advertising and public relations agency operating in Camden and Bangor. Most recently, he was familiar to Boston area classmates for his on-camera reporting with WBZ-TV. • Michael Hart joined Eliot Bank last year as vice president of construction lending. Previously he was a vice president in the real estate group at the Bank of New England. • Roberta Rullins Wallace is very busy these days, balancing family, part­time work, and part-time graduate work in librarianship. That's all the news for now. Remember our 15th!

Class secretary: JANET PERETHIAN BIGELOW (Mrs. Lawrence C.), 144 Washington Ave., Needham, Mass. 02192.

DU brothers spent some time at Scooter's wed­ding recalling your/their exploits of yesteryear. Let them hear from you.

Class secretary: LINDA CHESTER 46 Lincoln St., Hudson, Mass. 01749.

Hello once again! In the news this time is John Coppinger, who was recently promoted to vice president and manager of a treaty underwriting unit of the Skandia America Group. John is now a C.P.C.U. with 12 years experience of treaty re­insurance underwriting under his belt. • Larry Potter resigned from his position on the Water­
The results are in—
and wife Yvonne now have three children: Nancy da Silveira is a visual anthropologist and recently completed work on her first major ethnographic film, titled "Flight of the Dove." She produced and directed this film about a Portuguese-American Community in Southern California and its Holy Spirit Festival. Robert D. Bourne, Jr. is a contact specialist for the U.S. General Services Administration. His marriage to Melissa Betterfield in May was well attended by classmates, including Brad Cohen, Don Gentile, John Mason 77, and best man Jamie Bourne 81. Bob and Melissa spent their honeymoon in Great Britain. Mary Abon Colonna is spending time at home with her two children, Annie and Benjamin. She and her husband, Robert, a computer consultant, recently renovated their 75-year-old home. Mary is working at the Henry Clay Frick Family Museum preparing for a 1989 opening.

Kate Cove, mother of two, is a little examiner at Scheier, Scheier and Graham. Sam, her oldest, just began kindergarten but Burke is (3) is still at home. They all spent a week in Kennebunk relaxing on the beach this summer. Kate recently began studying Kung Fu and finds it both relaxing and muscle building. Rebecca Hushing is president of her own advertising agency called Advertising, Marketing and Promotional Services. She's been spending most of her time building her business, completing her entire questionnaire a week-related analysis. Arthur Levering said he is continuing his career as a professional student. Currently he is studying composition with Pulitzer Prize winning composer Bernard Rands at Boston University and has joined the Boston Composers Consortium. Last summer he was a fellow in the Center for Computer Studies at the Aspen Music Festival. Although his classical composing has taken a back seat (according to Arthur), he has had over a dozen arrangements published by Chester ([London). Echig] (Paris), Universal (Vienna). Although I have more news, I thought I'd stop here.

Class secretary: PAMELA M. CAME, 34 Harrington St., Newtonville, Mass. 02160.

Happy spring, to those who have it. My kids, Nick, Jans; who recently moved to Alaska, may have to wait another few months. When he's not teaching and coaching basketball, he's writing. Other successful artistic people we know: Vinnie Martucci, who wrote and arranged 13 episodes of a children's TV series; Michael Yaeger, who seems to be single-handedly keeping theater alive in Snowmass, Colo., and thereabouts; Zach Wechsler, who is a writer/story editor for "Valerie's Family"; Successful business people: Leonard Sauter has set up two practices and received the Chrysler hat. "In the Year of the Yachtsman" in Yarmouth; Peter Cohn runs his own finance company and plays the harmonica; Kim Ayer McVeigh is a successful bond manager in Northville, Mich.; Jim Torrance helped found an investment advisory company in Fresno; Bruce Thomson has been promoted to vice president of the international division of the National Bank of Detroit; Richard Healey was named President of the Year for his accomplishments as vice president and general manager of a firm in north-
ern Massachusetts; Elizabeth Hirsch Ward received the Albert Wesley Frey Award for her excellence as a bank assistant vice president; and Mark Richardson started up his own management consulting firm in Roswell, Ga. Joanne Karrin Nordhagen says that Amy Schenck Frankel is now VP of marketing for I. Oreal Cosmetics; Mona Pinette enjoys working for herself; and Mark S. Gotsfeld quits practicing law to become director of new projects at a small publishing firm in NYC and has done quite well there. For the sports-minded: Claudia Thornsjo Takacs finished the NYC Marathon in the top 10 percent—God, Show! Bill Voller not only supervises the creation of the computerized National Archives, his Rotisseurie League baseball team has finished first or second four years in a row (way to go!) Charles Burch's lacrosse team (Cape Elizabeth High School) made it to the 1986 Maine State High School Championship! Other news: Ken and Judy Bland are expecting in July. Thanks to all who answered the questionnaire: please keep sending news in the event of changes. I have forwarded all address changes to the alumni office. In case anyone wants to find anybody, speak of which, anybody heard from Asetu Simesso lately?

Class secretary: DEB COHEN, 2513 Brenner Drive, Lawrence, Kans. 66044.

10th reunion: June 10-12, 1988 —I received a letter from Sarah Pearce, a staff historian for the Colorado Department of Highways. Sarah wrote to send in her reunion questionnaire, and it's a good thing: I had almost no other news. She wrote that her job involves "protecting Colorado's cultural heritage from the wheels of progress—it's usually me against the engineers!" She is now at work on her third book and the second in a series of historic guidebooks to mining towns in the state. Besides that, Sally is treasurer and director on the Board of Colorado Preservation and is on the steering committee representing the Mountains/Plains region on the National Alliance of Statewide Preservation Organizations. Despite all the work, Sally has had a chance to visit with David and Marti Legg Christophe, Mary Rolerson Hebert, and Theanna Pouls Hinman. Another classmate involved with writing and history is Margaret C. Murphy, who co-authored Paterson and Passaic County: An Illustrated History. She began the project with her father but had to complete the book herself after his death in 1986. Although she could rely on his extensive notes, she had to conduct additional research at libraries and town halls in Passaic County. She is a consultant with Nolan, Norton and Co., subsidiary of Keymark in Lexington, Mass.; Historic Statewide, a non-profit preservation organization, has named Chris Noonan to its board of directors. Historical Massachusetts increases public awareness of historic preservation, develops research and educational programs, and networks interested professional disciplines and preservation organizations. I had the good fortune to attend a couple of Colby weddings this past fall. John "Chip" Child married Wendy Sears on September 26 in Falmouth, Mass. Several Colby classmates also
attended, and it was nice to catch up with Ted Smythe, whom I hadn’t seen since graduation. Ted says he’ll travel to our reunion from North Carolina. I think he wants to show off his Southern accent. Bring some barbecue. Ted • And Chris Noonan married Susan Alexander in Mendon, Mass., on October 11. A whole slew of Colby folks helped Chris and Susan celebrate the event. A cold and rainy day couldn’t put a damper on the affair as the Noonan home provided a warm, cheery atmosphere, as usual. Speaking of history, reunion planners are bracing themselves for a record-breaking 10th on June 10-12. It’s not too late to make plans to become a part of it. I look forward to seeing you there.

