LEADING ARTICLES

The Centennial Half-Million
By Arthur J. Roberts, '90, President of Colby

The Story of Commencement
By Eighty-Odd

Alumni Lunch Address
By H. M. Lord, '84, Brig-General, U. S. A.

Commencement Day Address—Class of '79
By Charles F. Warner, Sc.D., '79

Address at Seniors' Last Chapel
By Julian D. Taylor, LL.D., '68

Annual Meeting Board of Trustees
By Charles E. Owen, DD., '79

Resolutions on the Death of Asher C. Hinds, '83
By W. G. Chapman, A.B., '83

Eloquent Tribute to Late Justice King
By Leslie C. Cornish, LL.D., '75

Colby In the Great War (Continued)
By Herbert C. Libby, Litt.D., '02

EDITORIAL NOTES

Our Debt to Colonel Shannon Among the Trustees Givers to the Endowment Fund
The Worth of the Small College Colby's First Woman Trustee
Academic Credits to War Students Centennial Celebration Plans
New President of the Alumnae Association Criticism of the Week-End Commencements
A Colby Enthusiast

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THE COLBY ALUMNUS
Edited by HERBERT CARLYLE LIBBY of the Class of 1902

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THE CENTENNIAL HALF-MILLION

BY ARTHUR J. ROBERTS, '90, President of Colby.

The General Education Board has very generously granted us an extension of time in which to raise the $375,000 necessary to meet its conditional offer of $125,000. We had until January 1st, 1919, to secure our pledges; we now have until June 1st, 1920. Of the $375,000 required we have in hand in cash and pledges a little over $250,000. We must raise $125,000 by next June in order to secure the addition of a half million to our endowment fund,—which is so imperatively necessary, not for growth and development, but for the very existence of the College.

It is believed that fully half of the amount still to be raised will be contributed by graduates and former students of Colby who have not yet subscribed to the centennial fund. So far only 253 graduates and non-graduates, men and women, have made pledges: at least 500 more of them can be counted on to give something,—many of them substantial amounts. From fifty to seventy-five thousand dollars more must come from Colby men and women if our purpose is to be accomplished.

The following statement shows the number of givers and the total amount of pledges in each college class:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Number of Givers</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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<tr>
<td>55</td>
<td>1</td>
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<td>56</td>
<td>1</td>
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<td>57</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>79</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3,250.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>80</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>600.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>82</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2,900.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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Although the President of the College has been released from all teaching duties this coming year so that he can devote his entire attention to this endowment campaign, yet it will be quite impossible for him to visit all those who have ever been students here. He will, however, make personal appeal to each and every one of them before the year is over, mainly through the medium of class subscription books. By the first of October he hopes to know just what can be depended upon from the alumni and alumnae of the College. Everyone will surely wish to have some share in raising the Centennial Half-Million.
EDITORIAL NOTES

In the work of raising the half-million endowment, the obligation which our graduates are under to Col. Richard Cutts Shannon, '62, must never be overlooked. It was considered a fine accomplishment, as indeed it was, when the conditional offer of the General Education Board was secured, but to obtain pledges of comparatively small sums from two or three thousand individuals was looked upon by the Endowment Committee as a task likely to tax its very best efforts, and this despite the fact that it is easy to talk in terms of millions and billions. How easy was the task? Think back to pre-war days of counting dollars. It took then, and it takes now, five pledges of $20 each to make $100, ten pledges of $100 each to make $1,000, and 375 pledges of $1,000 each to make the balance needed to meet the Board's offer! Not so simple, is it? And then, almost in the twinkling of an eye, and virtually with the scratch of a pen, the task was reduced by just one-third when Colonel Shannon matched the Board's offer of $125,000. Forthwith the possibility of raising the needed sum became a reality, and at no time since has anyone doubted that it would be done. Now the point is that the man who made a reality out of a dream was our own Colonel Shannon, and therein lies a peculiar obligation on the part of all loyal Colby men and women. Is it too much to ask that good words and old-time promises now be translated into bonds, checks, and cash? In homely parlance, it is now up to every graduate and former student of the old College to show their appreciation of what Colonel Shannon has done, and at just this particular moment there seems to be only one way in which to show it. One striking fact about the pledge made by Colonel Shannon should be kept in mind. When he made his pledge he did not do it in a cold business-like fashion; that is, he did not dismiss the matter from his mind once he had put his name to a pledge. That isn't Colonel Shannon's way of doing good. Perhaps it is not going too far to say that there is no Colby man anywhere who is following the progress made on the endowment with more genuine interest than is he. In fact, his interest in the College is a very beautiful manifestation of whole-hearted loyalty, a loyalty that might well be emulated by such of our graduates as have not yet felt themselves under special obligation to Alma Mater. What a splendid opportunity and privilege is here presented—to help in the noble work of making a greater Colby and hence a greater blessing to earnest young men and women, and at the same time show to Colby's great benefactor that we too have an abiding faith in the Colby that helped to nurture us.

Among the Trustees

The ALUMNUS is glad to be able to present brief sketches of the lives of three more of Colby's Trustees, men who from the day of graduation have never lost interest in Alma Mater, have been back to nearly all the Commencements since they left the college halls, and who today are eager to serve the College in any way they can. The first of these three Trustees to be mentioned is Beecher Putnam, of the class of '39. He was born in the far-famed Aroostook County where the name of Putnam is a synonym for genuineness and ability. Houlton was his birthplace as it is now his home. In 1883 he graduated from what was then Houlton Academy, now Ricker Classical Institute, a first-rate school then as now. Soon after he entered Colby from which he graduated in '39, Law was the profession that early attracted his attention, and no sooner was he out of college than he began the study of law books. In 1894 he was admitted to the bar in Aroostook, and from that day up to the present, aside from the time he has devoted to politics and some important state offices, he has carried on
a successful law practice in the northern part of Maine. His ability and aggressiveness were early shown in his election to the Maine House of Representatives, from Houlton, in 1901, and again in 1904. From the House he proceeded in a direct line to the Maine Senate, representing Aroostook with marked ability in 1905 and again in 1908. He was then appointed Insurance Commissioner, an office which he held with credit from 1908 to 1912. From 1913 to 1914 he was a member of the Executive Council under the late Governor William T. Haines. It is impossible to set down here all other honors that have come to him in his very busy life. Respect for his sound business judgment is best shown perhaps by the fact that he has been a director of the Houlton Trust Company since its organization, or for the past fifteen years, and that for the past thirteen years he has been a member of the governing board of our College. As a member of the Board he has served on some of the most important committees and his associates have nothing but words of commendation for his good judgment and genial companionship. Taken all in all, Mr. Putnam's life best illustrates the ideal Colby product.—Harstein W. Page, of the class of '80, is the second trustee to be mentioned in this issue of the Alumnus. A College Commencement without the presence of Dr. Page would not be a College Commencement at all. He never misses the opportunity to return to the old campus, and this may well account for his knowledge of Colby graduates and his abiding interest in all that Colby is undertaking to do. He is Maine born, coast born, Camden, to be specific. He went to Coburn for his preparatory school training, and, to use his own expression, "Escaped with the class of '76". It will be seen, then, that Doctor Hanson had a hand in his early training. Perhaps this accounts, in part, for the fact that he has now been elevated to membership on the Board of Trustees. He immediately entered Colby, graduating in the class of '80, along with Koopman, King, Thomas, Trask, Chaplin, Cochran, and others. Three years later he received the degree of M.A. from Colby. During his college course he taught school, a means of livelihood which he followed upon graduation. From '80 to '84 he was principal of the Newport, New Hampshire, High School, and from '84 to '85 of the Ware, Massachusetts, High School. But medicine was his goal, and as soon as he bade goodbye to school teaching he entered
the office of Dr. W. A. Albee, of Camden, and then he went to Bowdoin Medical School, from which he graduated in '88. It was now work in dead earnest. He went to Massachusetts where from '88 to '99 he served as Assistant Physician at the Worcester State Hospital and Asylum. Feeling the need of a larger view of his work, he spent the summer of '98 in travel and study of hospitals and charities in Europe. Beginning in '99 and for the next seventeen years he was superintendent of the Hospital Cottages for Children, at Baldwinville, Mass. It is needless perhaps to say that Dr. Page has been eminently successful in his professional career. He has been elected to membership in various organizations among them being the Massachusetts Medical Society, New England Society of Psychiatry, and the American Medico-Psychological Society. Since 1916 he has been a trustee of the Baldwinville institution of which he was for so long superintendent. An interesting and significant fact about Dr. Page is that he was among the very first graduates to pay back the scholarship given him while a student. Not only this, but he added the interest in the form of a full equipment for the Mechanical Drawing room in Recitation Hall. A thorough gentleman, loyal alumnus, and eminent practitioner, Dr. Page is now most cordially welcomed to the Board of Trustees.—Dana Warren Hall, A.M., '90, is not the only worker for Colby living in Chicago, for the College can boast of a score or more of men prominent in the affairs of the great city and state who are loyally active; but Mr. Hall permits no one to surpass him in his efforts for the old College. To test the truth of that, we would encourage any of the Chicago boys to undertake to do it. He makes it a point to get back to the campus pretty often, and inasmuch as he graduated in the same class with the President he finds it necessary once in a while to tell his old classmate just how to run the College. We have no doubt whatever but that the President reciprocates and undertakes to tell his classmate precisely how to run the famous book concern, named Ginn & Company, of which Mr. Hall is a considerable part. Mr. Hall is a Maine man, obtaining his education at Wilton Academy, then at Coburn, and then at Colby, '86 to '90. Several years before he entered Colby he was a pedagogue of some notoriety. In '83 he was a teacher and from then until the spring of '85 he was teaching at East Livermore and Livermore Falls. He was no laggard in his college course. His name appears on the program for Freshman Reading, Sophomore Declamation, Junior Exhibition, and Commencement. Incidentally he was Class Historian in his Senior year, the managing editor of the Oracle, a tutor, Night School teacher and laboratory helper to the late Professor Elder. Upon graduation he was called to the principalship of the Skowhegan High School where he remained for four years. In 1893 he was appointed by Governor Burleigh member of the Bureau of Awards, Columbian Exposition, Chicago, and was later elected secretary of Department D of the Bureau. Then he went into the book publishing business, and on June 30, last, he completed 25 years of continuous service with the widely known firm of Ginn & Co. From 1894 to 1908 he was representing this firm in the Middle West and on the Pacific Coast. In 1909 he was admitted to firm membership, and since 1909 he has been managing partner with offices in Chicago. He was elected to the Board of Trustees in 1917, and a member of the Endowment Committee in 1918. He has been active in promoting the best interests of
the Chicago Colby Club and is counted a valued member of the Chicago Athletic Association. The College claims him as one of her wisest counselors.

Elsewhere in the columns of this ALUMNUS is printed the list of classes and the amounts each class has thus far subscribed to the Endowment Fund. The list is an interesting one to look over because it provokes speculation. One is tempted to wonder why this or that class has not done any better, or why this or that class has done so unusually well, or why this or that class hasn’t even a single dollar to its credit. But one must be charitably disposed. Time is yet young. There is no end to the number of graduates and former students who have simply been delaying about making their pledges or who have been waiting to be told just how much might be expected from them in order to make the campaign a success. The printing of this list will do good. It will reveal to many classes not named in the list or, if named, not named creditably that the time is fast approaching when every last dollar must be in the till. Surely the burdens ought not to be carried by too few shoulders. Now that the list of classes and amounts pledged have been printed, we would urge that the next good step be taken: that the next ALUMNUS contain a complete list of all givers, with amount credited to each. Such information is bound to be helpful. We are inclined to think that some who have given and who could have given more will be surprised to find that many who are really unable to give have given generously—given, perhaps, out of all proportion to what might fairly be expected of them. It is our way of thinking that this evidence of splendid loyalty should become known. Loyalty encourages loyalty.

One of the few greatest dangers to be guarded well against in a college is that Faculty members and students come to think of the institution in the light of a large college and together attempt to run its affairs on the larger scale. When this comes to pass there disappears at once the chief worth of the small college, the raison d’être of its very existence. What is that worth? It is the intimate contact that exists between professor and student, personal acquaintance of the one with the other, and a deep and constant interest on the part of the one in everything that the other undertakes to do. Now as a real matter of fact Colby is very far from the size of a large college, and if the ALUMNUS may be permitted to venture one wish it would be that Colby may never be a large institution, numerically speaking. Not having attained therefore to the imperfections of a larger institution of learning, it may well be supposed that we possess the worth that usually and properly goes with the less pretentious but not less distinguished college. We do possess it, but its possession is ever menaced. As the years go by, new additions to the teaching force are made, and these new additions are chiefly of men who have been trained in larger institutions and who do not quickly grasp the importance of maintaining the distinctive characteristic of the small college. In spite therefore of the best of intentions, there is a growing tendency on the part of the Faculty men to shut themselves apart from the student body and so manifest little interest in what takes place outside the classroom. This is not as it should be. Salaries are paid for teaching and for a large amount of time actually devoted to the best personal welfare of the students. To be more specific: No Faculty man in Colby should ever need to admit that he does not know personally every student in this little institution. Neither should a Faculty man ever be forced to admit that he has never visited the dormitories to call upon students who are ill or in need of advice or who want encouragement. Certainly no Faculty man should ever allow any public effort of an educational character undertaken by students to pass without his enthusiastic support. The claim for exemption from such support based on the plea that he has no time can never be safely made. Vacations are not solely for recuperation but for preparation for the year ahead. Of the measureless value of the worth of the small college, one can find no more striking illustrations that those that creep into the addresses of returned graduates—addresses in which the teachers are spoken of as intimate friends and wise counselors. That Faculty man lives longest in the graduates’ memory who puts himself out to make friends with his students. It is the old-time value of the influence of one life upon another. When the day comes in Colby that this
close intimacy disappears, then our students may as well be advised to seek the halls of larger institutions which are run on the department-store plan.

Colby's First Woman Trustee.

The Board of Trustees did a very unusual thing at its June meeting when it elected to its membership Miss Louise Helen Coburn, of the class of '77. By this election, Miss Coburn can now claim the honor of being the first woman trustee of an institution that is presently to celebrate its one-hundredth birthday. No one will gainsay that the Board acted wisely especially when the fitness of the new member is considered. It is high time that women should have a voice, however small, in the policies being adopted to govern a College which is coeducational. We therefore congratulate the College on the wisdom of its decision and Miss Coburn on the unusual honor and the striking responsibility that has now come to her. Graduates will be interested in a few facts which have been gathered about this talented graduate of Colby. Miss Coburn was born in Skowhegan, where she has always lived, the daughter of Stephen and Helen S. (Miller) Coburn. She attended Coburn Classical Institute, and then Cobly College, graduating in the class of '77. Honors were hers during her college course, and at the end of election to the Phi Beta Kappa. She was one of the first five women to be enrolled as students in Colby, and she with the other four became the founders of Sigma Kappa Sorority, now a national organization open to college women. For graduate work, Miss Coburn studied two years in the Harvard Summer School of Botany, and was for a term a member of the graduate school of Chicago University. For three years she resided in Europe, studying the languages in France, Germany, and Italy. She has also traveled in Greece and in Egypt. Miss Coburn's interest, outside of her religious and philanthropic interests, is in Botany, and as evidence of this she has an herbarium of something over 2000 sheets. But it is for her church and missionary work and her ever-enlarging support of all worth-while enterprises that she is best known. What she accomplishes in these great fields with her talents and with her wealth can never be fully estimated. When she turns from practical work in doing good, she takes up with pen, and through her poems brings inspiration to thousands. To recount the organizations with which she has been affiliated or the offices held or the innumerable poems or articles written is impossible here. A recent high honor that has come to her is her election this spring as Vice-President General of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution. In 1916, "Kennebec and Other Poems", came from the press—a collection of some of her best contributions to poetic literature. This is the woman whom the Trustees have honored by an election to Colby's governing body, and this is the woman who honors the Board by her willingness to help share the responsibilities of governing a growing institution.

Academic Credits to War Students.

Elsewhere in this issue is printed the report of a special committee of the Faculty, appointed by the President, to consider the matter of granting academic credits to students who were obliged to leave College on account of the Great War. This report was made to the Faculty, was adopted by that body, and was then sent to the Board of Trustees as the best judgment on the matter by the Faculty. The Trustees adopted all the recommenda-
tions with the exception of one which related to the raising of a special fund to help defray the expenses of returning war students. We believe that these recommendations will meet with the wishes of all those who either volunteered for service or were drafted. By these recommendations it will be found that Colby is treating its war heroes quite as generously as are any of the other colleges, and certainly fully as wisely. It has not seemed wise to grant diplomas containing any qualifying expressions, and neither has it seemed wise to issue "Certificates" to those who find themselves unable to return to College. Whoever finds it necessary to omit the training which a college course is supposed to give may present to a special committee of the Faculty certain affidavits, and thereupon this committee will pass upon the merits of the case and will make report for action to the Board of Trustees. No rule has therefore been adopted which shuts out any man from making an appeal for academic credits, and no rule has been adopted which in doing justice to one man might work great injustice to another. Curiously enough, very few students indeed are asking for the gift of any college credits. They are all fully aware of the fact that no piece of paper can possibly serve as a substitute for "happy college days" or for the training which is to be gained in those "days." And this is as it should always be, for in this way the reputation of the college is maintained and no student is encouraged to skate through life on thin ice.