Class secretary: JAMES S. COOK, JR.
RFD I, Box 3470, Albion, Maine 04910.

Last July, Bob Ham married Faith Lyman (John Lyman’s sister) and then settled down in Armore, Pa. Bob’s working on his M.B.A. at Villanova University and Faith is a reporter/editor for the Group Health Association in Washington, D.C. They honeymooned in Ireland and may just have missed Eric Rosengren and his new wife, Terun Channumag, who were also honeymooning there just a few weeks later. Eric and Terun now live in Boston, where Eric is an economist with the Federal Reserve Bank of Boston. • Other weddings this summer included John Towle in Mendon, Mass., on October 11. A whole Southern accent. Bring some barbecue. • Speaking of history, reunion planners are bracketing themselves for a record-breaking 10th on June 10-12. It’s not too late to make plans to become a part of it. I look forward to seeing you there.

Class secretary: JANE VENMAN

Received word on two promotions at UNUM Corporation, Portland, Maine. Ted Tisonis now manager-operations analysis corporate finance, while Ted Reed's a product manager for the development and acquisition of Preferred Provider Organizations. • Mark and Lisa Paskalides Grimmig had their first child, a boy, this past winter. Lisa worked with J.J. Kenny until January 1986, when she opted for a shorter/more relaxed schedule of accounting work in a boutique near their Summit, N.J., home. They see quite a bit of David 78 and Marti Legg Christope 78. • Larry Sparks was finishing up his master’s in liberal studies last year at Wesleyan while coaching the college’s women’s hockey team. He planned to return to teaching at Kimball Union Academy this year. • David and Jody Jabar Veilleux are busy with their two sons, David Anthony, 4, and Dylan, 3, and frequent moves—they’ve lived in Florida, Georgia, and now Mission Viejo, Calif. • Liz Martin has had five children’s cookbooks published, called the “Viking Little Chef Series,” and four more are on the way—they’ve done so well they’re now being marketed with children’s aprons. In her spare time, Liz is quite active with the Junior League of NYC and their rape awareness poster program. • Charlie and Mari Samaras White ’81 live in Freeport, Maine, with their son, Chip (another baby was expected in 4/87). Charlie received his M.B.A. from UVA and is now with L.L. Bean, while Mari’s an attorney. Now that he’s finished his Ph.D. at the University of Wisconsin-Madison, Jim, Jennifer, Christopher, and Laurie Munson Lowe live in Holland, Mich., where Jim’s an assistant professor of classics at Hope College. Laurie’s glad to have finished her Ph.D. ( Sutton’s huddle through—he worked at a bank) and settled into the life of a homemaker. • John Monroe was to finish his tour as “Senior Medical Officer” at the Naval Weapons Center in the Mojave Desert this past July and begin a three-year residency program in ophthalmology at the U.S. Naval Hospital in San Diego. • During 1987 Jacqueline Low received her M.B.A. from Boston University, bought a condo in Brighton, Mass., and changed jobs and companies (she’s now corporate payroll supervisor at Analog Devices). • Jay Moody moved from Jackson, Wyo. to Portland, Maine, in May 1986. He’s a lumber salesman, and his wife, Susan is a property manager; they windsurf in their spare time. • Warren Pratt also moved back to Portland after six years in Jackson; word has it that he wants to become a travel agent. • Jon Covell is a DMS programmer and owns a landscaping company. His wife, Sue, is head teller at Cape Cod Bank & Trust; they’re building their own home in Eastham.

Class secretary: DIANA P. HERRMANN
360 E. 65th St. Apt. 3H, New York, NY. 10021.

Just finished reading an interesting (maybe better described as explosive) article concerning Rich Godman’s childish tactics, which was featured in The Boston Globe’s Editorial Section on July 30, 1987. The author, Steph Vrattsos! Glad to see Stephanie takes time from her busy schedule to speak her mind occasionally! • News from the homefront is that Jonathan Light is now the proud father of identical twin boys, Ryan and Matthew Waters Light. He and his wife, Melissa Waters, have their hands full; John is an assistant vice president at Melton Bank, where he manages the money market loan book. • Mary Coe Connolly missed our fifth reunion, but she had a good excuse. She had recently given birth to son Stephen on May 9, 1986. It’s no surprise that Steve is already quite an athlete. Career news is that Paul O’Connor was appointed general manager of New England Resins and Pigment Corporation in Woburn, Mass. Paul resides in Exeter, N.H. • Mari Samaras White earned her law degree from Suffolk University but spent her third year at University of Virginia Law School. She lives in Freeport, Maine, with her husband, Charlie ’80, and two children. • Pamela A. Heleen has been appointed an assistant vice president of Pittsburgh National Bank. She went on to receive her M.B.A. from the University of Pittsburgh after graduation from Colby. • My family has moved to a small country town in New Hampshire. We’re enjoying life in the rural community of Deering. Please be sure to let me know all the wonderful things that are happening to you.

Class secretary: PAULA BURROUGHS
RR 1, Box 118A, Hillsboro, N.H. 03244

News is sparse, so I think it’s time to catch up on your latest doings by means of a questionnaire. Some important nuptial notices, however. Nan- cyy Briggs was married to W. Jay Marshall in Oc- tober. Both are employed by Sugarloaf Mountain. Nancy is the conference sales manager for the corporation, while Jay is the executive director of the ski club. • Todd Donovan was married to Katherine Spencer ’83. Katherine works for the
Talking Turkey

If tourism in Turkey catches on, Paulette Lynch '81 very likely will be talking it up. On a Fulbright Scholarship, Lynch last September completed a study of the impact of tourism development on local Turkish economies. After becoming acquainted with Turkish naval officers at the Monterey Institute of International Studies where she earned an M.A. in international policy studies in 1985, Lynch wanted to become fluent in the language. She took courses informally after proposing a Fulbright project that the Turkish government was eager to have a foreigner investigate.

Tourism, just getting off the ground, was appealing because it's difficult to get information in Turkey and tough to get it to outsiders. In libraries in Istanbul Lynch explored the literature of the tourism industry, and then she examined government policy intentions. As a traveler she observed the country first-hand, all of this culminating in a report to the government and in an article recently published in London. While she learned more about financial circles and politics, she learned to speak the language as if she'd been in the country for six years instead of six months.

Lynch thinks that travelers "who are willing to put up with a few discomforts" will find whatever they want in Turkey. The country offers beaches and ruins, of course ("more than in Greece"), and the Turks, proud of their hospitality, will take a traveler by the hand. And the food is like Greek food - it's like some of the food in Israel, too - and fresh vegetables and fruit are easy to find on every street corner. In rugged eastern Turkey, although bus transportation is excellent, life is much as it was 2,000 years ago.

Today, however, water shortages and electrical outages of a few minutes to a day may vex the traveler used to American comforts. It's all new even to tour guides and hotel developers. Even though Turkey is trying to improve hotels for the well-heeled, things are just not organized yet. The way to travel in Turkey, Lynch said, is to expect snafus. As the Turks say, relax, "it'll all work out somehow."

Lynch married in California in 1986. On the couple's trips all over the country for two months after the Fulbright was completed, Kenneth Peterson, a journalist, tackled some writing assignments for UPI. After spending Christmas with Lynch's parents in Lynn, Mass., they returned to Monterey last January. Lynch said she might stay in Monterey and teach high school or might go on for a Ph.D., but for now she's still talking Turkey.
manager of marketing communications for BBN Advanced Computers in Cambridge, Mass. Her husband, Rick Manley, is the director of local aid commission for the Massachusetts Legislature. Ashley Lasbury, Scott Dow, Abby "Aviva" Sapers, and Elaine McClellan Nieman are all currently working in the insurance field. Ashley is employed in customer service, while her husband, Scott Dow, works as an insurance sales manager in Hartford. Aviva is involved in life insurance and executive benefit sales in the Boston area. She recently made the Million Dollar Table, an insurance award. Elaine is self-employed as a life and health insurance sales person in New Jersey. Christopher Easton is now a research technician at Jewish Hospital in St. Louis, Mo. Nora Putnam is employed as an attorney in Southern California. Joanne Iyo is enjoying her third year of teaching third grade in Claster, N.J. Nancy Goers passed the National Teacher's Exam. She asks where Todd Coffin and Susan Shaver are. John Munsey is employed as an engineering geologist in New York. Nathan "Waldo" Emerson provides home equity mortgages and financial advice out of Saugus, Mass. Sheila Ryan is getting her doctorate from UVM. She'll be an army doctor when she gets out. Nils Gjestebyr married Janet Kelley '85. John Ayer married Debbie Pizzi. Kathryn Nickerson recently married Brian Russell '82. She works as a cytogenetic technician at New York Hospital. Many thanks to all who have written. A special thanks to Brian Hesse and Bill Rogers for making this column more complete.

Class secretary: KATHRYN M. SODERBERG, 5 Smith Farm Trail, Lynnfield, Mass. 01940.

Class secretary: ANN, MEG WHITE, 18 Day St. #205, Somerville, Mass. 02144.

Class secretary: ANNA L. STARK, 4887 White Rock Circle, #E, Boulder, Colo. 80301.


Class secretary: LUCY T. LENNON, 63 Pilgrim Drive, White Plains, N.Y. 10605.

What's news? Rob Davis has been busy. In 1986, he was principal of Davis Real Estate Partners, a company that devised strategy, secured financing, and negotiated deals that include two apartment buildings. In 1987 Rob worked with Joseph Schneider Associates as a consultant. He led engagements in aerospace, medical, and valve industries. He also got his M.A.L.D. at the Fletcher School of Law and Diplomacy at Tufts University in international business relations. Caramba! Ed McCarty was awarded the juris doctor degree cum laude at Seton Hall University. He will serve as a law clerk for Judge Warren Brodsky, Superior Court of New Jersey Appellate Division. Any Colby alumni passing through Korea would be welcome at the home of Rob Graham. He is working for Reebok and living in Hanchin Village, Busan, Korea. Bill Rogers was "down under" in both Australia and New Zealand for six months hiking and scuba diving before starting his first year at the University of Colorado School of Law in Boulder. Tom Underwood is teaching dyslexic students at the Landmark School on the Northshore area of greater Boston. Dawn Lepanto is quickly climbing the ladder at Crate & Barrel. Carol Hildebrand and Jeff Rae are living the fast life in Somerville, Mass., along with Mike Brown and Tom Delea. While Dave Rosenberg is studying for his M.A. in finance, Brian Hesse is selling cars at Dave's father's auto-dealership. Brian invites any Colby supporter to shop for their vehicle at IRA Olds-Toyota in Danvers, Mass. He promises a special deal if you mention this column. Jeff "Harpo" Martin owns his own construction company in Marblehead, Mass. He works with Eric Van Gestel and Brad Whitaker '85. Eric hopes soon to enter the field of solar energy. Five classmates took a trip to Florida this January: Brian Hesse, Dave "Rosie" Rosenberg, Harpo, Craig "Norm" Alie, and Warren Burroughs. Warren is an investment banker in New York. Nathan "Waldo" Emerson provides home equity mortgages and financial advice out of Saugus, Mass. Sheila Ryan is getting her doctorate from UVM. She'll be an army doctor when she gets out. Nils Gjestebyr married Janet Kelley '85. John Ayer married Debbie Pizzi. Kathryn Nickerson recently married Brian Russell '82. She works as a cytogenetic technician at New York Hospital. Many thanks to all who have written. A special thanks to Brian Hesse and Bill Rogers for making this column more complete.

Class secretary: KATHRYN M. SODERBERG, 5 Smith Farm Trail, Lynnfield, Mass. 01940.

Class secretary: ANNA L. STARK, 4887 White Rock Circle, #E, Boulder, Colo. 80301.


Class secretary: LUCY T. LENNON, 63 Pilgrim Drive, White Plains, N.Y. 10605.

What's news? Rob Davis has been busy. In 1986, he was principal of Davis Real Estate Partners, a company that devised strategy, secured financing, and negotiated deals that include two apartment buildings. In 1987 Rob worked with Joseph Schneider Associates as a consultant. He led engagements in aerospace, medical, and valve industries. He also got his M.A.L.D. at the Fletcher School of Law and Diplomacy at Tufts University in international business relations. Caramba! Ed McCarty was awarded the juris doctor degree cum laude at Seton Hall University. He will serve as a law clerk for Judge Warren Brodsky, Superior Court of New Jersey Appellate Division. Any Colby alumni passing through Korea would be welcome at the home of Rob Graham. He is working for Reebok and living in Hanchin Village, Busan, Korea. Bill Rogers was "down under" in both Australia and New Zealand for six months hiking and scuba diving before starting his first year at the University of Colorado School of Law in Boulder. Tom Underwood is teaching dyslexic students at the Landmark School on the Northshore area of greater Boston. Dawn Lepanto is quickly climbing the ladder at Crate & Barrel. Carol Hildebrand and Jeff Rae are living the fast life in Somerville, Mass., along with Mike Brown and Tom Delea. While Dave Rosenberg is studying for his M.A. in finance, Brian Hesse is selling cars at Dave's father's auto-dealership. Brian invites any Colby supporter to shop for their vehicle at IRA Olds-Toyota in Danvers, Mass. He promises a special deal if you mention this column. Jeff "Harpo" Martin owns his own construction company in Marblehead, Mass. He works with Eric Van Gestel and Brad Whitaker '85. Eric hopes soon to enter the field of solar energy. Five classmates took a trip to Florida this January: Brian Hesse, Dave "Rosie" Rosenberg, Harpo, Craig "Norm" Alie, and Warren Burroughs. Warren is an investment banker in New York. Nathan "Waldo" Emerson provides home equity mortgages and financial advice out of Saugus, Mass. Sheila Ryan is getting her doctorate from UVM. She'll be an army doctor when she gets out. Nils Gjestebyr married Janet Kelley '85. John Ayer married Debbie Pizzi. Kathryn Nickerson recently married Brian Russell '82. She works as a cytogenetic technician at New York Hospital. Many thanks to all who have written. A special thanks to Brian Hesse and Bill Rogers for making this column more complete.