The Centennial Committee, appointed some months ago by the Board of Trustees, is now taking up its duties in vigorous fashion, the intention of the Committee being to get all the plans for the big celebration completed before the opening of the next academic year. To accomplish this will mean a vast amount of work in thinking out details and in corresponding with graduates of the College. Of first importance is the creation of the machinery necessary to carry through successfully a memorable anniversary celebration, and the creation of this machinery through the appointment of chairmen of various committees and the careful assignment of their duties will fall upon the Chairman of the Centennial Committee. The working plan adopted is simple enough and should prove effective. For each of the various events and for each of the more distinct and important pieces of work to do, a committee of three or more will be appointed. Then all these special committees will be placed in five groups, and each of the five members of the General Committee will be held responsible for the work of the special committees assigned to him. No meetings of large groups of persons will be necessary. Whenever the Centennial Committee holds a meeting, the members will have full information of everything that is being done. The following announcements of the Committee can now be made: (1) The date of the Centennial Commencement will be June 26-30, the latest possible date being named in order to secure the attendance of representatives of other colleges and as many of our own graduates as possible; (2) four days in all, viz., Sunday, June 27, known as Baccalaureate Sunday; Monday, June 28, known as Undergraduates' Day; Tuesday, June 29, known as Graduates' Day; Wednesday, June 30, known as Colby's Birthday; (3) The week-end Commencement plan will be abandoned for the coming year, and the College will go back to its former time of holding Commencement; (4) While nearly all the events of other Commencements will be retained, a great many additional attractions will be introduced; (5) Of the special events of the week, there will be held a Torchlight Procession, an Historical Pageant, a President's Reception, Banquet for invited guests and representatives of other institutions, an Alumni and Alumniæ Lunch, and a Birthday Dinner; (6) In addition to a number of addresses to be delivered at the Luncheons and the Dinner, there will be a special Historical Address, a Commencement Address, while the Junior and Senior classes will each have an outside speaker as a guest of honor; (7) Auditorium and banquet accommodations will be provided through the use of tents which will be erected north of The Willows, directly in the rear of Recitation Hall. Further announcements cannot be made at this time, but a complete roster of the committees and a tentative program of the Centennial will be published in the next issue of the ALUMNUS. It is fully expected that a thousand to fifteen hundred graduates, former students, friends of the College, and invited guests will attend the celebration, and to the end that the Celebration may be a pronounced success the Committee now proposes to give its best efforts.
Miss Florence Elizabeth Dunn was elected in June, last, President of the Colby Alumnae Association. It is because she will be asked as head of this association to play an important part in the work of celebrating the College Centennial and because she has always manifested in many ways a deep interest in all affairs relating to the Women's Division, and the College, that this very brief editorial comment now appears. Miss Dunn was born in Waterville, the daughter of Reuben Wesley Dunn, '68, a trustee of the College, and of the late Martha Baker Dunn, author and poet. She graduated from Colby in the class of 1896 with the degree of B.A. and was elected to membership in the Phi Beta Kappa Society. She was a frequent contributor to college publications while an undergraduate, and throughout her college course took a very prominent part in class and college affairs. Upon graduation, she was elected to the teaching staff in the Waterville High School, a position she held for four years. For the next two years she studied at the New York State Library School, at Albany, from which she was graduated,
and then for seven years was engaged in library organization work and in cataloguing. From 1909-1911 she was instructor of Latin in the Women’s Division of Colby. During the year 1904-1905 she held the office of First Grand President of the National Sorority of Sigma Kappa, an organization in which she has always taken a great interest. From 1915 up to the present time she has served as a trustee of the Waterville Public Library, having membership on one of its most important committees. Miss Dunn has always been a diligent student of literature and she herself has contributed excellent verse to the best publications. She is frequently called upon to read papers before library and literary organizations and nothing of this nature which she undertakes is ever half done. She has broadened her education through extensive travels on the Continent and at home. She has been a loyal advocate and supporter of all things relating to Colby’s best good. She brings to her new position an excellent experience in the work of directing the affairs of organizations, and there are very few women among the Colby graduates who make better presiding officers than does she. The Alumnae Association is indeed very fortunate in selecting Miss Dunn to direct its affairs, especially in the important year that is just ahead.

Between one and two-hundred Colby men make it a point to gather each year at the annual Colby Reunion Banquet in Boston. This suggests at once that the old College is pretty well represented in and about the big Massachusetts city. But it does not tell us as we shall hope to do sometime, the story of the enthusiasm and loyalty evidenced at these annual gatherings. Among the younger men who make up this population and one who never fails to be present at the banquet is Leon C. Guptill, Esq., of the class of ’09. Another way to identify him is to call him “Gibbs’s partner”, for he has been since 1913 associated with Emery B. Gibbs, ’88, in his Boston law office. Mr. Guptill is a Cherryfield boy, coming to Colby from Cherryfield Academy, a school which has, by the way, sent a great many boys and girls to Colby. Immediately after graduation he entered George Washington University Law School, graduating with the degree of LL.B. in June, 1913. During his law course he was employed first as an assistant librarian in the Reading Room of the Library of Con-

L. C. GUPTILL, B.S., '09
Boston Lawyer
gress, then as Assistant Law Librarian, Law Library of Congress and the Supreme Court, and finally as Acting Law Librarian, all of which would show that he had very few idle hours on his hands. A few months after graduation he entered the law office of Mr. Gibbs. In April, 1914, he was admitted to the Massachusetts Bar. He was married in 1914 to Helen Russell Boyd, daughter of Capt. and Mrs. John S. Boyd, of East Orange, N. J. Winthrop, Mass., was selected for their residence and here Mr. Guptill has taken a prominent part in the town's affairs. This is best shown by his appointment as member of a committee to study and report upon a new form of government, as member of the advisory Board which passes on all appropriations for the town, as member of the Legal Advisory Board, Div. 25, and as a member of the Board of Instruction, same Division. He was also appointed chairman of the Home Service Committee of the Red Cross, Town Solicitor from July 1918 to date, member Winthrop Board of Trade. He was a member of Winthrop Lodge of Masons, Cottage Park Yacht Club, and Winthrop War Work Committee. He served one year in Co. A, Massachusetts State Guard. This in brief is Mr. Guptill's career to date. There are those around Winthrop and Boston who are saying most complimentary things about this Colby man and are predicting that many more and greater honors are in store for him. Colby could ask for no more loyal graduate than he, and his success in his chosen profession and in his civic work is being watched by his Alma Mater with very great satisfaction.

A great deal of unfavorable comment was made at Commencement time by graduates, who found it impossible to remain throughout the exercises, of the so-called week-end Commencement, that is, the Commencement now beginning on Thursday evening and closing on Monday afternoon, instead of beginning, as in former years, on Saturday evening and closing on Wednesday afternoon. Several arguments are being advanced against the week-end arrangement. In the first place, graduates, are pointing out the fact that our attendance has fallen off in the past two years since the new plan was adopted. It is true that the attendance has not measured up well in the very recent years, but it may not be entirely fair to attribute this to the new plan. The last few years have been abnormal years because of the abnormal conditions prevailing everywhere. In the second place, graduates are pointing out that for most business men Saturday and Monday are the worst possible days in which to be absent from office or shop. This argument certainly has weight. In the third place, graduates who live in Waterville claim that Saturday is a day altogether too busy for any outside attraction to cut much figure. And there is weight to this argument for the local Colby men. And finally, graduates are presenting a sentimental reason, double-fisted, so to speak: the change is out of keeping with old traditions, and the opening day of a week is not the best day for farewells. College loyalty is built up around college traditions and traditions are carefully preserved in soft woolen sentiments. There may be much more to this sentimental argument than one might at first think possible. After all, we know of no way to settle the matter which is now being discussed; it does not seem to be a matter that is to be determined by the preponderance of evidence or the weight of facts. Sentiment is so strong, however, that it would not be at all strange if the new plan were to be abandoned altogether and the old order adopted.

THE STORY OF COMMENCEMENT

By Eighty-Odd.

It is generally agreed that the 1919 Commencement was a successful one. That is, there was a fairly good number of graduates back, the various functions of the four days were carried through without any untoward interruptions, the weather was in all respects ideal, and best of all, everybody seemed to have a good time. Of course, it was not to be expected that so many graduates would be back. In the first place, the Commencement exercises came pretty early in the month; in the second place, traveling in these days costs money; and in the third place, the Centennial is coming next year and about every graduate and
former student is planning to spend three or four days on the old campus. Certainly reasons enough to cut down the numbers.

Commencement formally began with the Junior Prize Exhibition on Thursday evening. This was not largely attended. Friday was given over to the Junior Class Day exercises, held at 2:30 o'clock, on the campus, to the President's Reception at 8 o'clock in the evening, and to the Senior Hop immediately following. Let me say a word about each.

The Junior exercises were, as usual in other years, interesting. There were the histories, the poem, the oration, and the awarding of prizes, all well written, and best of all could be heard. The President's reception was held in the old Gymnasium, just why, I do not know, unless it was felt there was no other suitable place. Of course, the beautiful Memorial Hall has been turned into a library and an ideal reception room lost. Here again, the attendance was small, smaller even than that of a year ago.

In the receiving line were President and Mrs. Arthur J. Roberts; Judge Leslie C. Cornish, vice-president of the college and chairman of the trustees, and Mrs. Cornish; Dr. Archer Jordan, president of the alumni association, and Mrs. Jordan; Dr. Julian D. Taylor, professor of Latin; and Miss Anna A. Raymond, dean of the women's division. The ushers, in caps and gowns, were Kenneth Dolbeare, '22, Raymond Bates, '22, and William Burgess, '21. Punch was served by Miss Pauline Higginbotham, '20, and Miss Lucy Teague, '20.

Following the reception, came the annual Hop in Elks' Hall which was uncomfortably well filled. Dancing began at about 10 o'clock and continued (to the surprise of the older graduates) until nearly 5 o'clock the next morning! Times have changed. I wonder that patrons and patronesses can be found who are willing to put in so many hours at a stretch. But the writer feels himself already very much of an old-timer.

Saturday noon came the Alumni Lunch which was well attended. The general comment was that it was withal a delightful affair. With all due respect to the addresses made by Prexy, an address that was full of good sense and singing enthusiasm, and to the address made by Emery Gibbs, '88, full of faith and good advice, and to the address of Will H. Lyford, '79, full of information and ripe judgment, the one address most talked about, most heartily commended, and bound to make the most lasting impres-
sion was that of our own General Lord, '84. I understand that the Editor of the ALUMNUS has promised to get it for these pages. It would be a pity if all the graduates could not read what few of us were privileged to hear. It was a gem, a sweet home-coming message, full of strong appeal to all things worth-while. No man who heard it, be he Faculty man, trustee, or we ordinary fellows, will fail to be the better. If it is printed in this ALUMNUS, do not fail to read it.

There was some business transacted as follows: The report of the nominating committee was read and accepted. The following officers were elected by the General Alumni Association: President, Archcr Jordan, '96; vice-president, Wm. B. Jack, '00; secretary, Edwin C. Whitemore, '79; Necrologist, Chas. P. Chipman, '06; treasurer, Chas. W. Vigue, '98; executive committee, R. W. Dunn, '68; Leon C. Guptill, '09; Frank L. Condon, '08; committee on nominations for the Alumni Trustee, Norman L. Bassett, '91; Judge Warren C. Philbrook, '82; Byron Boyd, '83; two representatives on the athletic council, Albert F. Drummond, '88, Frank W. Alden, '98; elected as alumni trustee, Archer Jordan, '95, and Everett C. Herrick, '98.

Then the meeting adjourned.

The Trustees continued their annual meeting, begun in the forenoon and postponed until after the Lunch, but not having any ticket for this meeting, I respectfully remained away. The Secretary of the Board will doubtless furnish the minutes, written up in that stereotyped way in which all Board Secretaries are expected to write. And this reminds me to say that my own personal idea is that the most interesting things that happen in Trustees' meetings are never reported!

Another meeting to which I was not invited was the Alumnae Lunch, but I made some inquiries about it. The women of the College had a first-rate meeting. Of course there was some talk, The attendance was only fair, but still it was a helpful get-together. The Acting-Dean gave a suggestive report of the year's work, and offered some helpful suggestions about work that needed to be done. The following officers were elected for the coming year:

President, Miss Florence E. Dunn, '96; first vice-president, Mrs. Ethel Merriam Weeks, '13; second vice-president, Mrs. Grace Warren Atchley, '03; secretary, Miss Phyllis St. Clair, '13; treasurer, Miss Jennie Smith, '81; Colbiana alumnae editor, Edith Russell; executive committee, Mrs. Mabel Dunn Libby, '03; Mrs. Harriet Bessey, '97; Miss Clara Morrell, '93. Miss Grace Coburn Smith of Skowhegan gave the report of the council meetings of the association during the college year.

Among those present were Dean Raymond, Mrs. Edith Pratt Brown, Miss Mary Washburn, Miss Alice Clarkin, Miss Catherine Clarkin, Miss Ruth Goodwin, Mrs. Antoinette Putman, Misses Carolyn Stevens, Miss Phyllis StClair, Mrs. Marjorie Meader Lucier, Misses Pauline Hanson, Miss Adelle Rose Gilpatrick, Misses Jennie Smith, Mrs. Lois Smith, Mrs. Ethel Dean, Mrs. Webster Chesterton.

And by the way, there was a third meeting to which I received no invitation, a meeting held on Friday afternoon, the Phi Beta Kappa. The reason I had no invitation was because—well, why go into details? I have often been curious to know what they do at these meetings. I have an idea that they are dreadfully musty affairs—dignity personified. I imagine if any one smiled, expulsion would be recommended. And the initiation must be very solemn. The daily paper will tell what took place.

"At the 24th annual meeting of the Phi Beta Kappa society of Colby in Chemical Hall yesterday afternoon, the following officers of Beta chapter were elected; President, Prof. Julian D. Taylor, '68; first vice-president, Dr. George O. Smith, '93; secretary and treasurer, Dr. J. William Black."

"The following candidates from the Senior Class were elected and initiated: Arthur F. Scott, Englewood, N. J.; Sidney P. Wyman, Whitman, Mass.; Ralph H. Drew, Houlton; Robert E. Sullivan, Camden, N. J.; Miss Belle N. Longley, Clinton; Miss Elizabeth R. Eames, Waterville; Miss Matilda E. Titcomb, Walnut Hill; Miss Mary A. Titcomb, Walnut Hill; Miss Josephine Rice, Milton, Mass.; Miss Grace A. Lemond, Thomaston; Misses Hildegarde V. Drummond, Waterville; and Miss Lillian A. Pike, Cornish.

"An executive committee was formed, consisting of the newly elected officers and Col. Charles L. Phillips, '78; Prof. Charles P. Chipman, '06; Mr. John E. Nelson, '98; Miss Meroe Farnsworth Morse, '13."

Saturday evening was Fraternity reunion night. It was most unfortunate
that these reunions were scheduled at the same time "The Tempest" was given by the women of the Junior class. Of course, I attended the College function. I was happily surprised at the talent shown by the young women. The play was admirably staged in the rear of Foss Hall, out of doors, and was witnessed by a large gathering of graduates and citizens.

Sunday morning came the baccalaureate sermon. President Roberts read the Scriptures. You have heard Prexy read the Scriptures? He reads; there is no hay-pitching. Mann, of the class of '81, offered prayer. The sermon was preached by Rev. A. K. DeBlois, of Boston, and was impressive, wholesome, helpful, inspiring. It was a message for the day, pointing always to higher things.

At 4 o'clock Vespers in the old College Chapel, Everett C. Herrick, '98, gave an unusually striking address. Herrick has a unique way of speaking. There are no frills, no attempt at oratory, just a direct, forceful statement of facts, and all couched in unusual phraseology that somehow grips and holds fast.

At 8 o'clock in the evening (you see, it was a day of good things) the Commencement Address was given for the first time, I venture, in the history of the College, in the city's opera house. It had to be held there in order to accommodate those who wanted to hear. The speaker was Rabbi Stephen S. Wise, of New York. President Roberts again presided and Rev. E. C. Whittemore, '79, offered the prayer. My advice to those who have never heard Rabbi Wise is to go at once and hear him. He will do you good. It was one of the Wittiest, meatiest, most stirring addresses I ever heard. No one could report it because no one wanted to be bothered with pencil and paper. The Rabbi reminds one of Bryan, much the same figure, voice, and smile, but he is much more nimble of mind than the Bryan of these later years. As I think back upon this address, I am astounded to discover that the Rabbi followed no central theme, presented no stirring appeal, and really told very few things that were new or strange, but therein lies its very charm. It was the happy way in which he put old truths, the felicitous way he had of playing upon the whims of his audience, and the indirect appeal he made for each and all of us not to let the lesson of the Great War be lost. He discussed chiefly the League of Nations, and made it clear that we owe it to the boys who fought, suffered, and died to do all that in us lies to put an end to wars forever.

But who will ever forget his witticisms and caustic thrusts? Several boys left the gallery and clumped down the long flight of stairs. The Rabbi smiled and listened. Then he said amid roars of laughter: "How stealthily those boys walk out of the gallery. They remind me of New York detectives." Again, in introducing the speaker President Roberts referred to a picture he had seen of the Rabbi working in one of the shipyards. "Yes," said the Rabbi, in referring to the introduction, "I did work for a short time in a ship-yard. The fact is I am a preacher. It happened that when I completed my first 25 years of preaching, they needed shipbuilders, and so I thought that after 25 years of preaching I would try to earn an honest living." Referring to the beautifully decorated English coaches that conveyed the English nobility in the great demonstration for President Wilson, the Rabbi said: "They were studded with all kinds of semi-precious gems such as diamonds and pearls, but," he added with a smile, "there were no emeralds." It was an evening with a great speaker never to be forgotten.

Monday morning came the Procession. It was something new to the older graduates. It was caps and gowns and hoods and tall hats and dignity, and all very
pleasing. The story is told that last year the Governor was expected on a train scheduled to arrive just when the Procession would move. It did. And in the very midst of all the dignity, just when the marshalls were getting the dignified Trustees and Faculty and others into line, Presy A. J. Roberts, of the distinguished class of '90, suddenly detached himself from the company, sprinted across the lawn, pole-vaulted the college fence, and arrived at the station just ahead of the Governor's train! Nothing quite so astounding happened this year, but eyeing the President and the efforts of the Marshalls to get him into line, I could well imagine last year's scene still pictured by others.

The services at the old Church were much like those of other years. There were six Commencement speakers who the President of the College places a diploma in his hand and speaks a few words of formal welcome "into this Society of Scholars." But two honorary degrees were conferred this year, the first, Doctor of Letters, (Litt.D.) upon Professor Herbert Carlyle Libby, of the class of '02, head of the Department of Public Speaking, Registrar of the College for the past ten years, and one of the founders and at present the Editor of the COLBY ALUMNUS; and the second, Doctor of Divinity (D.D.) upon Everett Carleton Herrick, of the class of '98, a foremost Massachusetts preacher.

The annual Commencement Dinner, held in the old Gymnasium, followed. There were many diners. The President of the College presided, and addresses were delivered by Governor Milliken, Dr. C. F. Warner, '79, Dr. E. C.