Class secretary: KATHRYN M. SODERBERG, 5 Smith Farm Trail, Lynnfield, Mass. 01940.

Class secretary: ANNA L. STARK, 4887 White Rock Circle, #E, Boulder, Colo. 80301.


Class secretary: LUCY T. LENNON, 63 Pilgrim Drive, White Plains, N.Y. 10605.

What's news? Rob Davis has been busy. In 1986, he was principal of Davis Real Estate Partners, a company that devised strategy, secured financing, and negotiated deals that include two apartment buildings. In 1987 Rob worked with Joseph Schneider Associates as a consultant. He led engagements in aerospace, medical, and valve industries. He also got his M.A.L.D. at the Fletcher School of Law and Diplomacy at Tufts University in international business relations. Caramba! Ed McCarty was awarded the juris doctor degree cum laude at Seton Hall University. He will serve as a law clerk for Judge Warren Brodsky, Superior Court of New Jersey Appellate Division. Any Colby alumni passing through Korea would be welcome at the home of Rob Graham. He is working for Reebok and living in Hanchin Village, Busan, Korea. Bill Rogers was "down under" in both Australia and New Zealand for six months hiking and scuba diving before starting his first year at the University of Colorado School of Law in Boulder. Tom Underwood is teaching dyslexic students at the Landmark School on the Northshore area of greater Boston. Dawn Lepanto is quickly climbing the ladder at Crate & Barrel. Carol Hildebrand and Jeff Rae are living the fast life in Somerville, Mass., along with Mike Brown and Tom Delea. While Dave Rosenberg is studying for his M.A. in finance, Brian Hesse is selling cars at Dave's father's auto-dealership. Brian invites any Colby supporter to shop for their vehicle at IRA Olds-Toyota in Danvers, Mass. He promises a special deal if you mention this column. Jeff "Harpo" Martin owns his own construction company in Marblehead, Mass. He works with Eric Van Gestel and Brad Whitaker '85. Eric hopes soon to enter the field of solar energy. Five classmates took a trip to Florida this January: Brian Hesse, Dave "Rosie" Rosenberg, Harpo, Craig "Norm" Alie, and Warren Burroughs. Warren is an investment banker in New York. Nathan "Waldo" Emerson provides home equity mortgages and financial advice out of Saugus, Mass. Sheila Ryan is getting her doctorate from UVM. She'll be an army doctor when she gets out. Nils Gjestebyr married Janet Kelley '85. John Ayer married Debbie Pizzi. Kathryn Nickerson recently married Brian Russell '82. She works as a cytogenetic technician at New York Hospital. Many thanks to all who have written. A special thanks to Brian Hesse and Bill Rogers for making this column more complete.

Class secretary: KATHRYN M. SODERBERG, 5 Smith Farm Trail, Lynnfield, Mass. 01940.

Class secretary: ANNA L. STARK, 4887 White Rock Circle, #E, Boulder, Colo. 80301.


Class secretary: LUCY T. LENNON, 63 Pilgrim Drive, White Plains, N.Y. 10605.
MARRIAGES


Susan Mary Dugdale '74 to Thomas Prescott Blinn, August 16, 1987, Bedford, N.H.


Jean Hanna McCrum '78 to Kris Keoki Henderson, September 19, 1987, New Canaan, Conn.

A Colby crew makes a splash at the wedding of Kevin Starr '85 and Daire Fontaine '84. Front row (left to right): John Lemoine '83, Sean Hooper '85, Bill Cusick, Jr. '83, Mike McGrath, Lloyd Hill, Jr. '83. Second row: Lisa Maria '85, Kevin Starr, Daire Fontaine Starr, Jane "Cookie" Kendall '84, Beth Carter '84, Diane Grundstrom '84, Julie Stebbins '84. Back row: Tim McCrystal '84, Shannon Morrisey '85, Mike Brown '84, Unknown Friend, Jim Brown '83, and Steve Botsch '83.


Colby alumni, students, and staff were among the guests at the marriage of Jennifer Shackett '87 to Thomas Berry, June 21, 1987, in Bristol, N.H. Kneeling: Ellie Clark, Front: Tom Berry and Jennifer Shackett Berry. Second row: Carol Kenerson '87, Gretchen A. Bean '86, Kris Kelley '87, Dede Boothby '87, Kelly Malloy '87, Sarah Dooley '87, John DeRham '88. Middle: John Conkling '97, Fr. John Skehan, Peter Gibson, Mike McTernan, Elseke Membreno '87, Branner Stewart '87, Geoff Alexander '86, Lindsay Carroll '87. Back: Charlie Twigg '87, Charmaine Twigg '87, Julia Twigg '88, Mark Bialock '83, Ralph Galante '60, Chris Watt '87, Carl Lovejoy '79 and Ben, Laura Shaver '87, Laura Brown '87, Marianne MacDonald '87, Chris Brena '87, Jon Doehr '87, Lisa Schreck '87, and Sam Conkling '89.
R. Christopher Noonan '78 to Susan Beth Alexander, October 11, 1987, Mendon, Mass.


Marcia M. Gomez '79 to Robert E. Nettey, October 3, 1987, New York, N.Y.

Patricia A. Maguire '79 to Clifford Cutler, David, Jr., October 24, 1987, Bucks County, Pa.


Andrew J. Dumont '80 to Rochelle J. Dionne, August 22, 1987, Bingham, Maine.


Linda M. Clifford '81 to William P. Hadley, September 19, 1987, Granby, Conn.

Paulette M. Lynch '81 to Kenneth Peterson, May 17, 1986, Monterey, Calif.

Jean Marie Appellof '82 to Robert Segal, September 12, 1987, Hartford, Conn.


Christopher Paul Murphy '82 to Margaret Ellen McGonagle, October 24, 1987, Newport, R.I.


R. James O'Neil '83 to Joyce C. Hartwig '84, August 29, 1987, Poughkeepsie, N.Y.


Jeffrey D. Clements '84 to Nancy L. Heselson '84, October 17, 1987, Camden, Maine.


Stephen J. Michaud '84 to Denise E. Morin, Manchester, N.H.

Harry S. Raphael '84 to Patricia J. Martin '86, August 1, 1987, Williams College.

T. Lincoln Downey '85 to Karen Kozma '86, 1987, Detroit, Michigan.

Gregg Bach '87 to Melissa J. Hruby '87, August 15, 1987, North Conway, N.H.

BIRTHS


A daughter, Traci Marie Layman, to Rita and Jerome F. Layman '71, July 7, 1983.

A daughter, Mara Lee Smith, to Nancy and Andrew E. Smith '71, June 12, 1986.


A son, Adam John Crook Hueners, to Derek Crook and Janet Hueners '73, August 10, 1987.

A daughter, Emily Katherine Dreyer, to William and Mary Eckhoff Dreyer '74, February 15, 1987.

A daughter, Kristina Elaine Levis, to Donald and Tobi Claiman Levis '74, April 12, 1986.