A COMMENCEMENT DAY SNAPSHOT OF THE COLLEGE FACULTY

Left to right—Professors Taylor, Black, Marquardt, White, Ashcraft, Chester, Grover, Chipman, Raymond, MacDonald, Brown, Weeks, Nelson, and Helie

delivered excellent addresses, one or two of them very much above the average. Then came the awarding of prizes and the conferring of degrees. Time was when the presiding officer simply announced the names of those to whom honorary degrees were given, but nowadays the candidates are hooded before the assembled multitudes. It is very impressive and adds much to the forenoon's exercises. First, Justice Cornish, Chairman of the Board of Trustees, addresses the President of the College, stating that the Board has voted to confer this or that degree upon this or that person, and forthwith gives in concise language the reasons why the degree is conferred. Then the candidate is conducted to the front of the platform by the College Marshall and hooded, after which Herrick, '98, Helen Louise Coburn, '77, newly elected member of the Board of Trustees, and L. C. Guptill, Esq., '09. These addresses were all very much to the point. It is to be regretted that more of the graduates cannot be heard in brief addresses at this annual gathering.

With the adjournment of the Dinner, came the end of the 1919 Commencement. I would not have missed it for my little New Hampshire farm. Life is altogether too short for any Colby chap to miss these good times, these home-gatherings—gatherings of the old boys to renew old acquaintances and so keep life young. The wonder is that more of the graduates do not return to the old campus each year.

But, Mr. Editor, we shall all be on hand in June, 1920!
ALUMNI LUNCH ADDRESS

By Brig.-General H. M. Lord, '84.

"More than thirty years have passed since I was privileged to attend a Colby Commencement and thirty-five years have marched across the calendar since I graduated and went out to conquer the world armed with a diploma inscribed in Latin—which proved a source of infinite embarrassment in after years to its possessor when called upon by his children and later by his grandchildren to translate its meaning. Fortunately ability to translate Latin after the lapse of years or familiarity with the Greek verb when decades have intervened is not a fair measure of the value of a classic education. But I do recall something of my Colby Latin and am not entirely forgetful of my Colby Greek: At a class reunion of one of our largest colleges some twenty years after graduation the usual question was propounded as to the number present who remembered something of their Latin and Greek. A very respectable number claimed the retention of some knowledge of their Latin, but there was only one answer in the affirmative to the query relative to Greek, and the one responding was the acknowledged dunce of the class. When asked what he remembered of his Greek, he replied: 'Why that's the language with the funny little letters.' Now I remember something of my Latin for I distinctly recall the page after page of Latin grammar—text, notes, sub-notes, footnotes, marginal notes, etc., that I committed to memory and afterwards recited as well as I might for the declamation of Professor Taylor, whose presence with us today is a delight to all. As I thought in after years of the time I devoted to those appalling collections of Latin rules and regulations I pictured that Latin grammar as approximately the size of an unabridged dictionary. One day in unpacking my books I came across that Latin grammar and was surprised to find it a volume of ordinary size. My feeling was something akin to that of the wanderer from home, who, after fifty years of absence, returns and visits again the little red schoolhouse, and looks in vain for the mighty towering rock from the top of which, at risk of life and limb, and to the amazement and admiration of his fellow students, he jumped to the earth below, incidentally earning a reputation for bravery—looks in vain until he discovers that he had stumbled over the rock while entering the school yard and hadn't recognized it.

"Yes, the material things do change, and dwindle and shrink and shrivel, but the spiritual things, the real things, the good things, the things worth while, grow sweeter and dearer and stronger, and greater and more wonderful as the years slip away, and while I miss many of the old familiar places, and many of the old familiar faces I have with me today the sweet consciousness of warm friendships, of generous thoughts, of kind deeds and devoted loyalty that will always be associated with this spot, and I have had with me through the years the benediction of the high Christian spirit and incentive to manliness that have always characterized this institution.

"A western editor said in his paper: 'Ten years ago, we came to this town poor but honest. We are still poor!' Thirty-five years ago I went out from Colby poor but honest, and if perchance I have not amassed a fortune I can say that with the precepts of a devoted Baptist mother and the Christian training of this institution as a heritage I could not be otherwise than honest. At a luncheon in Washington some years ago attended by Speaker Reed and Joseph H. Choate, at one time our ambassador to England, Mr. Choate remarked that he had never smoked, never uttered an oath and never told a lie. One of the guests remarked that he wished he could say that, upon which Mr. Reed retorted, 'Why don't you, Choate does.' When a boy at home my Sundays were spent at church, Sunday School and home, and my reading restricted to the Bible, books from the Sunday School library, and Zion's Advocate. Since graduating from college I have been stationed in various widely separated parts of the earth, have lived with and mingled with all classes of peoples, have dwelt for years where the Sabbath was the great gala day of the week, yet in all that time so deep-rooted my New England principles, so thoroughly my instruction in the Fourth Commandment, that no Sunday ever found me in a place of amusement, and when obliged to labor on
the day of rest, as has been frequently the case, the labor has been performed with a strong mental protest against conditions that made such toil necessary, and if at any time I was tempted to swerve from the line of living that my New England training approved, I encountered the opposition of a New England conscience that worked overtime, and I am grateful today for a New England mother, for this New England college, and a New England conscience.

"Mere book-learning is the least important and least valuable of the many worthy and desirable things that may be acquired in a four years' course in Colby, and from the standpoint of after years I bring belated but sincere testimony to the fact that my college course was well worth all the effort and sacrifice it cost, while the character of the instructors have been inspiration potent for good, influencing me always to strive to be, in the words of President Pepper, 'Upright, downright, inright, outright and all right'; and if I have in any degree fallen short of the high standard set, and have failed in any particular to measure up to specifications, it was not the fault of those men, good and true, who gave the best they had, and they had the best.

"This is our first post-war Commencement. We have had a great adventure, we have fought a great fight, we have won a great victory. And in this great adventure Colby men have nobly ventured; in this great fight Colby men have gallantly fought; in winning this great victory Colby men have borne victorious part. Many of Colby's sons risked all and some of them gave all. And now when the drums have ceased beating, and the volleying has died away, we are taking account of stock, and we count as a splendid asset the spirit of sacrifice and devotion that has been manifested by the people of this country. We have learned that love of country is not merely a tradition, something pertaining to the remote past, but that men and women have shown themselves willing to serve, to sacrifice, to dare, to die if need be—whenever and wherever our country needed such service and sacrifice. We have incurred almost incomprehensible financial obligations and tremendous moral obligations—indebtedness and obligations that we will liquidate to the last farthing—and the task will be found simple and the burden light, for we have been made acquainted with the fabulous wealth of our country,—a wealth not measured by gold, and granaries, and warehouses, but the wealth of a glorious national patriotism, that counts sacrifices trivial when made for the country's good. This great country has awakened to the privilege of giving, and as the war progressed the tide of patriotic self-sacrifice rose in mighty volume, and unfortunate that one who did not contribute something to the swelling flood. And if the lessons thus learned through the weary months of conflict be not forgotten we will have a happier and more prosperous nation."

General Lord here gave certain statistics taken from the books of his office relative to war expenditures which may be summarized as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total war expenditures and obligations, all war agencies</td>
<td>$24,000,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loans to Allies</td>
<td>10,000,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>$34,000,000,000</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expended and obligated to date by War Department, approximately</td>
<td>$16,000,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actually expended to date by War Department</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outstanding obligations</td>
<td>3,000,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expenditures by groups:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pay of officers and men</td>
<td>$2,250,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subsistence of troops</td>
<td>1,475,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clothing and equipage</td>
<td>1,385,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transportation, troops and supplies</td>
<td>1,090,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Purchase trucks, motors, etc.</td>
<td>775,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Purchase horses and mules</td>
<td>135,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Construction and maintenance—camps and cantonments</td>
<td>960,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Storage and shipping facilities</td>
<td>240,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engineer activities</td>
<td>775,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Artillery, arms and ammunition</td>
<td>5,250,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Air service</td>
<td>1,175,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Signal service</td>
<td>75,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medical service</td>
<td>415,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemical Warfare service</td>
<td>120,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>$16,120,000,000</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

"These are tremendous figures but represent a great achievement, and I do not think the country at large will begrudge the expenditure or complain at the sacrifices occasioned thereby. It was
the people's war and expenditures were made and obligations incurred in full compliance with the people's wishes that there should be no withholding of the supplies necessary for the successful prosecution of the War. War is waste and in the very nature of things does not lend itself to economical procedure. When the call came from overseas for munitions they were procured without regard to the cost, for delay here meant possibly irreparable disaster over there, and we must not lose sight of the fact that a few thousands expended in preparation would have saved millions of the money expended in war. Some of you may say that this is the professional soldier speaking, and it is. The professional soldier in the United States is a member of that small Regular Army which through all its existence has served preeminently as a constructive force rather than as an engine of warfare. This Army, since its inception, has been a constructive force. In approximately 144 years of existence, it has had only eighteen years of war, leaving a balance of 126 years in which it has been engaged in useful and constructive work, for the Army is never idle. During the greater portion of this time the Army, with a very small personnel, kept the Indians in check and made possible the construction of the trans-continental railway.

"In 1898 we went into Cuba. We inaugurated a stable government, organized the customs, opened and taught the schools and cleaned the cities, drove out the yellow fever, encouraged agriculture, taught the Cubans lessons of industry, cleanliness and orderliness, and came away leaving a peaceful and prosperous people.

"We did the same thing in the Philippines. Our mission there was one of civilization. We tied the islands together with cable and telegraph; we constructed modern water systems and modern sewerage; we built modern boulevards, constructed modern railroads and gave the islands an educational system that compares favorably with any in this country. We gathered five hundred thousand children into the schools where we taught them things that will make them self-respecting, self-reliant and self-supporting.

"Manila, once the filthiest, most disreputable of the cities of the East, we have purged and cleaned and made the most attractive and law-abiding of any

of the municipalities of that portion of the world.

"In Alaska we conquered the frozen barriers and spanned the almost endless wastes of ice and snow with rail and telegraph; and from its isolated posts in that desolate land of the long night the Army is watching over the interests of our people.

"Along the Mexican Border, the American soldier night and day, week in and week out, maintains his watchful vigil, standing there as a representative of law and order, and in all these weary months of patient patrolling, not one overt act can be charged to officers or men, but they have jealously and zealously maintained the peace. All this is certainly constructive work.

"We built a canal. In 1903 the United States acquired all canal rights and a controversy with Colombia. The job of digging the great ditch proceeded intermittently and unsatisfactorily until the government did just as it always does when it doesn't know what else to do, turned the job over to the Army; and the canal was built.

"In San Francisco, in the forest fires and in the Western floods, the relieving agency was the military and it went to its work, not with clanging of sabre, jingle of spur, or rattle of the machine-gun, but it went to the task, equipped with food for the hungry, clothing for the naked, and equipped also with splendid discipline and capacity for practical work that is the result of Army training.

"When this great nation was turned aside from the pursuits of peace and forced to take up the making of war, the small Regular Army furnished the nucleus around which our fighting millions gathered, and no amount of misrepresentation can deprive that small Regular Army of credit for the splendid contribution it made towards the successful prosecution of the war.

"No one knows, no one can so easily prophecy today what will be the outcome of the unsettled condition of things that seem to prevail over the entire face of the earth. Let us hope that the day of permanent peace has come. Yet there never was a war which did not originate in the innate wickedness and weakness of human nature, and war will be eliminated when we rid ourselves individually of hate and jealousy and envy. When the churches, which have enlisted under the same banner and follow the same
leader can be tolerant toward those of differing faith, remembering that the orthodoxy of today was the heterodoxy of yesterday, and that the doctrines they preach today would have sent them to the stake and the wheel not so many generations ago, then we certainly shall have made one important step toward the peace millenium.

"Napoleon once said that there was more danger in a newspaper than in a thousand bayonets, and back of the bayonets is the mighty power of the press. When the newspapers substitute fact for fiction; advocate brotherly love in the place of belligerency; and throw their mighty power on the side of good will, then indeed the peace millenium will be in sight.

"When you and I and the peoples of the earth make the golden rule the rule of our daily living, in the homes and market places of the world; when you and I and the peoples of the earth introduce the principle of live and let live into the political and business life of the nations; when you and I and the peoples of the earth have the same regard for the rights of others that we have for our own, then armaments will melt away and there will be no more war in all the earth.

"But in the meantime, let us not throw entirely away the lessons we have learned by bitter experience through these long months of conflict, and let us bear in mind that new national activities and new national responsibilities will inevitably grow out of this present extraordinary condition of things, which will necessarily make heavier demands upon the military personnel; and when you discuss the Regular Army and its duties do not forget that during the greater portion of its history, it has been doing constructive work, useful, necessary and important tasks that could be done in no other way, and through no other agency."

COMMENCEMENT DAY ADDRESS—CLASS OF '79

BY CHARLES F. WARNER, Sc.D., '79.

Mr. President, Classmates and Friends:

The Class of '79 entered Colby thirty-eight strong and succeeded in graduating with its full quota of nineteen senior members after a somewhat stormy career. You may wonder why I mention graduation as a fact of historical importance pertaining especially to this class. Does not every senior class on its commencement day receive the same mark of distinction? Why point to the graduation of the Class of '79 as an event of signal importance? But I assure you—you of other generations, both older and younger—that our graduation was no commonplace event. There was much anxiety at Colby during the month of June, 1878, our junior year,—grave doubt in our minds, at least in the minds of some of us. There were nightly vigils, forced marches, secret rendezvous in neighboring towns, to discuss the impending crisis in the affairs of the class and of the college. There was quite as much apprehension, too, on the part of the faculty,—probably more. In fact it had come to be a question, due to a certain literary publication of a highly critical character,—as the only remaining member of the governing board of those days will recall,—it had come to be a question whether the college should graduate all of this class, or whether the class should do up the college. But the crisis passed, through a happy compromise in which both sides won. The class was graduated intact; and the dignity of the college was maintained.

But perhaps the event of graduation, critical though it was, was not the most remarkable fact of our college career. As we look back upon those days and consider the peculiar make-up of our class, we wonder that the college survived at all beyond our sophomore year. There was a kind of tacit understanding from the day of our entrance that our mission was to transform the spirit of Colby. It would have been different at that time for anyone of us to define just what such a transformation implied and utterly impossible for all of us to agree as to what it should be. But definitions mean little to the youthful mind given to ideals and dreams. If we were guilty of inconsistencies, you will charge it up to our genius. Each of us sounded his own note, and each differed from all the others, as the tones of an organ differ; and yet, under the skilful direction of our class president there was more of harmony than of discord. And we be-
believe we did impress the college with a certain change of ideals among the student body. It could not have been otherwise. We had innovators among our members,—young men with new ideas, radicals, I had almost said iconoclasts; and we had others who brought with them traditions and prejudices, which they called principles. These had a steadying effect. You can't argue with that kind of a principle. All you can do is to say something with feeling and go your way. We had several positive souls among our number not easy to repress, as well as a few not less positive ones who could not be impressed. We had one, for example, who claimed to have voted the democratic ticket on the day of his birth and to have continued to vote the same ticket as often as possible ever since; and even now, in this time of upheaval, he expects to hold to the same political faith to the end of time. But the republicans among us were neither dismayed nor converted; and one of us has served the state, according to the traditions of that party, with a dignity worthy of his name and inheritance.

Our contrasts of personality, however, extended beyond our political creeds. In religion we differed in faith and practice, and in scholarship we were at variance in interests and in method. We had those who never missed the point in a class discussion, and others who frequently did, but were happily unconscious of it. Some of us breathed a philosophy of student life that dispelled all feelings of disquietude or distress. One we recall who, after vain attempts at a Latin translation, offered the suggestion that he must have forgotten all he had ever known about the lesson; and when the professor replied, after some reflection, that, after all, "it was not a serious loss" he accepted the comment gracefully, but seemed to feel that he had established a fact of which he was himself quite aware.

And so we differed among ourselves, and yet we held together. Just what it was that bound these diverse elements into a united class during the whole college period, it may be difficult to define. But there is a certain common interest, not easily recognized it may be and yet effective, which operates powerfully among student bodies when it has a chance. We gave it a chance. We knew no such command as that which a sergeant of the Colby Cadets once gave,—"Let every man keep ahead of the man in front of him." Not confusion and strife, but content of action, subordinating differences, and maintaining an unquestioned loyalty to the group, may suffice as a description of the spirit of '79, of which we were quite conscious ourselves and which, we believe, we imparted, in some degree, to the rest of the college.

And so we marched out of these halls forty years ago, arm in arm, nineteen strong, confident, united youths, leaving our best wishes and four of our best years behind us. We have lost by death only one of our numbers, William Morang. We return today—all but one of us—in the spirit if not in the flesh,—nearly one hundred per cent strong, full of life and vigor. We refuse to be hailed as old men. We are younger than we look. And this fact ought not to surprise anyone who knows anything of our career in college; for we are told that several members of the faculty expressed the opinion, to which the president gave his unqualified endorsement, that we were the "toughest" eighteen fellows that ever passed this way.

Of our career after graduation I must speak briefly and somewhat impersonally. It would require sophomoric presumption to say that we have reformed the world to the same extent that we may claim to have influenced the college community. That were a somewhat bigger task. But we have had our fling at it, and are having it still, for our work is by no means finished. Including, as has been our custom, three others who were identified with us but were not graduates of the college, making a total of twenty-two, seventeen of our number are in the professions,—four clergymen, five doctors, four lawyers, and four teachers or educational administrators. Two are farmers, and three are engaged in successful commercial business. It is manifestly impossible to outline the total of our accomplishment; but you will note that none of us chose the easy road. We have all been intensely busy in doing the world's work; and, while we wish to speak with becoming humility, we believe we have done something worth while for law and order, something to relieve human weakness and suffering, something quite definite for the cause of temperance, something for education, something to enlarge and perfect the records of historical progress, and something to help establish the reign of righteousness in the world. Our work has been carried on in at least eight states of the Union. How much this may have amounted to, the communities in
which we live are the best witnesses; and they are not represented here. You may send for their testimony if you wish. I have no affidavits with me.

But there are a few matters of record on which I can report with some certainty. At last accounts the Class of '79 could pride itself on the possession of thirty-nine children and nineteen grandchildren. Thirteen of these sons (five with commissions) and four of our daughters were in service during the Great War. Of our members had all of his five sons in the service, one having been in the terrible Argonne campaign. Of the daughters, one, the wife of a British captain, was in constant war work in England. Another served in an army hospital. They have all been fortunate enough to escape the dangers; but they faced them bravely, and we take pride in the fact that they met the call to the youth of the land with the true American spirit.

We of the older generation could not give the service that our sons and daughters gave. But we tried to do our part in forwarding the great cause. Without exception the names of our members are found in Red Cross service, in the work for the relief of the destitute children of France and Belgium, in liberty loan drives, in the training of soldiers, in food production and conservation,—several in positions of leadership. There is to the credit of the class in government loans and war chests the sum of approximately $50,000. And in this time of stress we shall not forget the college endowment. We expect to give to this great cause within our means. In fact we have definitely agreed to give a certain sum; and while I am not authorized by the class to make any further promise, it is my personal belief, in view of the fifty per cent depreciation in the purchasing power of money, that the class should double its original subscription. I may say, however, that we shall claim no exclusive privilege in this matter. The suggestion is freely offered all classes, organizations and individuals, to "go over the top" in meeting the endowment question, as so many small communities have in the various drives for the government loans. In these days $500,000 seems a moderate sum to add to a college endowment. Of course we shall get that; but why not go out for $1,000,000 and get it?

And finally, let me say that we offer this report in no spirit of exalted pride. It is nothing to boast of. It is rather in the nature of an accounting to our Alma Mater, to whom we owe so much and who has a clear right to know to what extent we have cherished the ideals of service which she taught us in our youth. We submit the record with modesty as becomes loyal son and daughter, grateful to God that it is as good as it is, but regretting that it has not been better.

And now, Mr. President, we have not come here to bid the college good-by. We said that forty years ago; it is not so easily said now. We like the French way better,—not good-by but au revoir,—till we meet again. We all expect to return next year; for, at our meeting last Saturday night, the class voted unanimously to hold a special reunion next June, in honor of Colby's Centennial. This year's reunion is merely a prelude; and as we go on our way for a brief time, the class of '79 bids the college "hail and good luck."

ADDRESS AT SÉNIORS' LAST CHAPEL

By Julian D. Taylor, '68, LL.D., Taylor Professor of Latin.

Members of the Class of 1919.

When on Commencement Day you descend from the platform and range yourselves, parchment in hand, in front of the President, he will address you in Latin, and what he will say, or a part of it, will be, in substance, this:

"What your teachers could do for you has been done. The discipline of the ancients, the wisdom of philosophers, the secrets and the laws of nature have been put before you, and by words and voices verba et voces, your minds and your heart have been prepared for life. Thus far you have profited by the wisdom of others. Now, go forth and learn what life has to teach you."

That will be for you the signal to go over the top! And gallantly and bravely you will do it, go to front and face a hostile world! And unless your teachers are mistaken in their judgment of you, we shall hear from you hereafter, and in good time you will come back laden with
laurels and trophies of your valor,—you
men; and you, ladies, you too, will come
back, and you will bring in from the field
not less than one prisoner apiece.

Perhaps it is not quite fair to call it a
hostile world. The worst that can be
said of it is, that to the new-comer it is a
cold world, a critical world, a skeptical
world, though on the whole, a just world.
It intends to pay you what you are worth;
but it may decline at first to accept you
at your own valuation. It has a sus-
picion that there may be an element of
prejudice in your self estimate. But
prove to it that it is mistaken, that you
are right, and it becomes a very friendly
and a generous world. It will pay you
on the back, and it will also pay you
handsomely for your service.

But it will put you to the test first. It
will test your courage, your self-mastery,
your prudence, your justice; for the un-
godly world still holds that the ancients
were right when they named the
as the
four cardinal virtues. It will test your
steadfastness also; for it holds with the
dying patriarch, when, calling his sons
about him, he said to the eldest, "Reuben,
my first-born, unstable as water, thou
shalt not excel."

In that first encounter with practical
life, will you reproach yourselves for
neglect, for failure to make the most of
your opportunities here? Possibly, others
have. And will you reproach us, your
teachers, for fault or failure in that re-
gard? Very likely; others have done
that, too! And with justice. We our-
selves admit it. We admit it sincerely
and with contrition. For we have said
it to ourselves often,—in the night
watches, when we recall some duty
though not shirked yet shrunk from.

We know that what the student needs
is what we all need, "Someone who will
make us do what we can"; and still more,
someone who can make us be what we
can. The first we may have failed to do.
The last we could not do. That is a task
for yourselves. Others can help by fur-
nishing example and inspiration. We
would gladly have done that had we been
endowed with the requisite gifts. And
now, in part atonement for that failure,
we can only urge you to make it the first
and chief aim of your life to seek the ac-
quaintance, and, if possible, the society of
someone who can do for you what we
have failed to do, someone whose ex-
alted character, power of intellect
breadth of mind, insight, sagacity, knowl-
edge of the minds of men, grace of man-
ner and charm of personality may com-
mand him to you as the man whom you
would take as your model, your guide and
master; one as under whose eye you
would measure your own motives and
your own acts; as the saints of old and
the saints of today measure their every
act and motive under the eye of the
Divine Master.

It is some influence of that sort that
we need to make us be what we can, to
lift us up out of the mire of the sordid,
the mean and the grimy, and give us a
glimpse of the blue sky over our heads.
That might be woman's mission, and, if
she thought so, a vastly greater King-
dom might be hers than any she can hope
to gain by imitating man and his ways,
or by seeking to rival him or to compete
with him, either at the ballot box or else-
where.

Among your ambitions then, I would
say, leave not out the ambition to gain
admission to the best society within your
reach. Juvenal in his satire on the
vanity of human wishes did not condemn
that aspiration. Wealth, attractive to
all men because its advantages are so
conspicuous, its drawbacks so obscured,
he scorns. Pleasure, a curse; fame, a
delusion and a snare; wife and children,
who knows what they may prove to be?
length of days, bitterness and sorrow.
And he ends by bidding us to leave to
the gods, to whom man is dearer than to
himself, to decide what we shall have, for
they will give us what is meet rather
than what is pleasant.

He does not, however, forbid us to
covet and to cherish the good will of
friends and of those who know us best.
That, if I may say it out of my long
experience in this college, is one good
thing on which there is no discount, one
cup in which there is no drop of bitter.
And that, if you will care for it, you will
carry with you from us whom you leave
behind. And if you can return it in some
measure, we shall know its value and
keep it in our hearts to the end of our
days.

A scholarship fund of a thousand dollars, bearing the name of relative
or friend, is a fine memorial. It will count towards the Half-Million.
The annual meeting of the Board of Trustees of Colby College was held in accordance with the By-Laws on June 14, 1919, at 9 A.M., at Chemical Hall, Waterville, Maine.


Judge Cornish, chairman of the Board, presided. Prayer was offered by Rev. Dr. Preble.

The record of the adjourned meetings of December 21, 1918, and of April 12, 1919, were read and approved.

The report of the treasurer and auditor were presented and accepted. They were ordered placed on file, and the secretary was requested to convey to the treasurer the especial appreciation of the Board for the efficiency and faithfulness with which the treasurer is performing the duties of his office.

The report of the Investment Committee for the year ending April 30, 1919, was presented, accepted and placed on file.

The report of the Examining Committee was presented by Chairman W. C. Crawford. The same was accepted and placed on file.

The report of the Committee on Finance was presented, accepted and spread upon the records.

The recommendations of the Committee as to salaries was adopted.

The recommendation in regard to annuities after discussion was referred to a Committee consisting of Messrs. Gibbs, Padelford, and Hall with request to prepare and present at the adjourned meeting a plan for securing Annuity funds.

Mr. Dunn reported favorably upon the conditions of Coburn Classical Institute and Dr. Whittemore supplemented the same in regard to finances and the building of a boy's dormitory now going forward.

Mr. Putnam of Houlton sent a written report of Ricker Classical Institute which follows:

"Affairs at Ricker have been fairly prosperous during the past year, the new Principal Mr. Stover (Colby 1892) has made good and he will remain with the School another year. Considering the limited financial resources of Ricker the School is now doing very good work. Ricker can never properly fulfill its educational opportunities in this section of Maine, until it is provided with a larger income, and all efforts to assist the School should be directed along the line of financial assistance. At the present time the School is in debt some $14,000.00 on account of current debts and unless assistance is found in the immediate future from some source it seems certain that disaster will overtake the School in a very few years."

Dr. Mower reported briefly concerning Higgins Classical Institute.

Mr. Hall was appointed to serve on Committee on nominations in the absence of Geo. Otis Smith, chairman.

President Roberts, Chairman of the Committee on professorships, reported. It was recommended that Mr. Geo. J. Weber be appointed Assistant Professor in English; that in case Professor Harry does not return the matter of a successor be left with the Committee on Professorships with power. These recommendations were adopted.

The question of meeting the conditions for the continuance of Dean Raymond of the Woman's Division was left with the Committee on Professorships with power.

Voted that the Committee on Professorships be authorized to secure Wesley R. Wells, of St. Louis, as Assistant-Professor of Philosophy.

The proposal by President Roberts to rescind the vote whereby the department of Greek will be abolished after July 1, 1920, was discussed and referred to a committee consisting of Dodge, Crawford, and Owen.

Resolutions upon the death of Asher C. Hinds were presented by W. G. Chapman. They were adopted, ordered spread upon the records and forwarded to the family. [The resolutions appear elsewhere in the ALUMNUS.]

Resolutions upon the death of Judge King, prepared by Judge Cornish were adopted and ordered spread upon the records. The resolutions follow:
"Since the last annual meeting of this Board, Justice Arno W. King, a member of the College, Class of 1883, and an honored trustee of this institution has passed away. He brought to this position of trust a rich and ripe experience, judicial discretion, clear and calm judgment, a deep love for the college, and an earnest desire for her continuing growth and prosperity. All these talents he used conscientiously in the discharge of his duties as trustee and his influence will long be felt.

"In his departure, at the very height of his intellectual powers, the college in common with the whole State has met with a deplorable loss and this minute is inscribed upon our records to declare our appreciation of his usefulness and assistance as a trustee, and our admiration and love for him as a man.

"The world has too few men of the ability, character and lovable personality of our deceased friend and associate."

Appreciative mention of the long and valued service of the late Horace Purinton as a member of the Prudential Committee of the College was made, and Dr. Whittimore was requested to prepare a minute of the same to be inscribed in our records. Dr. Whittimore's minute follows:

"The Trustees of Colby College, having learned with deep regret of the sudden death of Hon. Horace Purinton, desire to place upon record their high appreciation of the service rendered by him as a member of the Prudential Committee of the College for many years. As in his relations with other great public interests, he brought to the service of the College his remarkable business sagacity, sound judgment, and wise initiative. He was as careful of the welfare of the College as he was of the most important items of his personal business.

"The Trustees heartily recognize his place among the builders of the larger prosperity of Colby and express their sincere sorrow at his too early death."

The report of the faculty upon the matter of granting academic credits to soldiers and sailors who served in the war, was presented and was laid upon the table until after the noon recess.

Mr. Drummond presented a report of the Athletic Council of the Colby College Athletic Association and requested that a Committee of three be appointed to inquire into the athletic situation and assist the association to overcome the obstacles which confront it. The report was accepted and placed on file. Subsequently a Committee consisting of Alden, Wadsworth, and Jordan was appointed.

The report of a committee of the faculty appointed to consider the introduction of a unit of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps was read by Mr. Crawford, and was tabled until after the noon recess.

After the recess, during which the Alumni Lunch was served, the report of the Committee of the faculty regarding the proposed Reserve Officers' Training Corps was discussed and it was voted that the question of introducing such unit be continued in the hands of the Committee of the faculty with instructions to observe and investigate the action and experience of other colleges in the matter.

The report of the Committee on Academic Credits was taken from the table and accepted. [The report appears elsewhere in the ALUMNUS.]

The recommendations of the report were taken up seriatim and on motion it was voted that Recommendation 1 be adopted. Recommendation 2, be not adopted; Recommendation 3, be adopted; Recommendation 4, be adopted with the additional provision viz: "and provided such student has satisfactorily completed three years' study at Colby;" Recommendation 5, adopted.

Mr. Hall, Chairman of the Committee on nominations reported the list of Trustees for the Term of three years, expiring in 1922, as follows:


The report of the Committee was accepted and the trustees elected as above.

The Secretary of the Alumni Associa-
tion, Edwin C. Whittemore, presented certificate that by vote of the Alumni Association, Archer Jordan, of the class of 1893, and Everett C. Herrick, of the class of 1898 were elected Alumni Trustees for the term of five years.

The special committee appointed to consider the vote of this Board to abolish the department of Greek made the following report:

"After due consideration the undersigned special committee feels that no further action regarding the vote of this Board in June, 1918, to abolish the Department of Greek and amended on December 21, 1918, to become effective at the end of the college year, 1920, should be taken at this time. We recommend that the committee be continued to further report at the November meeting. 

Rex W. Dodge
Wm. C. Crawford
Charles E. Owen"

The report was accepted and on motion it was voted: that no further action regarding the vote of this Board in June, 1918, to abolish the Department of Greek and amended on December 21, 1918, to become effective at the end of the college year of 1920, be taken at this time.

Voted: That the special committee consisting of Messrs. Dodge, (Chairman) Crawford, and Owen, be continued and further report at the November meeting of this Board.

On motion of Mr. Chapman a Committee was appointed to act with the committee of the faculty upon the matter of introducing a unit of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps. Chapman, Drummond, Alden, and Crawford were appointed.

On motion of Mr. Crawford it was voted that until further order of this Board the Committee on Professors be appointed to act with the Committee on Instruction in accordance with the provision of Section 5, of Chapter VI, of the By-laws.

Voted: That when we adjourn it be to meet in Portland, Friday, November 14, at 10 o'clock, at a place to be selected by Messrs. Chapman and Dodge.

Voted to adjourn.

FACULTY COMMITTEE'S REPORT ON ACADEMIC CREDITS TO WAR STUDENTS

"The following resolutions, passed by the Board of Trustees on April 12, 1919, have been referred to a special committee of the Faculty for such recommendations to the Faculty as the committee should deem wise.

"Voted, that the President and Faculty of the College are requested to recommend to the Board at its June meeting the rule which should be followed at Colby in the matter of granting Academic Credits to Soldiers and Sailors who have been away from the college for a year or more, engaged in military service. It is suggested that a complete list be prepared of those who have left the college to enter military service since April, 1917, and that specific recommendations be made concerning each one. It is also suggested that the President and Faculty pay special attention to the cases of students who have completed three years of college work before entering the service.'

"The committee finds upon investigation that the colleges of the country are following different practices in respect to the granting of academic credits to students who were in the service of their country during the Great War. At least one college, Amherst, is granting to men who lacked one year of graduation the degree A.B., honoris causa. Dartmouth grants "service-credits" of fifteen hours for men who were in service from three to nine months, and thirty hours to men in service for nine months and more. In respect to our Maine colleges: Bowdoin grants 'Certificates of Honor'; to those who returned in January and remained to June, presumably passing with credit, a full year's work. Bates divides the year into two terms, one beginning in January and the other, presumably, in April. To students who complete the work from January to June, with grade of 70, a full year's credit will be given; to those entering in April, a half year's credit. The President of the University of Maine states that he finds no demand from Maine students for credit and, to quote his words, 'They are anxious to get back
The resolutions of the Board of Trustees call for a complete list of all men who have left College to enter military service. The list accompanies this report. The resolutions also call for specific recommendations covering each case. The committee finds it impossible to make specific recommendations for reasons subsequently to be set forth.

"The committee submits the following recommendations:

1. That all men who left College to enter military service be encouraged in every legitimate way to return to College to complete their education.

2. That to the end that these students may be able to return to College special inducements be offered them in the form of larger scholarships and perhaps cancelled tuition charges, and that some method be adopted whereby through a special appeal to philanthropically inclined people, additional funds be found to help finance these men through College.

3. That each case be considered on its merits and that accordingly no blanket rule be adopted covering academic credits to students who were engaged in war service.

4. That to men entering upon professional careers—in law, medical, divinity school, or technical institutions of high character,—the College grant the usual College diploma when such students shall have completed the first year’s work in professional school, provided only that such students shall have seen at least one full year of military service.

5. That in the case of all students who make application for academic credits for military service who were within one year of graduation, who were at the time of leaving doing satisfactory work in all their courses, there be required of them a certified military record, showing time of enlistment and discharge; and that all such cases be referred to a special committee of the Faculty for full review and with power to determine whether or not in its judgment the time devoted to military work, and the character of the military work pursued, shall entitle the applicants to a degree from the College.

"In conclusion, the committee would have it understood that while it recognizes fully the important service which our College men rendered the nation, it believes that the best possible service which can be rendered them in return is to help them on to a full educational equipment such as the four years of our College course is supposed to furnish.

(Signed)

HERBERT C. LIBBY, Chairman.

JULIAN D. TAYLOR.

FREDERICK W. GROVER."

The above report was adopted by the Faculty on June 12, 1919. It then went to the Board of Trustees, and action taken on the several recommendations as follows: Recommendation 1 was adopted; Recommendation 2 was not adopted; Recommendation 3 was adopted; Recommendation 4 was adopted with the additional provision, viz., "and provided such student has satisfactorily completed three years’ study at Colby"; Recommendation 5 was adopted.

RESOLUTIONS ON THE DEATH OF ASHER C. HINDS, '83

PREPARED BY WILFORD G. CHAPMAN, A.B., '83

The following resolutions on the death of Asher C. Hinds, '83, were prepared by Wilford G. Chapman, '83, read to the Board of Trustees at its June meeting, and unanimously adopted by that body:

"Mr. President and Gentlemen:

It is hard to realize as we meet this morning that the name of Asher Crosby Hinds which for so many years was a living and acting force in the politics and business of Maine has become a part of the history of our state.

Three members of the Colby Class of 1883 have served on this Board of Trustees, Mr. Hinds, Dr. Alfred King and myself. Sad it is that the broken shaft so fittingly symbolizes the life and work of these
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two distinguished graduates of Colby College: but, in the case of both, the structure was reared high enough for men to know the material and the strength with which it was built. It is hard for me to speak of Mr. Hind’s without mentioning Dr. King because, as they were in life indissolubly linked in the ties of personal friendship which began when they were boys in college together, so now, they will be forever linked in the memories of those who have known and loved them at Colby College. Both men achieved more than nation-wide distinction, the one as a great physician, the other as one of the greatest parliamentarians in the history of the United States.

“And it is natural and fitting in this memorial to speak of Mr. Hind’s in connection with his friends because of his loyalty to them and his solicitude and interest in their welfare and success.

“Mr. Hind’s work in Congress came to an untimely end even before his last election by the stroke of the disease which finally ended his life on the first day of May, 1919, at the age of fifty-six; but even in the brief time in which he was in full possession of his powers, he showed that his work as a member of the floor of the House was in no way inferior to his work as a parliamentarian. Two notable instances were his speech on Canadian Reciprocity and his work on the sugar schedule so called.

“But to us, his friends, the value of his public career was in the opportunity which it gave for the public manifestation of his great intellectual power and moral force.

“Our purpose today, however, is to place on record an appropriate memorial of our late associate. In these familiar surroundings, so dear to him and to us, we feel more keenly the loss of our friend and the friend of our college.