A daughter, Margaret Joseph Ruder, to Frederick and Elizabeth Christensen Ruder '74, January 18, 1987.

A son, James Aaron Goeller, to Deborah and John Scott Goeller '75, December 17, 1986.


A son, Scott Wentworth Houser, Jr., to Scott '76 and Janet Santry Houser '78, June 5, 1987.

A daughter, Sarah Forbes Lernonick, to David and Mary Thompson Sadler '80, December 3, 1986.


A son, Matthew Thompson Sadler, to Richard '79 and Susan Thompson Sadler '80, December 3, 1986.


A son, Benjamin Whitney Thorndike, Jr., to Benjamin '79 and Joanne Lynch Thorndike '80, March 30, 1987.


A daughter, Elizabeth Mary Francis, to Bill and Lynn Collins Francis '80, December 1, 1987.


A daughter, Cali Rodes White, to Charles '80 and Mari Samaras White '81, April 3, 1987.

A son, Stephen Joseph Connolly, to Joseph and Mary Coe Connolly '81, May 9, 1987.

Twin sons, Matthew Waters Light and Ryan Waters Light, to Melissa and Jonathan Light '81, September 24, 1987.

A son, David Walter Maley, Jr., to Janet and William B. Maley, Jr. '81, May 18, 1987.

DEATHS

Helen Warren Cummings '11, November 19, 1987, in North Bennington, Vt., at age 99. Born in Fairlee, Vt., she was an active supporter of the College, particularly as a Friend of Art. One of her gifts to Colby was the donation of the Willard H. and Helen W. Cummings art collection. In 1946 she and her husband established the Skowhegan School of Painting and Sculpture at their farm in Madison, Maine. Her late son, the portrait painter Willard Warren Cummings, was also associated with the school. Her other interests included the Bangor Theological Seminary and the South Solon Meeting House, which she and the community restored in 1942. Her late brother and sister, Ernest Warren '14 and Gladys Warren Struse '15, both attended Colby. She is survived by a son, H. King Cummings, honorary M.A. '69, three daughters, Helen Vanderbilt, Muriel Palmer, and Joan Cummings, 17 grandchildren, and 18 great-grandchildren.

Ralph J. Burroughs, Sr. '14, October 2, 1987, in Fryeburg, Maine, at age 96. He was born in Wakefield, N.H., and married Luella Sanborn. His three children, Ralph, Jr., Robert, and Luella, attended school in New Hampshire. At the time of his death, he was a retired electrician and power station operator who had worked with the Public Service Company. Known survivors include a daughter-in-law, Mrs. Ralph J. Burroughs, Jr., and a friend, Edward Larrabee, of Tamworth, N.H.

Edith Pratt Brown '16, November 13, 1987, in Clinton, Maine, at age 93. She was a graduate of Coburn Classical Institute before entering Colby. She was a Chi Omega sorority member in addition to being the Young Women's Christian Association president during her senior year. She taught at Maine Central Institute in Pittsfield and at Clinton High School and was head of the Latin department for 20 years at the Oak Grove School in Vassalboro. After the deaths of her mother and her husband, Howard Kingsley Brown, she continued her work at a number of schools, including the University of New Mexico, Temple University, Yale University, the University of New Hampshire, and the University of Maine. She traveled all over the North American continent and was especially interested in the study of Mayan architecture in the Yucatan Peninsula. A 50-year Arcaana Literary Club member, she was the president of the Kennebec Union of Women's Clubs, District 10 director, and chair of the Federation of Arts Department. In 1962 the College presented her with a Colby Brick. Predeceased by her sister, Eva Pratt Owen '14, and by her brother-in-law, Robert Everett Pratt '14, she is survived by her sister-in-law, Lucy Taylor Pratt '17, and by two nephews and a cousin.

Ethel Duff Barton '17, October 11, 1987, in San Jose, Calif., at age 92. She was born in Union Corner, New Brunswick, Canada. A graduate of Ricker Classical Institute in Houlton, Maine, she then attended Colby, where she was a member of Chi Omega sorority. She taught at Thomson High School in Maine for a year, then married Harold Edwin Barton, a preacher and Bible teacher. She was a member of the First Baptist Church of Houlton. She is survived by six daughters, two sons, a sister, a brother, 48 grandchildren, and 43 great-grandchildren.

Joanne Moulton Wood '17, September 25, 1987, in Cave Creek, Ariz. She was married to the late Franklin H. Wood, Jr. There are no known survivors.

Mary Margaret Rice '21, October 7, 1987, in Berkeley Heights, N.J., at age 88. Born in Oak- land, Maine, she attended Coburn Classical Institute in Vassalboro. She grew up near the present Mayflower Hill campus on the Rice's Rips Road, "the Via Appia;" she once wrote, "along which I trudged to the temples of learning at Col- by." Following graduation with a major in Latin, inspired by the teaching of Professor of English Carl Weber, she went on to a master's degree in Latin from Columbia University and took graduate courses at Rutgers, New York University, and the University of Vermont. She was a teacher of Latin and English at Red Bank (N.J.) High School for 40 years and for many years served as chair of the foreign language department. She was Class of 1921 class agent for two years and was a member of the National and Monmouth County Retired Teachers associations. She was prede­ ceased by her sister, Irene Rice Wheeler '18, and by her brother-in-law, Evan Wheeler '14. Survivors include two nieces and a grandnephew, Edward S. Hoe '69.

Frank Kleinholz '23, D.F.A. '68, October 3, 1987, in Miami Beach, Fla., at age 86. Born in Brooklyn, N.Y., he was educated in New York area public schools before winning a scholarship to Colby. A year later he received a law student's qualifying certificate from the New York State Board of Regents and subsequently graduated from the Fordham Law School. At 36, the successful lawyer decided to try his hand at painting. He left his law practice in 1940 when he won a prize offered by the Carnegie Institute. For the mid-life change in careers he was often called "the Brooklyn-born Gaugin," and he was classed with a school of "modern romantics." Children at play and crowded city streets are common themes in his paintings, which are in many private and major art collections around the world, including the Metropolitan Museum of Art, the Carnegie Institute, and the Fine Arts Museum of Moscow. In 1968 Colby awarded him an honorary doctor of fine arts, citing "the deep comprehension, compassion, and humanity" his art exhibits. He is survived by two daughters, Lisa and Anna, a son, Marco, and a nephew, Burton Krumholz '48.

Gertrude Claire Fletcher Lowery '23, November 18, 1987, in Houlton, Maine, at age 85. Born in Monticello, Maine, she graduated from Ricker Classical Institute in Houlton before she entered Colby. A member of Chi Omega sorority, she went on to teach at both Monticello High School and the Monticello Junior and Elementary high school. She then became a principal of the school system in Monticello, retiring after 27 years of service in education. She continued to serve Colby as a class agent. She was a member of the Aroostook County Retired Teachers Association, Order of Eastern Star, and the Monticello Methodist Church. Her husband, Merle Frank Lowery '22, died in 1982. She is survived by sons Leland F. Lowery '51 and Carlton M. Lowery '51, a daughter-in-law, Nydda Barker Lowery '49, seven grandchildren, and five great-grandchildren.