“Therefore, Be it Resolved: That we hereby give expression to our sorrow for the loss of our late friend and associate, Asher C. Hind’s, and our admiration for those noble qualities of mind and character which distinguished him among the public men of our state and country.

“Resolved: That a copy of these resolutions be spread upon the records of the Board of Trustees of Colby College and a copy sent to his son and sister.”

CONCERNING THE ENDOWMENT

Readers of the Alumnus who have never seen the Statement of the Conditional Appropriation to Colby by the General Education Board may be interested in reading the following copy:

September 25, 1916.

“For the purpose of adding Five hundred thousand Dollars ($500,000.00) to the resources of Colby College, located at Waterville, in the State of Maine, and in consideration of the College endeavoring to secure subscriptions by others to the same fund, the General Education Board hereby agrees to pay to said COLBY College in cash, on or before June 1, 1920, for the purpose of endowment of said institution, the sum of One hundred twenty-five thousand Dollars ($125,000.00) in quarterly installments, beginning not later than February 1, 1919, provided that the said COLBY College shall secure on or before January 1, 1919, in cash or legally valid subscriptions payable in cash, not less than Five hundred thousand Dollars ($500,000.00), including the contribution of the General Education Board, it being understood and agreed that the total sum of Five hundred thousand Dollars ($500,000.00) shall be invested and preserved inviolate for the permanent endowment of said College; provided that no legacies shall be counted toward the fulfillment of this pledge and that no part of the income from the fund so contributed by this Board shall ever be used for specifically theological instruction; and provided that the contribution of the General Education Board may be paid pro rata with the cash payments of other subscribers, and only when the said College has no outstanding debts.

“Beginning within ninety days after the Board shall have received satisfactory evidence that the conditions of this subscription are fulfilled, the General Education Board will pay the same in quar-
terly installments, in equal ratio with the corresponding quarterly cash payments on the supplemental fund herein required, made on or before June 1, 1920, as above, as cash payments shall be certified by the President and Treasurer of COLBY College.

(SEAL.)

FREDERICK T. GATES, Chairman.
WALLACE BUTTRICK, Secretary.


The following letter, dated New York, May 26, 1919, contains the Resolve which grants an extension of time to Colby for the raising of the $375,000:

"Your letter of April 24th, 1919, making request for an extension of time on behalf of Colby College was presented to the General Education Board at a meeting held May 22, 1919. I am instructed to inform you that the following action was taken:

"Resolved, That the request from Colby College, Waterville, Maine, for an extension of time for securing subscriptions from January 1, 1919, to July 1, 1920, on account of the Board's conditional pledge No. 148, dated May 25, 1916, be, and it hereby is, granted, and the time for collecting said subscriptions be, and it hereby is, correspondingly extended from June, 1920, to December 1, 1921.'

Very truly yours,
(Signed) E. C. SAGE."

The following letter, addressed to representative citizens of Waterville, and signed by President Roberts in behalf of the Committee on Endowment, contains some convincing facts why citizens of Waterville should do their part to make the campaign a success:

"The success or failure of our Colby Endowment Campaign means so much to this city that I am writing you not merely as a friend of the College but as a fellow citizen of Waterville.

"The College is by far the oldest industry we have; it was founded fully a half century before ground was broken for the first Lockwood mill.

"All through the hundred years of its existence the College has been steadily influential in making Waterville a better town in which to live and to do business, and every piece of real estate in this community is worth more today than it would be if the College had been established in Skowhegan or Augusta instead of Waterville.

"The College every year brings to Waterville at least a hundred and fifty thousand dollars of outside money to be expended here. Every sort of local business shares in the profit.

"But after all, material gain is not the chief benefit Waterville derives from the College. There are in this city a large number of men and women who have been students in Colby. They are among the leaders in the professions and in business, and their citizenship here greatly enriches our community life. We who live in Waterville believe that everything considered it is the best place of residence in the State of Maine and we shall all agree that the College has had no small part in making it such.

"Just now the College greatly needs the financial assistance of the people of Waterville,—indeed must have it, if the campaign for increased endowment is to succeed: and Waterville simply cannot afford to have it fail.

"In order to secure the conditional offer of $125,000 made by the General Education Board, $375,000 more must be raised. Of this amount $235,000 has already been subscribed,—nearly all of it by graduates and friends of the College outside of Waterville. It is the opinion of the Committee on Endowment that $50,000 must be contributed by the citizens of Waterville if the condition of the General Education Board is to be met and the College is to have the half million dollars of additional endowment so imperatively, so vitally necessary.

"If by contributing $50,000 Waterville can increase the resources of Colby College by a half million dollars, it will be the best investment Waterville ever made!"

To every friend of Colby who has not yet subscribed to the Centennial Half-Million the General Education Board says, "For every dollar you will give, we will give another."
ELOQUENT TRIBUTE TO THE LATE JUSTICE KING, '83

BY LESLIE C. CORNISH, LL.D., '75, Chief Justice Maine Supreme Court.

[Memorial exercises were recently held at the court house in Bangor for the late Justice Arno Warren King, of the class of 1883. The closing address was made by Chief Justice Leslie C. Cornish, of the class of 1875, and because this eloquent tribute adds new strength to the character of one of Colby's most distinguished sons, it is here given in full.—Editor].

Gentlemen of the Bar:

Four times within the space of a little more than a twelve month, the uninvited and unwelcome guest invaded the precincts of this court and served his peremptory summons upon four members of our bench. In June, 1917, Chief Justice Savage was suddenly taken from us, and then followed in steady succession, Justice Madigan in January, 1918, Justice Haley in February, 1919, and Justice King on July 21, 1918. Such mortality has never been known in the judicial history of this State. May it never be repeated. The bench was not merely decimated; it was halved. Therefore it is that we the friends, companions and associates of Justice King, the last to fall, are met on this beautiful June day in this court room so often filled by his presence, at this Law term which he loved to attend, to pay to his memory the tribute which a noble, useful and blameless life had won and to place on the enduring records of this court a portrayal of his life and character as a source of inspiration to coming generations.

"Let as now praise famous men.

* * * *

All these were honored in their generations,
And were the glory of their times:
For the memorial of virtue is immortal;
Because it is known with God and with men.
When it is present, men take example of it:
And when it is gone they desire it."

Thus sang the Apochraphal writer long ago and although two thousand years and more have intervened, still it is true that the "memorial of virtue is immortal." Still it is true that men take example of it while here and remember it with tender longing when it has passed beyond.

In this spirit are we gathered here today. Bench and Bar, uniting in a sweet memorial service for one who had main-
tained the best traditions of both and whose life had enriched and ennobled not only our profession, but human life and human interests wherever his fine personality had touched them.

You who were his associates at the Bar, his neighbors, in all that that homely word implies, his companions, friends of a life-time have portrayed him as you knew him and as he was, and have drawn a splendid picture of a splendid man. Your distinguished ex-chief justice has added to this sketch his discriminating estimate of him as a magistrate, an estimate derived from long association on the Bench and from a view in perspective after retirement. There would seem to be little left for the court save to express to you our grateful thanks for your appreciative words and our complete concurrence in all that has been offered.

But the heart will not permit this, and will not rest content, unless the court shall add its word of esteem, of affection and of farewell.

Arno W. King was a son of Hancock County and lived his life within her borders. He was born in that part of Trenton now known as Lamoine on August 2, 1855, and the environment of our rugged Maine coast may have had its part in developing the sturdy boy into the virile and self-reliant man. Wholly through the fruits of his industry on the farm and in the shipyard, he fitted for the college at Coburn Classical Institute and entered Colby College with the class of 1883, a class that recently lost another distinguished member in the great parliamentarian, Asher C. Hinds. He did not, however, complete his college course, a fact that he always regretted, because the pressure of financial burdens and his arrival at an age when many others were already established in life, led him to give up his college work in its midst, and enter upon his professional studies first with Andrew P. Wiswell at Ellsworth and then at the Boston University Law School. He was admitted to the Hancock Bar at the age of 28, in 1883, the same year that would have seen his graduation from college. In January, 1884, he formed a partnership with his former instructor and continued in active practice with him until Judge Wiswell's appointment to the
Supreme Bench in April, 1893. The removal of the senior partner, as always, threw added responsibilities upon the junior and served to test his metal. He responded fully to the challenge and increased in strength and in mental stature as the years wore on. The real fibre of the man then emerged more completely than before into professional and public view and he took his place among the leaders of the Hancock Bar that has always occupied a high position throughout the State for the ability and character of its members.

In June, 1907, utterly unsolicit and unexpected by him, he was tendered by Governor Cobb a position upon the Bench, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Justice Woodard who had himself been appointed at the decease of Chief Justice Wiswell only six months before. He accepted and thus with an interregnum of only a few short months, he followed in the footsteps of his distinguished instructor and partner, and a member of the firm of Wiswell and King occupied a position upon this Bench for almost a quarter of a century.

Here began my intimate personal acquaintance with him and the formation of a friendship that death is powerless to sever. I had been appointed only three months before, so that we were naturally thrown closely together, occupying the same chambers at the law courts and discussing together the various cases and problems as they were presented. It was a sweet companionship, such as the sincere love of man for man always creates, and my life upon the Bench for the eleven years we served together were rendered richer and happier because they were served with him.

It is not difficult to portray the character of Judge King either personally or professionally because there are no frailties to be avoided, no thin ice to be crossed hastily. His life was an open book. No chapter need be changed or omitted. We often hear it said “There was another side to him.” The delightful thing about Judge King was that there was no other side to him, that is, no different side. He was the same the first time that I met him as he was at the end of our more than a decade of judicial work together. He had no moods to be watched for and guarded against, no idiosyncracies to be pampered. He was simply Arno W. King at all times and in all places. Strong, dependable, steadfast, well-poised, even-tempered, honest-minded, justice loving, courageous, and withal sympathetic, tender, kindly and lovable. These qualities were inherently his, whether we view him as judge, citizen or man.

Judge King found the duties of the Bench most congenial, and he has often told me of the happiness that the judicial life brought to him. He was admirably fitted for it by temperament, learning and experience. He gave to it eleven of the richest and fullest years and left an indelible impress upon the jurisprudence of his native State. He respected the position and maintained its honor with scrupulous care and a fine dignity.

At nisi prius he was the ideal magistrate, learned in the law, calm in temperament, patient in hearing, deliberate in acting, just in decision, firm in conviction, and with a reserve power that made itself deeply felt. He conducted the business of the trial court where the Judge comes more intimately in contact with the Bar, the litigants and the general public, with great ease, effecting that happy medium of deliberation and promptness which constitutes the perfection of that system of litigation. He was dignified without being austere; patient without being wasteful of time; prompt without being hasty. His charges to the jury were clear, comprehensive and helpful. They gave the jury just what they were waiting to hear. His relations with the attorneys were cordial, friendly and sympathetic. Throughout all his trial work I have never heard a single word of criticism or unfavorable comment, even from disappointed and unsuccessful attorneys.

An so it was that as the years passed and he went on the circuit from county to county, he attached to himself one Bar, after another, as his sworn retainers, and his sad death at the very height of his intellectual powers brought a sense of personal grief to every attorney within our borders.

To the Law Court Judge King brought a marked element of strength. He was loyal to precedent and familiar with them, but he was learning of the market place rather than of the cloister. He was wise in the every day affairs of men and abounded in that strong common sense which is the very essence of wisdom. Hence it was that he tested every theory and argument on its practical side, recognizing the fact that “the law is a practical science designed to promote the general welfare, to conserve the com-
mon happiness, to preserve public and private safety and to protect all the people in the enjoyment of life, liberty and prosperity."

His published opinions reveal the man. They possess a remarkable uniformity and strength, rare legal acumen in perceiving the vital issue and clearness of expression in deciding it.

He did not think rapidly, but he thought straight and he moved on from premise to conclusion with precision and with force. No opinion left his hands until it had been studied and restudied in all its bearings. He realized that once published in our reports, no second edition is permitted for the purpose of revision or correction. What is written is written. His opinions are to be found in fifteen volumes of the Maine reports, the first case being Stewart v. Towle, 103 Maine, 129, an action against a deputy sheriff for failure to serve an execution by arrest; and the last being Murgielli v. Stuart, 117 Maine, 87, involving the question of assumption of risk. Between these two will be found his distinct contribution to the literature of the law, and these opinions will be read and cited and followed with increasing confidence and respect as the years roll by. They represent the stones, which one by one he lovingly, thoughtfully and reverently laid in the ever ascending temple of Justice, than which no temple is more beautiful nor more sacred.

One word more. The recollection of our friends which linger longest is not of the high positions which they attained nor of the great work which they accomplished, but rather those qualities which unite in what we call personality. Judge King will ever be cherished along this personal side. As we look out of the windows of memory, we can see him as he walked our streets, a man of medium height, of sturdy build, of square shoulders, of erect bearing, of firm step, the very personification of manly vigor and power; and then as he approached, we recall the ready smile, the cherry greeting and the cordial hand-clasp that revealed the warmth and the strength of his inner nature. He possessed a positive talent for friendship, and his loyal nature, free from every taint of envy and hypocrisy fastened us to him with hooks of steel. He loved the worthwhile things of life. He was fond of his adopted city and ever ready to promote her business and civil interests. He was loyal to his church, recognizing full well the need of the Christian church in the life of today and tomorrow as in the life of yesterday. He was loyal to his college of which he was an honored and helpful trustee. He was loyal to country and he wore with pardonable pride the two-starred badge that told us of a son and a son-in-law in the service in the great war. He was fond of nature in all her moods, but fonder still of children and often have I seen him stop and fondle some little child just because to him, as to the Master, children represented the very Kingdom of Heaven. Most of all he was devoted to his family and his home, and to them his heart ever turned as the needle to the pole. In short, Judge King looked out upon the world with a loving, tender and unselfish heart and the world loved him in return.

At the memorial exercises held in honor of Chief Justice Wisewell by the Hancock County Bar in April, 1907, Judge King, then a member of the Bar concluded his tribute to the memory of his old-time instructor, partner and friend in words which, paraphrased, apply here and now with equal force to himself. "Who say he is dead! Go tell them no. For so long as truth shall prevail, so long as justice shall be tempered with mercy, so long as human sighs call not to human hearts in vain, so long as friendship and love shall last, so long must Arno W. King live."

It was a beautiful summer day when we followed our loved associate and friend to his resting place in God's acre. There, amid a wealth of flowers, and only a little removed from the resting place of his old partner, Chief Justice Wisewell, and almost in sight of the sea near which he was born, we bade him a tender, silent farewell, and turned about, as men must do, to take up again the duties of life; but with us went this thought:

"We'll hide this loving memory in our hearts. We'll follow in the pathway that he trod, We'll make each day another step upon The stairway leading up to him and God."

The resolutions are gratefully accepted and shall be entered upon the records of this court as a permanent memorial of his life and service; and as a further token of respect, this court will now be adjourned for today.

There can be no Centennial Celebration without the Half-Million.
HONORARY DEGREES CONFERRED SINCE 1906

Graduates who have not attended recent Commencements and have not known who of their number, or of those counted friends of the College, have received honorary degrees, will read with interest the following list of those who, since 1906, have been honored by the College.

LL.D.
Alfred William Anthony (Bates).
Stratton Duluth Brooks.
Joseph L. Colby (Trustee).
Randall Judson Condon.
George Gifford.
George McKay Hanson.
Francis Snow Heseltine.
Asher Crosby Hinds.
Ernest Martin Hopkins (President Dartmouth).
George Edwin Horr (President Newton Institution).
Arno Wiswell King.
Henry Clay Merriam.
Carl Elias Milliken (Governor of Maine).
Everett Wilson Pattison.
Warren Coffin Philbrook.
Harrington Putnam.
Edward Hawes Smiley.
George C. Wing (Trustee).

LITT.D.
Jeremiah Edmund Burke.
Mary Lowe Carver.
Louise Helen Coburn.
Edward John Colcord.
Samuel Silas Curry (President Curry School of Expression).
Holman Francis Day.
Martha Baker Dunn (Author).
Harry Lyman Koopman.
Herbert Carlyle Libby.
George Horace Lorimer.
Arthur Kenyon Rogers.
William Eliot Sargent (Principal Hebron).
Edward Francis Stevens.

Sc.D.
Alfred King.
George Freeman Parmenter (Colby Faculty).
George Perley Phenix.
William Henry Snyder.
Frederick Charles Thayer.
Charles Franklin Warner.
Charles Branch Wilson.

D.D.
George Arthur Andrews.
William Oliver Ayer.
Richard Henry Baker.
Woodman Bradbury.
Nelson Sinclair Burbank.
John Ernest Cummings.
Winfred Nichols Donovan.
John Russell Gow.
Fred Porter Haggard.
Everett Carleton Herrick.
Irving Bevis Mower (Trustee).
George Bruce Nicholson (Rector St. Marks, Waterville).
Charles Edson Owen.
Frank William Padelford.
Thomas Jefferson Ramsdell.
Joel Byron Slocum.
Cyrus Flint Stimson.
Henry Marcus Thompson.
William Bodle Tuthill.
Obed Jacob White.
James Nelson Williams.

L. H. D.
William Campbell Crawford.
Franklin Winslow Johnson.

REV. E. C. HERRICK, D.D., '98
Granted Honorary Degree in June
DEATH OF FRANCIS W. BAKEMAN, D.D., '66

Colby men and women will regret to learn of the recent death of Rev. Dr. Francis W. Bakeman, of the class of 1866, for thirty-seven years a trustee of our College. In the October ALUMNUS, of last year, extended mention was made of Dr. Bakeman's life-work and his loyalty to the College.

Dr. Bakeman is survived by a wife, two sons and two daughters. He lost one daughter, Susan (Mrs. William Mansfield of Chelsea) by death several years ago. One of his sons, Rev. Percival R. Bakeman, is a missionary in China; the other, Rev. Robert A. Bakeman, '01, has just returned from service overseas. One daughter, Winnefred N. Donovan, is the wife of Dr. W. N. Donovan, '92, professor at Newton Theological Seminary, and the other, Miss Margaret Mansfield, is instructor of music at Farmington Normal School.

The funeral services were held at his home in Chelsea and the remains were then brought to Waterville for burial in the Pine Grove Cemetery. Brief services were held at the grave conducted by Rev. E. C. Whittemore, '79, and Rev. C. E. Owen, '79. The College and Trustees were represented by Professor Julian D. Taylor, '68, and A. F. Drummond, '88.