Mary Margaret Rice '21, October 7, 1987, in Berkeley Heights, N.J., at age 88. Born in Oak-land, Maine, she attended Coburn Classical Institute in Vassalboro. She grew up near the present Mayflower Hill campus on the Rice's Rips Road, "the Via Appia;" she once wrote, "along which I trudged to the temples of learning at Col- by." Following graduation with a major in Latin, inspired by the teaching of Professor of English Carl Weber, she went on to a master's degree in Latin from Columbia University and took graduate courses at Rutgers, New York University, and the University of Vermont. She was a teacher of Latin and English at Red Bank (N.J.) High School for 40 years and for many years served as chair of the foreign language department. She was Class of 1921 class agent for two years and was a member of the National and Monmouth County Retired Teachers associations. She was prede­ceased by her sister, Irene Rice Wheeler '18, and by her brother-in-law, Evan Wheeler '14. Survivors include two nieces and a grandnephew, Edward S. Hoe '69.

Charles W. "Jake" Shoemaker '25, October 30, 1987, in Tavernier, Fla., at age 85. Born in New York City, he attended West Orange High School before matriculating at Colby. A member of Phi Delta Theta fraternity, he worked for the New York Telephone Company for 32 years after graduation, retiring in 1960. He was a class agent in the early 1950s. Following retirement, he moved to the Florida Keys, where he pursued hobbies such as fishing, gardening, bowling, and traveling. He is survived by his wife, Florence, two sons, including John '57, three daughters, including Nancy Shoemaker Anderson '60 and Carol Shoemaker Rasmussen '60, 18 grandchildren, and 10 great-grandchildren.

Clara M. Collins '26, August 10, 1987, in Yarmouth, Maine, at age 82. Born in Portland, Maine, she attended Deering High School before attending Colby. After graduation she did further study at Harvard, Montclair State Teachers College, and Seton Hall University. She taught high school mathematics in South Orange, N.J., for many years before retiring in Portland. A member of the Central Square Baptist Church, she was a past president of its Friendship Circle, and a member of the Maine Retired Teachers Association, she is survived by a nephew, Stephen Collins, and three grandnephews.

M. Edward Nee '28, August 14, 1987, in Massachusetts at age 81. Born in Norwood, Mass., he went to schools there and also attended Hebron Academy. After graduating from Colby, where he was a member of Alpha Tau Omega fraternity, he received his master of education degree from...
Boston University School of Education. He taught at St. Mary’s High School in St. Albans, Vt., for several years and then taught history and mathematics at Norwood Junior High School for 27 years. He was a past president of the Norwood Chamber of Commerce, a member of Norwood Council No. 252, Knights of Columbus, a member of the Massachusetts Teachers’ Association, and a football coach and official for many years. He and his late wife, Lillian, a member of the Planned Giving Council, were loyal supporters of the College. Survivors include his nephew, Kevin McCormick ’71.

S. Curtis Blakeslee ’30, October 5, 1987, in Buf­
falo, N.Y., at age 79. Born in Waterbury, Conn., he attended Amherst College for a year and was a member of Kappa Delta Rho fraternity while at Colby. After working for the Alling Rubber Company in Troy, N.Y., he joined the U.S. Rub­
ber Company in 1940, retiring in 1970. Two of his cousins, the late William Curtis ’32 and J. Robert Curtis ’33, attended the College. He is sur­
vived by his wife, Edith, two sons, a sister, and five grandchildren.

Minnie Viola Rowell Harville ’32, September 20, 1987, in Skowhegan, Maine, at age 77. She was born in Solon, Maine, and attended high school there before entering Castine Normal School and graduated from Farm­ingham (Maine) State Teacher’s College in 1955. A junior high mathematics teacher in the Madison-Anson, Maine, area for 39 years, she also served as the coordinator of food services and residences for the Skowhegan School of Painting and Sculpture. She was a member of the East­
ern Star of Solon, and the Centenary United Methodist Church in Skowhegan. She is survived by her husband, Francis, a son, Brian 69, a brother, and several nieces and nephews.

Ruth Weston Edgery ’33, August 19, 1987, in Lewiston, Maine, at age 75. She was born in Madison, Maine, and graduated as valedictorian at Madison High School and repeated at Colby, where she was a member of Alpha Delta Pi sorority and Phi Beta Kappa. After Colby she received her master’s degree in Latin at Mills Col­
gege in the summer of 1933, and studied at the University of Southern California as well. She taught at Good Will High School in Hinckley, Maine, from 1934 to 1937, and then at Marlboro School in Los Angeles, Calif., and Wilson High School in Long Beach, Calif., until 1960. She was head of the department of foreign languages at Wilson. She then returned to Madison and mar­ried Robert Edgery that year. She was an active member of the Madison Congregational Church and the Retired Teachers Association. Two of her aunts attended the College, as did two cousins, Barbara Weston Noyes ’29 and Helen Gray Weston ’24. She is survived by her brother, Edwin B. Weston, three stepsons, two stepdaughters, six­
ten stepgrandchildren, and two stepgreat-grand­
sons.

Bertram G. Mosher ’36, November 28, 1987, in Rome, Maine, at age 72. He was born in Rome and educated in Oakland, Maine, before attend­
ing Colby. While at the College, he was a member of Zeta Psi fraternity, a close association that he maintained for 51 years. After receiving a B.S. degree in business administration, he was a weather forecaster during World War II with the U.S. Army 25th Weather Squad. He was a mem­
ber of the Mid-Maine Chamber of Commerce and the Oakland Lions Club and a director of both the Key Bank and the Maine Publicity Bureau. Owner­
er and operator of the Bear Spring Camps in Rome since 1946—E. B. White was the camp’s most famous friend and regular—he was a mem­
ber of the Maine Innkeepers Association and the New England and American Hotel and Motel as­
sociations. His daughter Lynn Mosher Bushnell was an assistant to the dean and a photographer at the College for several years. He is survived by his wife, Marguerite, four daughters, four sisters, including Virginia Mosher ’41, and two grand­
children.

Shirley Knight Upham ’40, February 23, 1987, in Florida, at age 68. Born in Biddeford, Maine, she attended Scarborough High School. A busi­
ess major during her two years at Colby, she was a member of Delta Delta Delta sorority. She graduated in 1940 from Simmons College with a B.S. in business and went on to be a secretary at Bowdoin College. Later she was a secretary for the National Recreation Association and had two children. Her stepmother is Frances M. Nason 27. Her husband, Lewis, predeceased her by several years.

Erloya Bacon Varcoe ’42, September 4, 1987, in Albany, N.Y., at age 68. She was born in Sid­
ey, Maine, and later attended Williams High School in Oakland, Maine. After graduating from Colby with a major in French, she taught school in Milbridge, Maine, for a year. After marriage, she taught at Boght Elementary School in Colonie, N.Y., for several years before joining the staff of the Times Union of Troy. She retired in 1986. She was a member of the Latham, N.Y., Calvary United Methodist Church. A yearly visitor to her summer camp on Lake Messalon­ske, she attended both her 40th and 45th Colby reunions. She is survived by her husband, J. Richard Varcoe, two sons, a daughter, two brothers, five grandchildren, and several neph­
wes and nieces, including Carol Bacon ’65.