JUNE ALUMNUS WILL BE WIDELY READ

Over 2200 copies of the June ALUMNUS will reach graduates, former students, and friends of the College. This issue closes the eighth year of our graduates' magazine. The numbers to be published in the coming year—the Centennial Year—promise to be unusually interesting. This is a hint to the very wise.
The rapid accumulation of all kinds of material relating to Colby men in service—of reports, personal letters, newspaper clippings, and so on, urges me more strongly than ever to continue with a seventh installment, and perhaps an eighth and a ninth, of the story of Colby in the Great War. This is all the more necessary in order to bring this important chapter in the life of our College to a fitting close.

First of all, attention is called to the Honor Roll which accompanies this story. It is larger by some thirty names than when last issued. These names have been furnished largely by the editor of the General Catalogue who is now receiving reports or brief sketches of graduates of Colby. Even now the list cannot be complete. If it is not out of place, I should like to urge upon all readers of this article to look the list over and then to take the pains to write me briefly about graduates whose names should be included. This is an important matter, and it cannot be a one-man job. The list, on the other hand, has been reduced through the taking out of the names of all graduates who were engaged in allied war activities, such as religious, educational, or relief work. While the service which these men rendered was extremely valuable, many of them have felt, and so have I, that they did not really belong among those who were actually considered the fighters. As a real matter of fact, millions of Americans who remained at home were engaged in allied war activities—Four-Minute Men, bill-posters, Bond sellers, Public Safety committee-men, and Draft Board members and Legal Advisers. Most of us would need to have our names written down if the lists were opened up to others than those who bore the brunt of cruel conflict.

The present arrangement of the Honor Roll will disclose at a glance how large a proportion of our Colby men rose above the station of privates and seamen. Compare it for a moment with the vast num-

COLBY IN THE GREAT WAR

BY HERBET CARLYLE LIBBY, '02, Professor of Public Speaking.
ber of men drawn from other walks of life who went in as privates and came out as such. It is said that in the Civil War so many of our College men got into the same companies, and the number of offices in these companies were so limited, that many of the men who showed conspicuous bravery and ability never rose above the initial grade. Undoubtedly the same was true in respect to large numbers of men in the Great War. Ability cannot always be recognized, nor is bravery always sure to be cited. And so it is not an act of discourtesy to those who are without rank when mention is made of those who were commissioned. All fought with the same kind of courage and good sense that has always distinguished the Colby men in arms. It is worth while stating here in these pages again that no matter whether the Colby men were officers or privates, they have become known as men of meritorious conduct. Not a single instance has yet come to our attention of a renegade Colby man. On the contrary, scores of instances have been told us of Colby men who showed superb courage, undying devotion to principle, and strict conformity to all rules and regulations that govern right-disciplined troops. A record, in-

deed, for which the old College will ever be proud!

Let us here and in the future numbers of the ALUMNUS look into these records of bravery.

In May, last, seventeen Colby men had been reported as having died of disease or having been killed in action. I doubt very much if this list up to that time was complete for it is not a simple matter to keep informed about six or seven hundred men scattered throughout the country. One more gold star will now need to be added. Harold B. Taft, '16, has never been heard from since certain engagements in which it was known he took part. It is understood that every effort has been made to ascertain where and when he was killed, but all to no avail. It is also understood that after long vigils and much inquiry the parents have now given him up as among the many thousands who are counted as "lost". Thus the stars increase to 18. This number appeared on the beautiful Service Flag which hung in the College Chapel, and on Commencement Day in the Baptist Church, during Commencement Week.

Perhaps of all the eighteen men who lost their lives during the Great War, no one of them has been more sincerely mourned than has John Arthur Stowell, '19. Several reasons may account for this. He was killed at a period of the war when the safety of the whole world seemed at stake, and at a time when the
The Colby Alumnus

American troops were first testing their valor. Again, he was an undergraduate and therefore known to many of the students and townspeople. Still again, his was an heroic death, a virtual giving up of his own life for others. And then finally, he was a most likable young man. Whenever Colby boys have been near Toul they have visited the cemetery to see the grave of a very brave Colby gentleman. Their touching letters regarding his death and the cemetery where lie has added to the sense of loss which his college mates have sustained. It is especially pleasing to all these that the Croix de Guerre, with citation, has been awarded, posthumously, to young Stowell. The following will give the details.

"Mr. and Mrs. John Stowell of Freeport have just received a croix de guerre, which was awarded, posthumous, to their son, J. Arthur Stowell, of the 103d Infantry, who lost his life on the field of battle, June 16, 1918. The cross was brought home by their son, Raymond Stowell, also of the 103d Infantry, who has just received his discharge.

"Arthur Stowell volunteered to bring in wounded during fighting in France. He was hit by a shell fragment and though mortally wounded, begged that he be left behind so that another comrade might have attention.

"Capt. Healey of Co. E has recommended he be given the Distinguished Service Medal for conspicuous bravery in action.

"The letter of citation that accompanied the Croix de Guerre is signed by Harry C. Hale, Major General commanding the 26th Division, and reads:

"The division commander is pleased to announce the award of the Croix de Guerre with citation to Private Arthur Stowell, musician of the 103d Infantry, U. S. A., who volunteered as a stretcher-bearer and gave proof of his absolute disregard for danger in bringing aid to his wounded comrades under a most violent bombardment and was mortally wounded while accomplishing the mission he had undertaken."

Another Colby boy who died heroically on the field of battle is Lieut. George N. Bourque, '18, and he, too, in his death, is being honored by his Government and his fellowcitizens. He has been cited for bravery, as the following will show:

"The family of Lieut. George N. Bourque, who was killed in action in France on September 26th last, received a highly-prized document from the War Department in the form of a citation for bravery in action, issued by Major General C. R. Edwards. The document is handsomely engraved and the name of Lieut. Bourque is beautifully done by hand with pen and ink. The citation reads as follows:
THE YANKEE DIVISION

Discipline and Stout Hearts

1st Lieut. George N. Bourque, 103rd Infantry.

I have read with much pleasure the reports of your regimental commander and brigade commander regarding your gallant conduct and devotion to duty in the field on July 18-25, 1918, in the attack under heavy enemy fire, Second Battle of the Marne, and have ordered your name and deed to be entered in the record of the Yankee Division.

C. R. Edwards,
Major Gen. Commanding 26th Division.

The citation is endorsed on the back as follows:

"General Edwards directs that I tender you his deep sympathy in the loss of your son—a brave officer who gave his life for his country."

C. A. Stevens,
Lieutenant Colonel,
Division Adjutant.

And now his fellowcitizens, or rather his fellow-soldiers, have organized themselves into a Post and have taken the name of the George N. Bourque Post, American Legion. No finer tribute could be paid a gallant fighter whose heroism in the midst of greatest danger was little less than phenomenal. Thus the two army Posts in Waterville are named for two brave Colby men—William S. Heath, ’55, killed at Gaines’ Mill, Va., and George N. Bourque, ’18, who died at Toul, France. Heath died at the age of 28, on the date of June 27, 1862; Bourque died at the age of 24, on the date of June 16, 1918.

AN HISTORIC SCENE—STUDENTS TAKING OATH OF ALLEGIANCE TO UNCLE SAM

College Campus, October 10, 1918. Harvey D. Eaton, ’87, is reading the Oath.
Two other Colby boys to be mentioned in this installment who were cited for bravery are Thomas J. Crossman, ’15, and Charles Gordon Brownville, ’19. The Boston Globe contained references to Crossman’s bravery, and I here quote the words of the writer:

“And there was still another fellow in the Headquarters Troop who was cited for bravery and devotion to duty. He is private, first class, Thomas J. Crossman of Needham, but Crossman was hauled up before Gen. Pershing, as was Proctor, and decorated before the gang at Ecommoy. However, he was highly commended, and, after all, to us fellow s who knew him that was some satisfaction. Crossman wasn’t afraid of anything. He wanted to fight and fought at every opportunity. Once, back of Verdun, he was buried alive by a ton of earth thrown up by an exploding shell, but he dug himself out and went back for more. He was some fighter, this fellow Crossman.

“Another time, after the St. Mihiel drive, an attack was being made on the towns of Riaville and Marcheville by two battalions, one from the 102 Infantry. Our liaison service was not the best and headquarters needed information about the location and strength of the enemy in the towns.

“Crossman was detailed to get the information, and he went forward through heavy machine gun and artillery barrages. When he did not come back we finally went forward only to find that our own troops were occupying the town and that Crossman had gone forward to the next town to get a line on conditions there. But you’d better not go near him; he won’t talk.”

Of Brownville’s citation, the following is from a statement issued by Major General Clarence R. Edwards:

“Private Charles G. Brownville, Medical Detachment, 103rd Infantry.


On July 20, 1918, and again on July 22, 1918, he was conspicuous for his unerring assistance to wounded under heavy fire of machine guns and his absolute fearlessness.”

And the best of it all is, that all Colby boys were just alike. There was not a single slacker among them all—some half-thousand of them. Is it any wonder that Colby graduates everywhere are making thank-offerings to the old College?

Attention is called to the surprisingly long list, incomplete of course, of Colby men who have risen high in military circles. At the head is Brigadier General Lord, ’84, who as Director of Finance is achieving distinction for himself and his College; then come the three Colonels, Perkins, ’80, Farr, ’92, and Phillips, ’78, from no one of whom the
ALUMNUS has been able to elicit a single word of response to letters; then come the Lieutenant-Colonels, Hatch, '08, of whom more at some future time, and Towne, '99, who comes back to his host of Waterville friends after an experience overseas which has netted him distinction in the way of reward for meritorious service. The following facts about Lt.-Col. Towne fairly well summarize his activities:

"From sergeant first-class to lieutenant colonel in the Medical Department of the United States Army is the proud record with which Dr. John G. Towne returns to civil life after ten years of service in the National Guard of Maine with service on the Mexican border as regimental surgeon of the 2nd Maine Infantry and with twenty months service with the American Expeditionary Forces in France. And best of all, Colonel Towne has brought back with him letters of praise and commendation from his superior officers which he prides very highly.

"When the medical department of the army was reorganized in 1909, Dr. Towne enlisted as a sergeant first-class and served for one year in that capacity before he was promoted to first lieutenant. Since that time his rise has been rapid until he became a major, and regimental surgeon of the 2nd Maine. He served in this capacity during the period the regiment served on the Mexican border in 1916 and upon his return to Maine was appointed to the governor's staff as chief surgeon of the state.

"When the Milliken regiment was formed, Dr. Towne served as examining surgeon and made the preliminary examination on every man who enlisted in the regiment as well as examining many of the men who enlisted in the 2nd Maine.

"When it was definitely decided to organize the 26th Division and send it to France at once, Dr. Towne was ordered to report to General Edwards in Boston, being given less than twenty-four hours in which to report. He left here on August 21, 1917, and sailed almost immediately for France, being given the post of chief of the sanitary train and field hospitals of the division.

"He acted in this capacity until July, 1918, when he was transferred to Camp Hunt as sanitary inspector of the camp. This camp was the artillery replacement camp for the First Army and here Colonel Towne had control over the sanitary conditions in which many thousands of men were living. On November 1, he was made commanding officer of Camp Hospital No. 29 and attending surgeon of Base Section No. 2 which included the port of Bordeaux. On the 28th day of February Dr. Towne closed Camp Hospital No. 29 but continued as attending surgeon of the Base Section until he was finally relieved and ordered to return to the United States. Shortly before this he received his promotion to the grade of lieutenant colonel in which grade he was discharged upon his arrival at Hoboken.
"Two of the letters which Colonel Towne prizes most highly are in relation to his work in the Base Section, one from Harry C. Coburn, Jr., base surgeon, and the other from Lieutenant Colonel J. Y. Brinton, judge advocate and R. R. & C. officer of the section. Following are the letters:

"Headquarters Base Section No. 2.
S. O. S. A. E. F. France
Office of the Base Surgeon

May 1, 1919.
Lieut. Col. John G. Towne, M.C.
Attending Surgeon, Headquarters Base Section No. 2, A. E. F.

My Dear Colonel Towne:

Upon your relief from duty with the American Expeditionary Force, I wish to convey to you my sense of appreciation for the splendid work which you have done while in Base Section No. 2. Since the date of your reporting to this office in July, 1918, your services have been characterized by a sense of devotion to duty, responsibility and loyalty combined with skill as an administrator and as a professional man.

Your work as sanitary inspector at Camp Hunt, as commanding officer of Camp Hospital, No. 29, and as attending surgeon Headquarters Base Section No. 2, has been highly satisfactory in every respect and has brought credit upon you and upon the medical department as well.

"I trust that your career in civil life will be marked by the same success which has characterized your work in Base Section No. 2.

Very sincerely yours,
HENRY C. COBURN, JR.

FROM JUDGE ADVOCATE.

April 19, 1919.

From: Lt.-Colonel J. Y. Brinton, J. A.,
To: Lt.-Colonel J. G. Towne, M. C., Attending Surgeon.

Subject: Appreciation of services.

1. The Claims Department has submitted to me for approval records of investigation in the matter of the claims of Commandant Flye-Saint-Marie and the Comte de Mouzabert, and has called to my attention the very valuable and skillful examinations and the excellent reports rendered by you in these cases, and which resulted in the saving to the Army of some 50,000 francs. The Department has also reminded me of the frequency with which in other cases you have rendered similar services.

2. May I take this occasion of expressing to you on behalf of my department, its appreciation not only of the skill and efficiency with which you have rendered these services, but of the more than courteous and generous manner in which you have given them. No one appreciates better than I do how pressing your other duties have been, and my department would not have called upon you for aid had it been possible to secure anything like the same results elsewhere. Without indulging in invidious distinctions, the assistance which you have given..."
The Colby Alumnus

has been by far the most effective that has been received from medical authorities in this Base Section, and it is desired that you should know how thoroughly it has been appreciated. Quite apart from the professional thoroughness of your work the human viewpoint and the knowledge of human nature which you have brought to these cases have been of a kind to render your assistance of very exceptional value.

JASPER Y. BRINTON,
Lt.-Colonel, Judge Advocate.
R. R. & C. Officer.

Such is the enviable record of another loyal Colby man.

Of the Majors and Captains more will be said at another time. It is a splendid list to read over and talk about.

There has recently come into my hands a private letter written by A. Rosamond, O. C., No. 3 Company, under date of November 7, 1916, telling of the death of the first Colby man to die in the Great War. This was Murray Alexander Morgan, of the class of 1915. He enlisted in the Canadian Army, the Princess Patricia, and long before other Colby men had even dreamed that they were to fight the enemy of mankind had fallen at Verdun, on June 3, 1916, possibly the first college man of Maine to give up his life for the freedom of the world. This personal letter, which I was permitted to copy, bears eloquent testimony to Morgan’s bravery:

"Private Murray A. Morgan was shot through the head on the evening of the 3d of June (1916) and died instantly.

He was a good soldier, and a great loss to his Company. I regret I cannot give you any further particulars except that he died bravely with his face to the enemy."

Appended are a few letters (a few out of hundreds) received by President Roberts and by me from Colby men in service. They are given here (and more will be given in subsequent issues) as matters of record, to be read in the years to come as valuable side-lights on the Great War which is even now fast coming to be a memory:

(From 1st. Lt. Hugh S. Pratt, ’17.)
Am. Ex Forces, France.
315 Inf.,
February 28, 1919.

I desire to acknowledge your letter of November 11th, addressed to the Colby boys in the service. I read its newy pages with a great deal of interest, and felt no small measure of pride as I thought of Colby’s share in the War. Reading your clear and concise story of Colby’s war activities at home, and recalling at the same time Professor Libby’s long list of Colby men in the service, together with those names I had seen in Honor Roll and those Colby faces I had actually seen in France, I was struck with the idea of the large contribution my Alma Mater had made. It seemed that she had given more than her just share.

Perhaps it may be of interest to you
to hear of the different Colby men I have chanced to meet since I arrived over-seas. Less than two weeks after I landed in France, I met Holley, '17, the colored boy. I was mighty glad to see him, and after a warm hand-shake, we chatted for five or ten minutes. He was at the same school that I was at Gondrecourt, France, and was taking a course in signal work, in which branch of air service he had enlisted as a Private. About two weeks later, while at Neuchatau on a visit I was surprised by seeing Leon Herring, '16, drive by with a car full of officers—these officers looked like generals, but in spite of their rank Leon, on seeing me, could not refrain a cordial wave of the hand. Later I met him in Nice, with young Hill, ex-'18, both being there on seven days' leave. While spending a few restful days in a Casual camp at St. Aiguan, Ellingwood, ex-'18, called on Lattin and me. He had been gassed at Chateau-Thierry, and was then awaiting orders to return to the states. I was in Paris when President Wilson made his memorable entrance into the city, and while there I bumped into "Vergie" Murch, '15, then an officer in the Ordnance Department, stationed at Paris. Several weeks later I ran into G. W. Perry, '14, at the "Gare de l’Est," Paris. He had just taken off his aviation insignia and had once more donned the Y. M. C. A. garb. He said he had flown over the front several times and returned without a scratch. He looked healthy and happy. Harvey Bourne, ex-'19, was the next and latest Colby man I have met. He is stationed near Toul, in a tent camp, and I ran into him at a Red Cross entertainment near there. He is a member of the 23rd Engineers (Railway).

A few days ago, while visiting an American cemetery near Toul, I came upon a grave marked "J. A. Stowell, Musc. (meaning musician) Hqrs. Co., 103rd Inf." I wonder if it was not the grave of Arthur Stowell, Colby, ex-'18 or '19, who used to play cornet in the Glee Club and whose name I saw in one of the casualty lists some months ago!

(From Mus. C. A. Rollins, '17.)
Somewhere in France, October 3, 1918.

The last Alumnus caught me just after we had enjoyed an all-night hike through mud knee-deep, rain in torrents, and sundry compliments from our Boche neighbor on the other side of the street—the street named "Rue de Personne!" You may imagine that I appreciated that messenger from another world then especially.

When I was called by Uncle Sam, five other Colby men were blown in by the same draft. I lost them at Fort Slocum. Now I find that they are very near me; their addresses tell me that—coming via the Alumnus. I shall try to see them.
France is a beautiful country all right; she is on the wrong side of the Atlantic though American soldiers are kings here! The pretty demoiselles don their best smiles for us; the shop-keepers boost their prices to the maximum for us; our hosts and hostesses simply cannot do enough for us.

Of course the language is somewhat of a bother, but I am getting along astonishingly well. I have even done time as an interpreter and escaped alive. Also several poor girls over here have received letters from me written in—what was meant for French—each letter signed by one of my comrades. They do their love-making by proxy. I'm planning to continue professionally in the business.