Joseph F. Crozier ’44, September 14, 1987, in Portland, Maine, at age 66. He was born in Portland and attended Portland High School and Coburn Classical Institute before entering Colby. He majored in French and became an H chemistry major, he became involved with refereeing intramural and high school basketball games while at Colby. He was a member of the National Association of Approved Basketball Officials, officiating for more than 30 years. He founded the Pee Wee Football Program, coached Little League, and served on the South Portland Board of Parks and Recreation. A communicant of Holy Cross Church and a member of its Men’s Club, he was also an employee of William S. Mer­rill Company for nearly three decades, retiring in 1973. He is survived by his wife, Jeannine, two daughters, three sons, a sister, and two grand­daughters.

Doris Lyon Hesdorfer ’46, September 1, 1987, in Augusta, Maine, at age 63. She was born in Norwalk, Conn., and attended Maine Central In­
itute in Pittsfield, Maine. While at Colby she majored in French, was a member of the Glee Club, a reporter for The Colby Echo, and a mem­ber of Alpha Delta Pi sorority. After graduating from Colby she earned a master’s degree in elementary education at the University of Maine and was a teacher in the Belgrade, Oakland, and Waterville grade schools for more than 25 years. An amateur radio operator, she was also a mem­ber of the Waterville Teachers Association, the Maine Audubon Society, and the Maine Associ­ation of Retirees. Her husband, Frank, died in 1985. She is survived by a daughter and son-in­
law, Paula and Richard Abramson ’71, a brother, a sister-in-law, a granddaughter, three nieces and a nephew.

Robert W. Mitchell ’49, November 17, 1987, in Spring Hill, Fla., at age 64. A native of Bath­
McMurray and a graduate of the Colburn Classical Institute before coming to Colby, where he was a member of Alpha Tau Omega fraterni­ty and captain of the ski team. He spent two years in the army during World War II as an enlisted man in the Ski Troops 10th Mountain Division. He was employed for many years by the Nor­
wock Shoe Company in Skowhegan, Maine, in the production and shoe development depart­
ment. He is survived by his wife, Jennette, and by a stepbrother-in-law and stepsister-in-law.

Marion Brush Love ’30, July 23, 1987, at the age of 59. She was born in Mount Vernon, N.Y., where she graduated from the A.E. Davis High School before attending Colby. She was a psychology­
society major and a member of Sigma Kappa sorority, the Outing Club, the International Re­
lations Club, and the House Committee, and was president of the Panhellenic Council. For several years after graduation she was assistant treasurer of the Glen Ridge Savings and Loan Association. She was predeceased by her father-in-law, Isaac Dewey “ike’’ Love ’19, and by a cousin, Deborah Brush Morse ’52. She is survived by her husband, J. Douglas Love ’49, her three sons, her sister-in­
law, Elsie Love Scull ’45, her uncle and former College trustee, John W. Brush ’20, and a cousin, Julie Brush Wheeler ’56.

George V. Toomey, Jr. ’50, October 25, 1987, in Lakeland, Fla., at age 66. Born in Lawrence, Mass., he attended Lawrence High School before matriculating at Colby. A member of Phi Delta Theta fraternity, he was a history-government major at the College. He played basketball for his fraternity, played on the baseball team, and cap­tained the varsity football team before becoming a history teacher and coach at Waterville High School in 1950. Later he taught at Livermore Falls High School in Maine and at Wapning Falls Central School in New York. An air force veteran who earned six battle stars and a presidential ci­
tation in his three-and-a-half years of service in England and Germany during World War II, the retired school teacher and member of the Resur­
rection Catholic Church moved to Lakeland in 1980. He is survived by his wife, Margaret, two daughters, a son, a brother-in-law, Calvin Hub­
bard ’43, and three grandchildren.

Philip J. Bies ’51, May 7, 1987, at age 60. Born in Brooklyn, N.Y., he attended St. Augustine’s High School. He entered the U.S. Navy Air Corps in 1944 and following his discharge in 1946 he did accounting and payroll work. He also worked as an insurance investigator while he was at the College, where he was president of the Newman Club and a member of Lambda Chi Alpha frater­
nity. After graduation he served as director of the business relations department, Motors Insurance Corporation, in New York City. He was the father of four children and is survived by his wife, Roweena.
Jeanne Halleck Hawkins ’52, October 29, 1987, in Cypress, Calif., at age 56. Born in Waterville, Maine, she attended Waterville High School and was the class valedictorian before enrolling at Colby. A French major, she was also the president of the German Club and a member of the Women’s Student League, the Women’s Union Committee, and Alpha Delta Pi sorority. She was awarded a Fullbright grant in 1952 to teach English at the College Moderne des Jeunes Filles in Ajaccio, Corsica. She was a member of the American Association of University Women, a past president of La Palma Ceritas Chapter, a Cypress School district advisory committee member, and a recipient of the Parent-Teacher-Student Association honor service award. Cypress College honored her for her outstanding contributions to her community. She is survived by her husband, Robert Hawkins ’54, two sons, three daughters, six brothers, two sisters, and a granddaughter.

E. Richard Cerutti ’61, November 9, 1987, in Norfolk, Va., at age 48. Born in Manhattan, N.Y., he was graduated from the Post Graduate School and the Defense Intelligence School after graduating from Colby. He then served for eight years in the office of Naval Intelligence during the Vietnam War. President and owner of Nationwide Re­sumes of America, he was associated with the Big Brother of America and the Special Olympics. Survivors include his wife, Barbara, two sons and a daughter, and a sister.

Joel M. Greenfeld ’69, September 26, 1987, in McLean, Va., at age 39. Born in Springfield, Mass., he attended Longmeadow High School in Long­meadow, Mass., before entering Colby. An economics major, he went on to receive a juris doctor degree from Georgetown University Law Center in Washington, D.C. He had a private law practice in northern Virginia. He is survived by his wife, Carolyn, a son, his parents, and a sister.

Connolly Keating ’71, August 29, 1987, in Denver, Colo., at age 38. Born in Glen Cove, N.Y., he was an English major at Colby and participated in Powder and Wig and varsity skiing. A real estate agent in Maine and later in Colorado, he enjoyed skiing and later became involved in hang gliding. In 1980 he glided 30 miles from Williams Peak to Dillon, Colo., at 2,000 to 5,000 feet above the Continental Divide. On a hang gliding vacation in Hawaii in 1982 he flew over the 10,000-foot volcano Haleakula. He died in a gliding accident in Colorado.

Eric M. Hoffenberg ’86, September 11, 1987, at age 24. He is survived by his parents, Iris A. Baker and Harvey Hoffenberg, a sister, and grandparents.

Joshua H. Wolfe ’89, September 20, 1987, in Haines, Alaska, at age 20. A graduate of North Yarmouth Academy, he was a mathematics major at Colby. He had been on a fishing and duck hunting trip in Alaska with his father. Leaving early for England, where he was participating in Colby’s Junior Year Abroad Program at the University of Sussex, he was killed in a plane crash. He is survived by his father and mother, Peter and Christine Wolfe, and by a sister, Heidi.

Omission

In the October 1987 obituary for Ethel Alley Baxter ’23, identification of her late husband, Edward T. Baxter ’25, was inadvertently omitted.

HONORARY

Arnold Bernhard, L.H.D. ’84, December 22, 1987, in New York, N.Y., at age 86. He was the founder and chief executive officer of Value Line Incorporated, the world’s largest investment advisory service. Born in New York City, he grew up in Newark, Del., and Rutherford, N.J., and later attended Williams College, where he majored in English and was a member of Phi Beta Kappa. After a short period as a dramatic critic for Time, he moved on to pursue a career on Wall Street. He lost his job with Moody’s Investors Services in 1931 because of the Depression but later that year founded Arnold Bernhard & Company. In 1935 he brought out the first Value Line Investment Survey. Today the publication, which ranks 1,700 stocks for their projected market performance, is read by more than 134,000 subscribers. Renowned for his 12-hour work days, he was recognized by his peers as one of the world’s most successful and respected investment counselors. A lifelong friend of the Bernhards, he was a lifetime trustee of the University of Bridgeport and a founder of the Colby Parents Association. He was also a director of the Children’s Eye Care Foundation, Friends of Animals, and the National Cancer Cytology Foundation. He is survived by his wife, Janet, a son, Arnold Van Hoven Bernhard ’57, a daughter, Jean Bernhard Butner, and five grandchildren, including Edith Bernhard ’87.

Brand Blanshard, L.H.D. ’56, November 18, 1987, in New Haven, Conn., at age 95. He was a brilliant teacher, a renowned author, and a member of the world’s community of scholars. He earned a B.A. degree from the University of Michigan in 1914, his M.A. from Columbia University, his B.S. from Oxford University, and his Ph.D. from Harvard University. He was a Rhodes Scholar twice and was also a Guggenheim Fellow. A member of the faculty of Swarthmore College from 1925 to 1945, he also served as president of the American Philosophical Society. He went on to teach at Yale University, where he twice chaired the department, until his retirement in 1961. For five years he held the Sterling Professorship of Philosophy, one of Yale’s most distinguished chairs. The Philosophical Association chose his two-volume work The Nature of Thought, published in 1940, as one of the ten outstanding works on philosophy produced in the United States since 1900. He received numerous honorary degrees from colleges and universities across the country.

Clare Booth Luce, Litt.D. ’41, October 9, 1987, in Washington, D.C., at age 84. Born in New York City, she went on to become one of the century’s most influential women. In 1930 her first book, Stuffed Shirts, a collection of satirical stories about New York society, was published. She accepted a job with Vogue magazine in 1930 and soon after­ward moved to Vanity Fair, becoming managing editor in 1933. A year later her first play, Abide With Me, was performed on Broadway. Her 1923 marriage to George T. Brokaw ended six years later in divorce, and in 1935 she married Henry R. Luce, the founder of Time and Fortune magazines. With her vision they soon created Life magazine. Despite her first play’s failure, she pur­sued her writing career. In 1936 The Women was a smash hit on Broadway, running for 657 per­formances and later being adapted for film. In 1940 she traveled to Europe as a journalist under contract to Life, and from her experiences she wrote a book called Europe in the Spring, an account of the 1940 German offensive. Colby awarded her an honorary doctor of letters degree in 1941 for being “one of the best informed and significant women of the day.” More was to come in this remarkable woman’s career. She won a seat in Congress as a Republican in 1942 and was reelected two years later. A member of the House Military Affairs Committee during World War II, she retired from Congress in 1946. President Eisenhower appointed her ambassador to Italy in 1953. She resigned her post in 1957 and later wrote a column for McCall’s magazine. After her husband died in 1967 she moved to Hawaii, where she remained until 1981. She then moved to Washington, where she served on President Reagan’s Foreign Intelligence Advisory Board and was a consultant to the National Security Coun­cil. Her only daughter was killed in an automo­bic accident in 1944. She is survived by two stepsons, Henry Luce III and Peter Paul Luce.

FACULTY/STAFF

Dorothea V. Hurd, December 5, 1987, in Watervil­le, Maine, at age 77. Born in Waterville, she at­tended local schools and lived in Waterville all her life. An employee at the Colby Spa from 1958 to 1980, she will be fondly remembered by Colby alumni as “Dot.” She is survived by a son, Charles, a daughter, Marlene Hurd Jabar ’54, a son-in-law, Anthony Jabar ’54, eight grandchildren, including Jody Jabar Veilleux ’80, and six great-grandchildren.

Richard Kellenberger, M.A. ’60, December 5, 1987, in Hightstown, N.J., at age 73. A resident of Waterville for most of his life, he was a professor of French at Colby from 1946 to 1976 and was the chair of the department of modern foreign languages. A Phi Beta Kappa graduate of Ober­lin College, he went on to receive his doctorate from Princeton University. His activities at Colby included participation on many committees and extensive travel for professional development. He was a Friend of Art. He was also an active member of St. Mark’s Episcopal Church, serving on its vestry for many years. His wife, Margaret Buch­ner Kellenberger, who also taught at the College before their marriage, died in 1985. He is sur­vived by a son, Charles, a daughter, Betty Washington, and three grandchildren.
LEADERSHIP

William R. Cotter, president

G. Calvin Mackenzie, vice president for development and alumni relations

Board of Trustees

H. Ridgely Bullock ’55, chair
Lawrence R. Pugh ’56, vice chair
Richard L. Abedon ’56
Howard D. Adams
Robert N. Anthony ’38
Frank O. Apantaku ’71
Alida Milliken Camp (Mrs. Frederick E.)
Levin H. Campbell
Clark H. Carter ’40
John G. Christy
Susan Comeau ’63
Warren J. Finegan ’51
William H. Goldfarb ’68
Rae Jean Braunmuller Goodman ’69
Nancy Spokes Haydu ’69
Gerald J. Holtz ’52
Robert A. Marden ’50
David M. Marson ’48
Lawrence C. McQuade
Beverly E. Nalbandian ’80
Paul D. Paganucci
Wilson C. Piper ’39
Kershaw E. Powell ’51
David Pulver ’63
Sarah Janney Rose ’76
Robert Sage ’49
Richard R. Schmaltz ’62
Robert E.L. Strider II
Edward Hill Turner

Alumni Council Executive Committee

R. Dennis Dionne ’61, chair
Victor F. Scalise, Jr. ’54, vice chair
Libby J. Corydon ’74
Jerome F. Goldberg ’60
Eleanor Shorey Harris ’57
Jonathan L. LeVeen ’73
Scott F. McDermott ’76
Deborah Marson McNulty ’75
Nancy E. Neckes ’71
Germaine Michaud Orloff ’55
Donald J. Short ’64
Donna Curran Stock ’82