Some of the correspondence discovers perfect gems. Many of the French girls put in only such English words as they are sure of; some daring ones attempt a whole letter in English. A comrade of mine got a sweet note from a fair Française beginning with what she thought was "Mon cher petit ami!" she wrote, "My expensive small friend!" And the letter proper—it wasn't proper—was an unconscious masterpiece in the choice of words. You see there are compensations!

It is wonderful what an exhaustless fund of moral courage the French have. Nothing can break their hearts or make them morose. The mistress of the billet was showing me photographs of her soldier-son a captain at 25, dead three years later at a hospital in Paris—and that was three years ago. She showed me his sword. At almost every billet I talk with some mother or father of dead sons. And always they seem content!

Yet it is not America! We shall not be sorry when our task is done, and we come back to other fields of saner conflict.

(From Harold A. Osgood, '19.)

Univ. of Caen, France.
March 14, 1919.

I wish to thank you for sending the letter of credit, and especially for your "Best wishes." The credits were sufficient to enter upon. I am the only Colby man here, Hussey having gone to the University of Rennes and Goodrich, I believe, to Portiers.

Caen is a large, attractive city of 100,000 population. With the exception of Rouen, it is the largest in Normandy. It is named "La Ville de Cloches" and well deserves the name. The two most interesting of its churches are St. Etienne or "L'Abbaye aux Hommes" built by William the Conqueror in 1066, and "St. Julien" or "L'Abbaye aux Dames" built, or founded rather by his wife Queen Mathelda, in 1088. There are many other most interesting Cathedrals and
buildings, but it would take a volume to describe them.

Our courses at the University are all in French, and naturally difficult at first, but they become easier every day. I am taking a very interesting course in Norman architecture and sculpture, besides two French literature courses, two History courses and phonetics. Time is precious, therefore, and every minute can be used to great advantage.

We find the French students here far different from our comrade “Poilus” of the trenches. These men are excellent students, and perfect gentlemen. Then we have nearly a hundred Serbian students. There are only a hundred French students, too. Out of 300 men of the University over half have been killed and 90% wounded. Truly we Americans cannot realize the tragedy of four years war as the French do. Nearly every woman wears either full mourning or a sleeve band.

Our courses are to last until July. Then if we are fortunate we will sail for home. I wish I could be there to see the class of 1919 graduate. Now I suppose I must accustom myself to saying “1921!” For I am looking forward to returning to Colby in September.

(From Wallace G. Hastings, ’18.)

Chemical Warfare Service,
A. P. O. 706, France.
Sept. 18, 1918.

Your letter arrived when I was on the jump from one lily-pad to another in the attempt to gain access to the shore of rest which was successfully attained after a week of such maneuvering. No sooner had I become eager from those movements when I received an order of transfer to this comparatively new branch of service which took me away from the sources of data I wished to get concerning Arthur Stowell. However, I have succeeded in collecting the minor details surrounding his death in so far as was possible and hope they will be adequate for your use.

Four o’clock Sunday morning, June 16th, the Boches sent over a terrific barrage on the region of Bouconville, Xivray, and Rambucourt,—Toul sector. It was an overcast morning slightly foggy as though the atmosphere were gaseous, in fact there was some gas for an alarm was sounded at 4.15 A.M., in the town where I stayed. During this intense bombardment several were becoming casualties, necessitating an increased number of litter-bearers to bring in the wounded to a dressing station not far in the rear.

An infantryman, courier, came into the dressing station where the litter-bearing section from the Band awaited orders. Musicians were detailed as litter-bearers whenever the infantry held a front line position in addition to those detailed from the various companies. The courier offered to guide some bearers out to “No Man’s Land” where some of the badly

THREE SERVICE MEN FROM ONE FAMILY—SONS OF W. W. PERRY, ’72

JAMES PERRY, ’11
Secretary Y. M. C. A.

LT. G. W. PERRY, ’14
Aviation

CORP. J. G. PERRY, ’18
Field Artillery
wounded lay. Corp. H. of the Band known as "Skinny," called for volunteers. Artie spoke up unhesitatingly, "I'll go with you, Skinny." Grabbing a medical round-about in his anxious haste he almost forgot to take a litter! He struck out with the Corp. and two other men but was missed by the others soon after they had left the station. Artie had gone ahead. He was dressing a wounded man when a large shell burst a few yards in back of him wounding him just above the ankle of the left foot. He struck out with the oro. and two other men but was mislaid by the others soon after they had left the station. Artie had gone ahead. He was dressing a wounded man when a large shell burst a few yards in back of him wounding him just above the ankle of the left foot. He applied first-aid to himself, a tourniquet being necessary in the dressing, and continued to work on the wounded comrade with remarkable persistency and faithfulness to duty. Soon another shell burst in back of him landing near the hole made by the former. The second fractured his thigh (left) and upper left arm. An infantryman litter-bearer, came into the dressing station with a patient reporting a wounded Red Cross man lying out in the field who refused to be brought in until the other wounded man whom he had dressed had first been carried in.

It was 5.30, break of day, when Artie was brought in to the dressing station where first aid for the fractures was administered. He was conscious every moment. The boys who dressed him with care, said that he displayed remarkable grit for he was in almost unbearable pain from the fracture. One of the first questions he asked when brought in to the dressing station was:

"Where's Skinny? Is he all right?"

"Dress me up as quick as you can so I can get back with the boys," was his wish of the boys working over him. What wonderful spirit for one to show in such a physical state!

Here's Artie as nearly everyone knew him, with his dry wit. While the boys were working over him the Boche shells in close order landed not far from them.

"That's the second one near home," remarked one of the wearers of the Red Cross.

"Yes, but it takes the third to get a man," concluded Artie.

In three-quarters of an hour his wounds were dressed and he was brought in at Bambucourt at 6.30 A.M., where he received a surgeon's treatment and was placed on the first ambulance to leave that morning for a Base Hospital in the rear. All who saw him at the ambulance have remarked of his unusual fortitude.

From the time he left in an ambulance until his death, succumbing on the operating table at Evacuation Hosp. No. 1, Toul, early in the afternoon of the same day, Sunday, June 16, nothing is to be learned because of the rush of incoming wounded to this hospital. Raymond, his brother, and I went to Toul June 19, where he was buried which is, by the way, near Major Lufberry's resting place.

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In order to secure the $125,000 offered by the General Education Board we must raise $125,000 more before June first, 1920. Every dollar contributed now counts twice: it brings with it a dollar from the General Education Board.
COLBY'S HONOR ROLL

Corrected up to July 1, 1919. Abbreviations: I—Infantry; C—Cavalry; C.
A.—Coast Artillery; F. A.—Field Artillery; A.—Aviation; S.—Staff; N—Navy.
"The mobile fighting forces of the Army consist in the main of three arms, the
Infantry, the Field Artillery, and the Cavalry". "The Coast Artillery is a branch of
the army distinct from the Field Artillery". "In addition to the
fighting arms of the United States Army
are branches known as 'The Staff'", such
as Quartermaster Corps, Medical Depart-
ment, Engineer Corps, Ordinance Depart-
ment, Signal Corps.

IMPORTANT NOTICE: Inasmuch as this list will be
used in the forthcoming Colby Album, any corrections
should be reported immediately.

UNDERGRADUATES.

CLASS OF 1920.

Pvt. W. N. Baxter, N.
Cadet R. O. Brinkman, N.
Pvt. P. L. Brooks, S.
Pvt. C. A. Brown, S.
Pvt. C. G. Brownville, S.
Sea. E. W. Bucknam, N.
2d. Lt. E. E. Buse, I.
Sea. J. H. Claffie, N.
Ens. A. D. Colby, N.
Sea. C. H. Conley, N.
Sea. D. M. Crook, N.
Pvt. W. W. Cross, S.
Sea. A. R. Daviau, N.
Pvt. W. C. Dudley, I.
Pvt. H. A. Emery, F. A.
Sea. 2-c. G. L. Evans, N.
2d. Lt. E. W. Events, I.
Pvt. R. B. Fagan, I.
Pvt. E. Fahey, I.
Pvt. M. W. Fraser, A.
Corp. R. L. Giroux, S.
Sea. M. C. Hamer, N.
Pvt. L. W. Holbrook, I.
Sgt. C. B. Johnson, F. A.
2d. Lt. J. O. Johnson, F. A.
Sea. C. B. Kelloch, N.
Sgt. A. LaFleur, A.
Sea. J. E. Little, N.
Sea. R. F. Lord, N.
Sea. A. R. Mills, N.
Pvt. C. A. Mitchell, S.
Pvt. 1-c. L. R. Morse, I.
Corp. H. S. Phillips, A.
Sea. O. K. Porter, N.
Sea. A. M. Polte, N.
Pvt. A. F. Richardson, A.
Pvt. E. A. Rockwell, I.
Sea. R. H. Sturtevant, N.
Inst. A. T. Sturtevant, N.
Pvt. L. B. Titcomb, S.
Sea. H. T. Urie, N.
Sea. C. E. Vigue, N.
Pvt. S. D. Wentworth, S.
Pvt. 1-c. H. C. White, I.

CLASS OF 1921.

Sea. S. Ayer, N.
Sea. P. H. Bailey, N.
Sea. C. L. Brown, N.
Mids. R. Burleigh, N.
Pvt. H. Cyr, S.
Sea. H. Good, N.
Pvt. A. J. Golder, S.
Sea. P. L. Hanscom, N.
Pvt. P. B. Kibler, N.
Sea. J. P. Leffler, N.
Sea. E. W. McCrackin, N.
2d. Lt. R. A. Mellen, I.
Pvt. B. L. Merrill, S.
Pvt. E. C. Niles, I.
Sea. C. Peasee, N.
Sea. J. F. Waterman, N.
Cad. A. Young, A.

GRADUATES AND FORMER STUDENTS.

2d. Lt. S. B. Abbott, '16, I.
Corp. E. S. Adams, '18, S.
Pvt. P. E. Alden, '18, I.
Ens. A. W. Allen, '16, N.
Pvt. S. Allen, '20, C. A.
Pvt. C. V. Anderson, '19, N.
2d. Lt. W. B. Arnold, '19, A.
Lt. D. W. Ashley, '15, N.
Sgt. J. C. Ashworth, '19, I.
Ch. B-M. A. Atwood, '16, N.
Pvt. C. M. Bailey, '19, N.
Pvt. C. M. Bailey, '18, N.
Sgt. H. R. Bailey, '18, F. A.
2d. Lt. H. H. Barker, '16, S.
1st. Lt. C. Barnard, '14, I.
Pvt. D. S. Bartlett, '16, S.
Pvt. D. Baum, '13, F. A.
Pvt. G. L. Beach, '13, I.
Pvt. M. L. Beverage, '19, S.
Pvt. L. L. Black, '19, S.
Pvt. C. F. Benson, '16, S.
1st. Lt. W. F. Berry, Jr., '16, I.
2d. Lt. A. F. Bickford, '16, F. A.
Major S. Bisbee, '13, I.
Pvt. S. G. Blackinton, '16, S.
Pvt. W. J. Blades, '17, C. A.
Corp. F. D. Blanchard, '19, S.
2d. Lt. A. W. Blake, '11, S.
Major C. Blanck, '12, S.
Pvt. H. A. Bourne, '19, S.
Sgt. R. C. Blunt, '17, I.
Pvt. H. G. Boardman, '18, I.
Pvt. A. S. Boutin, '14, I.
2d. Lt. R. H. Bowen, '14, A.
2d. Lt. L. R. Bowles, '13, I.
Pvt. R. A. Brannhall, '15, I.
Sea. E. E. Bressett, '21, N.
2d. Lt. R. C. Bridges, '11, I.
Pvt. J. F. Brophy, '14, I.
Ensl. D. G. Jacobs, '18, N.
2d. Lt. F. A. James, '15, I.
2d. Lt. R. Q. Janes, '15, I.
Mus. R. E. Johnson, '14, S.
2d. Lt. C. M. Joly, '16, S.
Pvt. C. H. Jones, '15, S.
Pvt. F. H. Jones, '14, I.
Pvt. W. E. Jones, '12, S.
1st. Lt. T. F. Joyce, '17, I.
Pvt. G. L. Judkins, '16, S.
2d. Lt. W. H. Kelsey, '15, C. A.
Elec. J. P. Kennedy, '13, N.
Pvt. H. L. Kilgore, '09, S.
Pvt. R. J. Kimball, '16, C. A.
Lt. (J. G.) A. H. Knight, '14, N.
Pvt. J. A. Klain, '19, I.
Sea. J. A. Knox, '19, N.
Sgt. D. S. Knowlton, '16, S.
2d. Lt. C. A. LaBelle, '17, S.
Pvt. J. R. LaFleur, '15, I.
Sgt. E. P. Lander, '12, S.
Pvt. W. J. Larkin, '16, I.
Pvt. A. H. Lary, '15, S.
Surg. J. G. Larson, '02, S.
1st. Lt. N. D. Lattin, '18, I.
Ens. G. E. Leeds, '17, N.
Ens. C. J. Lessure, '17, N.
Pvt. T. A. Levine, '17, S.
Sea. 1-c. H. F. Libby, '20, N.
2d. Lt. P. B. Libby, '18, I.
1st. Lt. E. C. Lincoln, '06, I.
2d. Lt. J. C. Lindsay, '06, S.
Ens. A. C. Little, '17, N.
Ens. C. B. Lord, '15, N.
Brig.-Genl. H. M. Lord, '84, S.
1st. Lt. E. P. Lowell, '16, I.
Pvt. J. F. Lowney, '16, I.
2d. Lt. I. D. Love, '19, I.
Pvt. P. D. Lovett, '17, S.
2d. Lt. R. P. Luce, '15, A.
Pvt. H. T. Lucey, '18, S.
Capt. R. S. MacNear, '94, S.
Pvt. F. W. Marriner, '17, I.
Pvt. J. A. Marquis, '13, S.
Pvt. W. B. Marston, '16, S.
Pvt. F. S. Martin, '16, S.
Sea. R. A. Matthews, '18, N.
Bugler G. R. MacCarthy, '19, I.
1st Lt. A. W. Maddocks, '19, S.
Pvt. E. L. McCormack, '19, S.
Sea. J. E. May, '12, N.
Ens. H. B. McIntyre, '18, N.
2d. Lt. H. G. McKay, '16, S.
2d. Lt. A. F. McKim, '18, I.
Sgt. Maj. J. E. McMahon, '15, S.
Pvt. J. A. McNulty, '18, S.
2d. Lt. W. H. Meanix, '16, I.
Sgt. A. B. Merriam, '12, S.
Sea. P. Miller, '19, N.
2d. Lt. R. J. Miranda, '19, I.
2d. Lt. S. B. Miller, '14, I.
Pvt. C. R. Mills, '15, S.
2d. Lt. G. E. Moore, '14, I.
2d. Lt. H. C. M. Morse, '14, C. A.
Pvt. A. T. Moulton, '16, S.
2d. Lt. L. F. Murch, '15, S.
2d. Lt. L. K. Murchie, '16, F. A.
Pvt. F. P. Murphy, '15, S.
Sgt. R. E. Nash, '11, C. A.
2d. Lt. H. L. Newman, '18, F. A.
Corp. R. L. Newton, '18, I.
Sgt. A. C. Niles, '15, S.
Pvt. N. L. Nourse, '19, I.
Pvt. C. Nutter, '17, I.
2d. Lt. H. W. Nutting, '14, A.
Pvt. H. A. Osgood, '19, S.
Corp. D. T. O'Leary, '18, I.
Sea. A. J. O'Neill, '16, N.
Pvt. H. O'Neill, '18, S.
Pvt. R. H. Parker, '18, A.
Sgt. A. H. Patterson, '18, S.
Pvt. W. M. Payson, '14, I.
Sea. L. D. Patterson, '15, N.
2d. Lt. C. E. Pease, '10, F. A.
Pvt. W. R. Pedersen, '19, S.
Sea. E. J. Perry, '19, N.
Major H. L. Pepper, '06, I.
2d. Lt. J. L. Pepper, '89, S.
Col. F. Perkins, '80, S.
Pvt. C. H. Perkins, '17, I.
Corp. J. G. Perry, '18, F. A.
2d. Lt. G. W. Perry, '14, A.
Pvt. A. Perry, '16, A.
Inst. M. A. Philbrook, '18, N.
Col. C. N. Phillips, '78, C. A.
1st. Lt. C. H. Piebes, '18, A.
Capt. C. H. Pierce, '11, C. A.
Pvt. F. A. Pottle, '17, S.
1st. Lt. H. S. Pratt, '17, I.
2d. Lt. G. S. Pratt, '17, I.
2d. Lt. G. W. Pratt, '14, A.
Sgt. E. Prince, '18, A.
Corp. G. W. Putnam, '16, I.
Pvt. H. P. Ramsdell, '15, N.
Corp. B. M. Ramney, '18, I.
2d. Lt. C. G. Reed, '13, I.
Corp. E. H. Reid, '17, I.
Pvt. H. C. Reynolds, '12, I.
Ens. T. J. Reynolds, '14, N.
Pvt. J. C. Richardson, '11, S.
Ens. C. S. Richardson, '17, N.
1st. Lt. I. W. Richey, '10, S.
Pvt. M. P. Roberts, '13, I.
Elec. A. H. Robbins, '16, N.
2d. Lt. A. F. Robinson, '18, I.
Mus. C. W. Robinson, '18, N.
Pvt. H. L. Robinson, '18, S.
Pvt. D. G. Roby, '12, I.
1st. Lt. A. R. Rogers, '17, I.
Mus. C. A. Rollins, '17, I.
Pvt. J. K. Romeyn, '14, I.
Pvt. H. N. Roundy, '19, A.
Pvt. F. W. Rowell, '14, A.
Pvt. F. M. Royal, '18, I.
Pvt. R. T. Royal, '19, A.
1st. Lt. E. A. Russell, '15, A.
2d. Lt. E. R. Scribner, '17, I.
Pvt. J. E. Shepherd, '14, I.
Pvt. C. J. Sharp, '13, I.
Mach.-M. P. N. R. Shailer, '16, N.
1st. Lt. C. E. G. Shannon, '99, S.
Capt. A. Shaunton, '16, S.
Pvt. A. G. Sanders, '19, S.
Pvt. B. L. Seekins, '19, I.
Lt. (J. G.) W. E. Small, '19, N.
Sgt. L. A. Shea, '17, S.
Capt. A. E. Shirley, '19, F. A.
Pvt. E. C. Simpson, '16, S.
Pvt. A. E. Skillings, '17, F. A.
Sgt. G. R. Skillin, '18, S.
Capt. C. P. Small, '86, S.
Pvt. H. A. Small '15, I.
Sea. C. A. H. Smith, '18, N.
Corp. W. B. Smith, '17, S.
Chap. C. V. Smith, '15.
Lt. (J. G.) R. N. Smith, '17, A.
Pvt. R. W. Smith, '18, A.
Ch. Yeo. V. G. Smith, '18, N.
2d. Lt. G. W. Snow, '13, A.
Pvt. S. Soule, '13, A.
Ens. H. R. Speare, '19, A.
Ens. R. L. Sprague, '18, N.
2d. Lt. O. P. Stacey, '13, A.
Pvt. L. P. Stanley, '14, S.
2d. Lt. S. D. Staples, '16, S.
Pvt. N. L. Stevens, '16, I.
Pvt. N. F. Stevens, '17, I.
Capt. O. C. Stevens, '13, C. A.
Pvt. J. W. Stinson, '19, S.
Pvt. H. R. Struthers, '16, I.
2d. Lt. L. C. Sturtivant, '12, A.
Sea. J. G. Sussman, '19, N.
Sgt. G. F. Sweet, '19, I.
Pharm.-M. F. A. Tarbox, '17, S.
Capt. C. H. Taylor, '16, S.
Ens. T. D. Taylor, '19, N.
Pvt. L. I. Thayer, '16, S.
Sgt. L. K. Thomas, '18, I.
Ens. M. R. Thompson, '17, N.
Eng. P. A. Thompson, '18, N.
Pvt. R. R. Thompson, '15, S.
1st. Lt. P. L. Thorne, '07, F. A.
1st. Lt. B. B. Tibbetts, '12, C. A.
Pvt. V. H. Tooker, '19, N.
2d. Lt. O. L. Totman, '18, I.
Sgt. D. P. Tozier, '19, S.
Lt. Col. J. G. Towne, '99, S.
Capt. C. M. Tracy, '19, S.
Pvt. W. A. Tracy, '14, I.
2d. Lt. L. S. Trask, '09, S.
Pvt. E. F. Tucker, '18, S.
Pvt. W. W. Trefethen, '17, A.
Surg. H. A. Tribou, '08, N.
Pvt. S. G. Twichell, '19, I.
Mus. F. C. VanAllen, '19, N.
Capt. H. E. Walker, '06, F. A.
2d. Lt. F. D. Walker, '11, N.
Corp. S. M. Wallace, '18, S.
Capt. I. N. Waldron, '17, C.
Pvt. J. Ware, '18, S.
Pvt. N. Weg, '17, S.
Pvt. H. A. Weir, '14, I.
Eng. M. M. Weisman, '19, N.
1st. Lt. H. N. Welch, '13, F. A.
2d. Lt. J. Wells, '13, S.
1st. Lt. E. L. Wenz, '17, A.
Corp. R. W. Weston, '15, I.
Pvt. R. E. Whelden, '17, S.
Sgt. A. P. Whipple, '15, S.
Pvt. A. L. Whittemore, '12, I.
Sgt. P. G. Whittemore, '17, F. A.
1st. Lt. G. R. Whitten, '19, F. A.
Pvt. R. C. Whitney, '18, I.
2d. Lt. S. E. Whitten, '08, S.
2d. Lt. A. R. Willard, '15, I.
Sgt. R. H. Williams, '15, S.
2d. Lt. G. A. Wilson, Jr., '98, I.
1st. Lt. W. Winslow, N.
2d. Lt. C. H. Witham, '13, S.
Major C. H. Withersh, '01, S.
Pvt. F. N. Wood, '18, I.
Sgt. J. J. Wright, '17, C. A.
Pvt. J. C. Wriston, '19, I.
Pvt. C. O. Wyllie, '16, F. A.
Pvt. E. A. Wyman, '18, I.
2d. Lt. E. L. Wyman, '14, I.
2d. Lt. S. P. Wyman, '19, F. A.
Sgt. L. E. Young, '17, I.
2d. Lt. R. C. Young, '15, I.

ENLISTED MEN IN THE S. A. T. C., COLBY.

CLASS OF 1919.

Pvt. Harold E. Brakewood.
Sgt. Arthur F. Scott.
Corp. William B. West.

CLASS OF 1920.

Sgt. John W. Brush.
Corp. Alfred L. Fraas.
Corp. Curtis H. R. Hatch.
Corp. Merle F. Lowery.
Corp. Guy E. Rouse.
Pvt. Thaddeus F. Tilton.
Pvt. Robert E. Wilkins.

CLASS OF 1921.

Sgt. Ernest A. Adams.
Corp. Harold L. Baldwin.
Corp. Walter D. Berry.
Sgt. Stanley R. Black.
Pvt. Ralph C. Bradley.
Sgt. C. L. Brown.
Pvt. Abel Brudno.
Pvt. William E. Burgess.
Pvt. Robert D. Conary.
Sgt. Leslie H. Cook.
Pvt. Maurice E. Coughlin.
Sgt. Clark Drummond.
Corp. Fred H. Eastman.
Sgt. Bernard E. Esters.
Corp. William P. Hancock.
Corp. Louis R. Goodwin.
Corp. Isaiah M. Hodges.
Pvt. Frank J. Hois.
Pvt. Lewis Levine.
Sgt. Harold C. Marden.
Corp. Wayne W. McNally.
THE FOUR ASSISTANT INSTRUCTORS IN COLBY S. A. T. C.

2d LT. J. J. RUPERT
Colby S. A. T. C.

2d LT. F. M. WANAMAKER
Colby S. A. T. C.

2d LT. L. H. REED
Colby S. A. T. C.

2d LT. H. S. ACKEN
Colby S. A. T. C.

Pvt. William J. Pollock.
Pvt. Libby Pulsifer.
Corp. Willard A. Seamans.
Pvt. Donald A. Shaw.
Pvt. Albert G. Snow.
Pvt. Phil T. Somerville.
Sgt. Raymond H. Spinney.
Corp. Joel E. Taylor.

Pvt. Samuel Wolman.

CLASS OF 1922.
Pvt. Asa C. Adams.
Pvt. Ashley D. Bickmore.
LIST OF COLBY MEN ENGAGED IN RELIGIOUS, EDUCATIONAL, RELIEF, ATHLETIC AND LIBRARY ASSOCIATION WORK.

Abbreviations: Y—Y. M. C. A.; E—Educational; R—Red Cross; A—Athletic; L—Library.

G. A. Andrews, '92, Y.
R. A. Bakeman, '01, Y.
C. W. Bradley, '08, Y.
H. S. Campbell, '15, Y.
I. L. Cleveland, '13, Y.
A. S. Colc, '96, Y.
E. H. Cotton, '05, Y.
W. N. Donovan, '92, Y.
L. W. Dunn, '07, Y.
V. V. Dyer, '15, Y.
E. L. Getchell, '96, Y.
W. H. Holmes, '97, E.
F. C. Foster, '16, Y.
H. A. Eaton, '15, E.
P. W. Hussey, '13, R.
Major F. W. Johnson, E.
V. R. Jones, '08, Y.
R. H. Lord, '12, Y.
J. M. Maxwell, '10, Y.
M. B. O'Brien, '16, Y.
A. F. Palmer, '90, Y.
J. Perry, '11, Y.
J. B. Pugsley, '05, A.
2d. Lt. N. E. Robinson, '15, Y.
F. A. Shepherd, '11, Y.
H. R. Spencer, '99, Y.
Capt. C. W. Spencer, '90, E.

RAYMOND H. BLADES, '22, S. A. T.I.C.
Died in Waterville, Nov. 28, 1918
The Colby Alumnus

E. R. Steeves, '16, Y.
E. F. Stevens, '89, L.
G. F. Sturtevant, Y.
G. W. Thomas, '03, Y.
W. C. Wheeler, '97, E.
J. D. Whittier, '09, E.
A. Young, '13, Y.
I. W. West, Y.
W. L. Waters, '95.

COLBY MEN ENGAGED IN CHEMICAL WARFARE SERVICE.

C. L. Haskell, '12.
1st Lt. J. W. Kimball, '12.
Corp. W. A. Mooers, '14.
W. M. Rand, '16.
W. C. Washburn, '03.

HIGH ARMY AND NAVY OFFICERS AMONG COLBY MEN.

Brigadier-General.

Herbert M. Lord, '84, (S).
Colonel.

O. W. B. Farr, '92, (I).
F. Perkins, '80, (I).
C. L. Phillips, '78, (I).

Lieutenant-Colonel.

J. E. Hatch, '08, (I).
J. G. Towne, '99, (S).

Major.

S. Bisbee, '13, (I).
C. Blance, '12, (S).
F. W. Johnson, '91, (S).
C. H. Witherell, '01, (S).

Captain.

J. F. Choate, '19, (I).
J. E. Cochran, '80, (S).
E. P. Craig, '06, (A).

E. H. Davis, '14, (I).
R. H. Gallier, '18, (C).
W. P. Hayes, '18, (C).
A. G. Hurd, '92, (S).
C. H. Pierce, '11, (C).
A. Shaw, '09, (S).
C. P. Small, '86, (S).
O. C. Stevens, '13, (I).
H. E. Walker, '06, (I).
I. N. Waldron, '17, (C).

LIST OF COLBY DEAD IN THE GREAT WAR.

George Glenwood Watson, '17, December 29, 1917.
Herbert Henry Fletcher, '19, April 6, 1918.
Harry Lindsey Curtis, '12.
Henry Leslie Eddy, '17, June 4, 1918.
John Arthur Stowell, '18, June 16, 1918.
Henry B. Pratt, Jr., '18, July 19, 1918.
Charles Alton Sturtevant, '97, September 23, 1918.
Elvin Leslie Allen, '01.
Edward Elvin Washburn, '12.
George N. Bourque, '18, September 26, 1918.
William Augustine Weeden, '12, October 2, 1918.
Hugh Kelley, '21, November 22, 1918.
Raymond Howard Blades, '22, November 28, 1918.
Joseph Avery Besse, '19, December 24, 1918.
Carleton Merrill Bliss, '18, November 14, 1918.
Harold Burton Taft, '16, Reported Missing.
Norman Jesse Merrill, '14, February 7, 1919.

THE COLBY WAR ALBUM

The Colby War Album containing the pictures of four or five hundred Colby men who served in the Great War will be issued during the summer months and will be ready for distribution and sale at the opening of the college year. Colby men who have returned from overseas and the camps still have an opportunity to send their pictures to the ALUMNUS in season for their appearance in the Album. This is an important notice.

Of course a hundred dollar Liberty Bond counts more towards the Half Million than a fifty dollar one. Cannot you just as well spare it?
TENTATIVE PROGRAM OF EXERCISES FOR THE
CENTENNIAL CELEBRATION OF THE
COLLEGE, JUNE 26-30, 1920

To Colby Men and Women:

The Celebration of the 100th Anniversary of the founding of our College, is to be held on Saturday, Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday, June 26-30, 1920.

The following preliminary announcement is made at this time that all graduates and former students of the College may know the date of the Centennial Celebration and a little about the character of the exercises. Obviously, the program cannot at this time be given in full. It is impossible for instance, to give here a complete list of the distinguished speakers who will be heard in important addresses during the days of the Celebration. But the order of exercises will undoubtedly stand as here first presented. The twenty-two sub-committees, having charge of special features of the Celebration, and presently to be named, will each announce within a few weeks just what plans will be made to make each feature of important interest.

As loyal Colby men and women, who are now interested in seeing the College properly celebrate its 100 years of increasing worth, you are well aware that no celebration can be a success without the cooperation and attendance of large numbers of Colby's sons and daughters. You are asked therefore—a personal request from your Committee—to be ready when called upon to do your full part. Among other things, we respectfully ask that you Give Prompt Answers to All Letters. You will receive announcements, requiring acknowledgments, from various Committees. For instance, the Committee on Attendance will need to know whether you are to be present, and for how many days; your Class Secretary will want to know if you can be counted upon for the reunion; the Committee on Alumnae and Alumni Lunch will need to know if you are to be present; and the Committee on Fraternity and Sorority Reunions will need answers to their letters. Therefore, aid the General Committee by replying immediately to all requests of the sub-committees. Again, we urge you strongly to plan now to attend at least part of the Celebration. Your quick decision in the matter will encourage your classmate to a like decision. It will be a new beginning-time for our College—a birthday, indeed. You will want to hear the President tell the story of raising the Half-Million, and you will certainly want to get back to see all the classmates.

Fuller announcements will be made in due time. Suggestions will be gladly received by the Committee.

Yours for the Centennial's Success!

HERBERT C. LIBBY, '02, Chairman, Waterville.
WOODMAN BRADBURY, '87, Newton Center, Mass.
NORMAN L. BASSETT, '91, Augusta.
REX W. DODGE, '06, Portland.
REUBEN W. DUNN, '68, Waterville.
PROGRAM OF EXERCISES

SATURDAY, JUNE 26, 1920.

8:00 P. M. Junior Prize Exhibition in the First Baptist Church, President Roberts presiding.

SUNDAY, JUNE 27.—Baccalaureate Sunday.

10:30 A. M. Baccalaureate Sermon in the First Baptist Church. Speaker to be announced. Members of the Senior Class will attend in a body.

3:30 P. M. Memorial Services held in the campus auditorium. This service will be in memory of Colby men who have died in the service of their country during the Great War. Speakers to be announced.

8:00 P. M. Phi Beta Kappa Address, held in the campus auditorium. Speaker to be announced. Professor Julian D. Taylor, LL.D., President of the Colby Chapter of Phi Beta Kappa, will preside.

MONDAY, JUNE 28—Undergraduates' Day.

9:00 A. M. College Prayers in the College Chapel. Brief Address by a visiting delegate whose name will be announced.

9:30 A. M. Junior Class Day Exercises in the campus auditorium.

11:00 A. M. Address by the Guest of Honor of the Junior Class whose name will be announced.

12:00 M. Class Spreads on the college campus. Given by the four undergraduate classes and by such other classes as may care to make arrangements to re-union at this time.

1:30 P. M. Meeting of the Board of Trustees in Stearns' Room, Chemical Hall.

2:00 P. M. Band Concert on the campus.

3:30 P. M. Annual meeting of the Phi Beta Kappa Society, Lecture Room, Chemical Hall. Program to be announced.

4:30 P. M. College Sing, held on the college campus. College Musical Clubs will assist. New Colby Song Book will be used.

5:00 P. M. Fraternity and Sorority Reunions. These associations will make special announcements of plans for their reunions.

8:00 P. M. The College Pageant, illustrating the life of the College from earliest days. Held on the college campus.
The Colby Alumnus

TUESDAY, JUNE, 26—Graduates' Day.

9:00 A. M. College Prayers, held in the College Chapel. Brief address by a visiting delegate whose name will be announced.

9:30 A. M. Senior Class Day Exercises in the campus auditorium.

11:00 A. M. Address by the Guest of Honor of the Senior Class whose name will be announced.

12:00 M. Alumni Lunch, held in the campus auditorium. President Roberts will preside. A special list of speakers will be announced later.

Alumnae Lunch, held in the dining room of Foss Hall. Miss Florence E. Dunn, A.B., '96, President of the Alumnae Association, will preside. A special list of speakers will be announced.

4:00 P. M. President's Reception, held in the campus auditorium. Invitations will be extended to all Commencement visitors and to the delegates from other colleges.

9:00 P. M. Torchlight Procession. Arrangements will be made for all classes to participate. Costumes may be engaged for the occasion. The special committee having this in charge will make full announcements later.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 30,—Commencement and Anniversary Day.

9:00 A. M. College Prayers, held in the College Chapel. Brief address by a visiting delegate whose name will be announced.

9:30 A. M. The Procession. All delegates, invited guests, members of the Board of Trustees and the Faculty, graduates and undergraduates are expected to have place in this Procession.

10:00 A. M. Anniversary Address. Speaker to be announced.

Confering of degrees by the President of the College and by the Chairman of the Board of Trustees, first upon the members of the graduating class and then upon those to receive honorary degrees.

Presentation of Delegates.

12:00 M. Reforming of Procession.

1:00 P. M. Anniversary Dinner in the campus auditorium, Chief Justice Leslie C. Cornish, LL.D., '75, presiding. All graduates, former students of the College, delegates and invited guests, will be invited. Reading of congratulatory letters from other institutions. The list of speakers will be announced later.

5:00 P. M. Class Reunions. All classes will be asked to make plans in advance for reunions at this time. A special committee will assist classes in perfecting their plans.

8:00 P. M. Promenade Concert and Illumination of Campus. The general public will be invited.
THE EDMANDS EDUCATORS' EXCHANGE
101 TREMONT STREET, BOSTON, MASS.
Reports great work for Colby alumni, it secured positions for every 1918 graduate it enrolled, the three women it sent to Massachusetts high schools have average salaries of over Eight Hundred Twenty Eight Dollars. Register now, vacancies all through the year. Wanted, women to $1300, men to $2000.

THE CARY TEACHERS' AGENCY
TWO OFFICES IN NEW ENGLAND. ONE FEE REGISTERS IN BOTH OFFICES.
Our business is done by recommendation in answer to direct calls from employers. There is not a day in the year that we do not have desirable positions for which we need suitable candidates.
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GEO. H. LARRABEE, Manager, The Press Bldg., Portland, Maine

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Largest East of Boston
G. W CRAIGIE, Manager
EMMA F. HIGGINS, Asst. Manager

THE MAINE TEACHERS' AGENCY
W. H HOLMAN, LL.B., PED. M., Manager. Merrill Trust Company Bldg., Bangor, Maine.
A Maine agency for Maine Teachers and school officials for 40 years. We specialize in filling positions in secondary schools paying $500 to $2000 per year. This is the largest and oldest teachers' agency in Maine. When in need of a position write us. We can help you as we have helped thousands of others.

HARLAN P. FRENCH, President
WILLARD W. ANDREWS, Secretary
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Supplies Schools and Colleges with Competent Teachers. Assists Teachers in Obtaining Positions
We receive calls for wide-awake and progressive teachers from every State in the Union, and we can certainly be of service to college graduates who wish to teach and who are qualified to do good work.
SEND FOR BULLETIN NOW IS THE TIME TO REGISTER
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28 E. Jackson Blvd. Chicago, Ill.
317 Masonic Temple, Denver, Colo.
514 Journal Building, Portland, Ore.
2161 Shattuck Avenue, Berkeley, Cal.
533 City Bk. Bldg., Los Angeles, Cal.